



## The Patriot and Herald.

THURSDAY, : : DECEMBER 4, 1884.

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### Wind Gardens.

Midway between earth and sky,  
 Where the wild wind gardens lie,  
 Tossing gardens, secret lawers,  
 Full of flowers and a fall of flowers,  
 Wafting down to us below  
 Such a fragrance as we know  
 Never yet had fity or rose  
 That our fairest garden knows,  
 Oh, those gardens, near and far,  
 Where the wild wind fairies are,  
 Though we see not, we can hearken  
 To them when the spring skies darken,  
 Singing of early, singing purely,  
 Songs of far-off Elf-land, surely,  
 And they pluck the wild wind postea,  
 Lilies, violets and roses.  
 Each to each the sweet buds, flinging,  
 Fostering, tending them and singing,  
 The sweet scent, like angel's slings,  
 Finds us even in the city,  
 As we walk, toiling, seek as treasures,  
 Dull earth's disenchanting pleasures  
 Flowers that no mortal measures.

In her breast shall ever wear  
 Flowers to wreath Titania's hair,  
 And to strew her happy way with  
 When she carries some wild fay with  
 Oh, wind gardens, where such songs are,  
 And of flowers such happy throngs are,  
 Through your paths I may not see,  
 Well I know how fair they be,  
 Philip Bourke Marston, in Manhattan.

## Don Bernardo's Wife.

Don Bernardo, the hero of our story, was the only son of a wealthy Spanish nobleman, who resided in the old Moorish capital of Granada. In his young cavalier were united all the graces of manly beauty. Nature had endowed him with a benevolent disposition, an intelligent mind, a tender and romantic heart. At the age of twenty-one his brave and restless spirit led him to Africa's glowing clime in search of adventures among her wild and magnificent mountains, and the lovely and picturesque scenery of the Nile. After beholding the wonders of Egypt, her mighty Pyramids, her splendid ruins, those wondrous relics of departed greatness, he wearied of his rambling life, and longing for home and the sweet orange groves of his native country, returned to Algeria, thence to take passage for Spain.

While waiting in port for a favorable wind, he one day observed a piratical vessel approaching, and suspecting from the appearance of a crew on deck that it was composed of unfortunate captives, curiosity as well as a humane feeling prompted him to go on board. Among these unhappy victims were two young women, whose extraordinary beauty arrested the eyes of Don Bernardo. Though deeply afflicted, the traces of suffering had softened with marriage the exquisite loveliness of their faces. Touched by the sad spectacle, he sought the corsair captain to inquire their history, and learning that they were two young slaves whom he had recently caught and brought to Algeria for sale, the sentiment of pity moved Don Bernardo to ransom them. On ascertaining from the lips of their benefactor that he had saved them from that fate which they had contemplated with horror, the young girls threw themselves at his feet, and with words rendered scarcely audible by intense emotion, expressed their joy and gratitude.

Although they both seemed to be of equal birth, one appeared, from the deference and respect which her companion accorded her to be of superior rank. She seemed to be about thirteen years of age, that period when the sportive graces of the child are blended with the more subdued though not less attractive charms of womanhood. She was as fair as the lily, figure tall and symmetrical, her features of exquisite loveliness, with large, dreamy eyes, long flowing tresses, and a charming grace of movement that united the majesty of the swan with the ethereal lightness of a fairy. The other seemed a few years her senior; her face, though pleasing, strongly contrasted in shade and expression with that of her companion. At first, Don Bernardo, although struck with the beauty and intelligence of the fair young slave, felt for her only that tender regard which her lovely presence and the

interesting circumstances of their meeting natural inspired; but during the voyage these feelings were deepened by the habitual observance of her noble qualities and her modest dependency upon him. Don Bernardo often entertained her with earnest solicitations to tell him her name and country; but this she persistently evaded, only remarking that her name was Constanza and her companion's Isabella, and praying him to permit her to remain silent upon the remainder of her story.

"Let it suffice you," she said, "to know that I am not unworthy of the courteous attentions which you show me and which will one day be recompensed."

When Don Bernardo arrived at his father's castle he presented the two young foreigners to him, relating that he had redeemed them from captivity, nor could he conceal the romantic love which he felt for the beautiful Constanza, nor the wish he entertained to make her his bride.

The stern old gentleman praised his generous behavior, but at the mention of love he frowned severely rebuking his son's madness in wishing to unite himself in marriage with a stranger, whose family and rank were entirely unknown to him.

Several months passed in this painful suspense, the lover by no means dissuaded from his purpose, but impatiently awaiting his father's consent.

At last love conquers; the stern resolve softens before beauty and excellence. With ineffable joy, Don Bernardo hastens to throw himself at the feet of the beautiful Constanza to offer his heart and hand, and solicit her consent to an immediate union.

Alas! what conflicting emotions convulsed the heart of Constanza. The sweet rapture of the consciousness that she is loved by the idol of her fondest dreams, the dread of disclosing her secret, the delicate sense of honor which makes her shrink from longer withholding it from her noble deliverer, fill her heart, by turns, with pleasure and pain.

Surprised by her silence, distressed by her tears, Don Bernardo tenderly inquired:

"Am I deceived, dear Constanza? Has the ardor of my passion assailed thy heart with a love to which it is a stranger?"

Between her convulsive sobs Constanza uttered his fondest hope. The ardent lover, clasping her in his arms exclaimed:

"Constanza, let us forget the past; I care not for history; thy mind is too lofty to conceal a stain. I loved thee when a captive; as my bride, I shall adore thee."

All the exhortations of three years, which Don Bernardo passed in the sweetest conjugal felicity, the interest in his estates called him to Palermo. Painful indeed, was the parting of Don Bernardo with his beloved wife and son. Many tears were shed, many adieus were spoken before he could separate himself from those cherished objects of his heart's devotion.

One day while at Palermo, Don Bernardo was contemplating Constanza's face, which was enclosed in a ring that he wore upon his finger. The earnestness of his gaze attracted the attention of a gentleman belonging to the court, who recognized it as the king's long lost daughter.

The courtier immediately proceeded to the king to communicate this important discovery. The king was greatly agitated, but concealing his emotion, sent to Don Bernardo to request an interview. While apparently interested in conversing with him upon the affair of the Spanish kingdom, the king's eyes had reverted to the ring, which he was examining with intense eagerness.

"Whose image is there represented?" inquired he, sternly.

"It is the portrait of my wife," replied Don Bernardo.

"Where is she?"

"At Granada, with my father."

"What is her name?" he inquired, with evident emotion.

"Donna Constanza."

"Is she Spanish?"

"No your majesty; she is a foreigner."

And Bernardo then related to the king their strange meeting, his purchase of the fair captive, their romantic attachments and subsequent marriage.

The king listened to this account with breathless attention, and without replying, commanded that Don Bernardo should be thrust into prison. At the same time he gave orders that messengers should be sent to Granada to bring Donna Constanza, her son and Isabella to the court of Palermo. Oh, who can describe the consternation of the miserable husband when he saw into what danger his imprudence had plunged his family! Alas! what was the terror of the unhappy Constanza, when, by the order of the king, her own father, she was arrested. And what was the sorrow of the unfortunate old nobleman, when he was thus suddenly deprived of those cherished ones!

When Donna Constanza arrived at Palermo she was immediately conducted before the king. At the first glance of his angry countenance she swooned with terror; but upon the return of consciousness, she threw herself at her father's feet, and said:

"Illustrious sire, I know that I must appear guilty to you, and I wait with submission the effects of your displeasure. But this tender infant and his unfortunate father are innocent, and I pray that they may be spared." And now, revered sire, let your just anger be suspended for a moment I entreat you, until you listen to my story, and you may possibly find me less guilty than I appear.

"You may remember the fatal day that separated your humble daughter from her royal sire. I had your permission to walk with Isabella, in that part of the royal grounds which extends to the border of the sea. It is true that you cautioned me from venturing too near its limits, but the splendor of the sea allured me beyond its gates, and while I stood entranced with the music of the dashing waves, and watching, with bewildering rapture, the glorious sun sink into its magnificent couch, we were suddenly surrounded by a troop of armed men, who seized us, and regardless of our prayers and remonstrances, hurried us on board a ship. The Duke di Barri—the author of this treachery—immediately gave orders for the ship to sail. Soon after our departure the duke appeared before me, to entreat my forgiveness; and sue for my favor; but I swear to you, illustrious sire, that so far from consenting from his sinful flight or extenuating his culpability, I repulsed him with horror and overwhelmed him with scorn and reproaches.

"His degrading presence, however, I had to endure but for a short time, for when we were in the middle of the Mediterranean God sent us his avenging angel—a corsair, with whom we had a terrible battle. The duke fought like a desperate man, but he was at length overpowered and struck down by the strong arm of the corsair captain; thus he paid with his life the penalty of his guilt. All who survived this bloody tragedy were conducted to Algiers to be sold as slaves—among them your unhappy daughter. But Heaven, in mercy, averted the awful fate that seemed to await her, by sending one who procured her deliverance.

"Never was knight in romance more truly courteous to distressed damsel than my benefactor to me. He often inquired of my country, and offered to conduct me thither, but my timid heart shrunk from meeting your dreaded anger, for I had never the courage to disobey my country or rank; as I had defied you, I determined to conceal them forever. With this condition, I yielded to the tender persuasion of my chivalrous friend to become his bride. Punish me, sire, as my offense merits, but spare my benefactor—he to whom I owe my freedom and life—and this tender infant the pledge of our love."

While listening to this confession—rendered still more pathetic by Constanza's suppliant attitude, the pathos of her sweet voice, and the presence of her innocent child—the king's heart was greatly moved, and extending his hand to his prostrate daughter he said:

"Thou hast offended me, my daughter, by uniting thyself in unequal marriage without my consent; and still more gravely hast thou offended in doubting thy sire's clemency. But since I see that to this abduction thou didst not con-

sent, I remember that thou wert my beloved daughter and I freely pardon thee."

Saying these words he embraced Constanza tenderly, and ordered that her husband should be immediately conducted to his presence.

When Don Bernardo received the order to appear before the king, uncertain of his fate, and not anticipating the meeting with his wife and child, his heart sank within him. This depression was, however, soon succeeded by a transport of joy at seeing his beloved wife, and forgetting the circumstances under which they met, he threw himself into her arms, and embracing her, he expressed his emotions by alternate smiles and tears. Then addressing the king, he said:

"I accept sire, with resignation, my fate, whatever it may be, since the favor has been accorded me of seeing once more the two most cherished objects of my heart's devotion."

"My son," interrupted the king, "do not fear my displeasure, I have found by the story agreeing with that of my daughter that thou art innocent, and I admire thy generosity. It is the will of heaven and I adore its decrees. Live happily together, and may your children children be the crowning joy of my old age!"

The king then embraced them affectionately, and all wept for joy. Meanwhile the king sent for the old Spanish nobleman to come to the court of Palermo to consummate their bliss. Thus united in love, and blessed by heaven, they all passed their days in the enjoyment of tranquility and happiness.

### A Queer Little Fellow.

Isn't it a queer little fellow who knows everything as soon as he's born and builds a house for himself before he's one day old?

Everything about him is curious. To begin with, he lives at the bottom of a pond or river. At first he was nothing but a tiny atom of a green egg stuck to the stem of a weed under the water. After a while the egg bursts open, and crawled Mr. Worm and proceeded at once to look for building materials.

You see, except his head and neck which are protected by a hard covering, he is a soft little worm and he wouldn't live long in the same pond with fish and bugs and spiders, who have nothing to do but eat and are always hungry, unless he had a safe home. So of course he goes the first thing to building. He hunts up the dead leaves and glues them together in such a way as to leave a nice cozy house between. It's perfectly safe, for who would suspect an old dead leaf of being anybody's house?

No sooner is the house done than Mr. Worm moves in. He doesn't have to wait for painters and furniture men—happy fellow! He just goes in and fastens himself there by means of a pair of hooks he has at the end of his tail and then he's ready to live. The next thing is something to eat. So he starts off, taking his house with him, to hunt up some bits of green stuff or some atom of a worm smaller than he is.

But strange things happen to this bit of a worm at the bottom of a pond. His life is full of wonderful adventures. If he were bigger he would be the wiser of the world.

After eating as much as he can, Mr. Worm thinks it time to retire from the gay world; so he finishes his house by hanging a before it a silk door—no loose curtain, but a tightly woven net work which he spins and fastens carefully on every side.

Whether he goes to sleep in his comical little home, or what he does nobody knows, because nobody can peep in, you know. But something goes on there in the dark; for after awhile the little prisoner opens the door, comes out of his house, crawls up the stem of some weeds until he is out of the water, and then—you'd never guess what happens!

Why, his soft skin splits open and he pulls himself out—no longer a miserable little worm, but a gorgeous four-winged Caddis fly, dressed in a neat suit of brown. And he cares no more for the bottom of the pond and his old straw house. He sails off on the air a gay, dancing fly.—Little Folks.

Velvet ribbon is lavishly used as a garniture both for hats and dresses.

## LAST OF THE BUFFALO.

### RAILROADS AND HIDE HUNTERS FINISHING THE ANIMAL.

The Remnants of a Big Herd all That are Left of Him in the Northwest.

During a recent day a reporter strolled into a wholesale fur dealer's to solace himself with a view of the hairy integuments which suggested winter's cooling blast. A large pile of bison robes attracted his gaze, and to him the proprietor said:

"Better buy one and frame it, my boy."

"Frame it?"

"Yes, in about five years from now they'll be as scarce as silver fox skins, and five times as useful."

"Why, what was the catch this year?"

"Four."

"Four what? Thousand?"

"No, sir; plain four. In other words, there wasn't any catch this year, and our firm corralled six out of the ten thousand of the catch of 1883."

"Do you mean to tell me that the buffalo have disappeared from the face of Dakota and Montana earth?"

"Practically, yes; and from all other earth in the Northwest as well. The remnants of the big band, numbering probably a few thousand, are somewhere north of the international line; no one seems to know clearly where, but probably in the remote vicinity of Woody Mountain. There are a few on the Upper Moreau, and still fewer on the plains between the James River and the Missouri and about the forty-sixth parallel. An old bull was recently driven into Fort Meade, along with a lot of domestic cattle, by the cowboys. He looked like the last of his race, and if he has any fellows they can't be found."

"What did you use to call a big yearly catch?"

"Well, in the year after the North Pacific was opened through to the Little Missouri, 1881 I think it was, Northwestern traders got in about 100,000 robes. You see the railroad let in the hide hunters, and as the buffalo happened to be south of the line, and within reaching distance of the Missouri and transportation, the output was very large. Thousands upon thousands were killed—whose hides were never removed, and of the thousands a large majority furnished only a few pounds of tenderloin to the rapacious rifleman. We've been talking for years about the time when the buffalo would be practically extinct. Now that time has come, and it's too late for protective laws. Such laws could not have been enforced against the Indians, but they might have been against the white hide-hunters and the rich sportsmen, who were the most wanton death dealers of the lot."

"Can they be bred to domestic cattle?"

"Oh, yes, readily enough. But the hybrid, while good enough for meat, is not of much use for robes. It's a pity there wasn't a law enacted a decade or two ago making it a penal offense for a white man even to shoot at a buffalo. The Indians are not so ruthless in their destruction as have been claimed, and, besides, when they get a robe and tan it, it is worth something. The robes tanned in the East, or by whites anywhere, are incomparably inferior to those known to the trade as Indian-tanned. The reds take a lot of pains, and seem to have a method which, while it leaves the hide pliable, leaves it of sufficient thickness and strength to hold the hair and withstand the rough usage all robes must expect to undergo."

"I should be inclined to believe, from your remarks, that buffalo overcoats will be worth a good deal a few years from now."

"A good deal? Well, if you call \$100 to \$150 a 'good deal,' I agree with you. Seriously, there must be a substitute found for them, since I am not exaggerating an iota as to scarcity."—St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

Velveteen skirts for dresses are fashionably trimmed with bands of fur.

Knitting black stockings is the latest craze among fashionable young ladies.

Yellow and white is a very favorite combination in Parisian evening toilets just at present.

## Soldiers and Thistle.

Little Minnie, in her eagerness after flowers, had wounded her hand on the sharp, prickly thistle. This made her cry with pain at first, and pout with vexation afterward, "I do wish there was no such thing as a thistle in the world," she said pettishly.

"And yet the Scottish nation think so much of it they engrave it on their national arms," said her mother.

"It is the last flower I should pick out," said Minnie.

"I am sure they might have found a great many nicer ones, even among the weeds."

"But the thistle did them such good service," said her mother, "they learned to esteem it very highly. One time the Danes invaded Scotland, and they prepared to make a night attack on a sleeping garrison. So they crept along barefooted, as still as possible, until they were almost on the spot. Just at that moment a barefooted soldier stepped on a great thistle, and the hurt made him utter a sharp, shrill cry of pain. The sound awoke the sleepers, and each man awoke to his arms. They fought with great bravery, and the invaders were driven back with much loss."

"Well, I never suspected that so small a thing could save a nation," said Minnie, thoughtfully.

## CARPETS! FLANNELS!

Tapestry Carpets, 60c a yard. Tapestry Carpets in every grade made at lowest prices. Body Brussels Carpets—large stock. Moquette Velvet Carpet, \$1.55 a yard. Our stock of Moquette Velvet, Body Brussels and Tapestry Brussels Carpets is large and our selection of designs will please the most fastidious.

Rugs, Felt and Ingrain, Matting, Oil Cloth in 4-4, 6-4, and 8-4, and Linoleum. We show the best \$2 a pair White Blankets.

We show eleven-quarter White Blankets at \$2.50.

We show a lovely White Blankets at \$3. Our \$4 a pair White Blankets a bargain. Our extra-wide, extra-heavy and extra-fine White Blankets at \$5 a pair are the usual assortment of goods for Gent's wear is now very complete.

Our stock of Gent's Underwear is more than ever thought your attention. We call special notice to our Undershirts at 50c and \$1. They are the best goods ever sold at these figures.

VIRGINIA CASSIMERES.

We show a full line of Charlottesville and other celebrated Virginia Cassimeres. The patterns will suit the most fastidious. Our assortment of goods for Gent's wear is now very complete.

Our stock of Gent's Underwear is more than ever thought your attention. We call special notice to our Undershirts at 50c and \$1. They are the best goods ever sold at these figures.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.

Our new importations give us the handsomest selection of patterns ever displayed anywhere.

New attractions daily. We have now two buyers to supply our increasing trade. We solicit your patronage.

LEVY & DAVIS  
 Successors to Levy Brothers,  
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H. L. BRADLEY,  
 DEALER IN  
 WALL PAPER  
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 Cloth, Rustic and Paper Shades. The largest stock in East Tennessee.  
 UNION ST. BETWEEN MARKET AND GAY.  
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 ap3 6m KNOXVILLE, TENN.

ALL KIND OF JOB WORK DONE AT THIS OFFICE.

NOTICE: As Special Commissioner of the Court & Court of Smyth county I will receive sealed bids up to Monday, Sept 15th, being court-day, for the erection of an iron High Tension Bridge across North Fork of the Holston River at Chatham Hill. I will also receive bids for the Masonry to be rubble work, to be laid in good fresh lime, to be measured and paid for by the perch. The stones upon which the bridge trusses rest are to be at least 3 feet wide, 3 feet long, 12 inches thick to be dressed on the top side to a true and level surface.

Work to be paid for in Warrants on the County Treasurer payable on demand to the order of G. PENDELTON, April 1m Special Commissioner

DIAMONDS, WATCHES  
 JEWELRY  
 JOHN H. TYLER & CO.,  
 1003 Main Street,  
 RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

SOLID SILVER and PLATED WARE.  
 Gold and Silver SPECTACLES.  
 Watches repaired in the best manner. Hair Jewelry made to order.

Special attention given to the manufacture of School and College Badges, &c. by mail or otherwise.

THE BET BARGAIN YET.

The undersigned being desirous to go West, offers his farm for sale cheap, from two to three dollars per acre, under its real value.

Said farm is situated two miles North East from Chatham Hill, Rich Valley, Smyth county, Va., containing 214 acres. A comfortable dwelling house, good barn, and necessary out-houses. An old and young orchard on the same. Three good never failing springs convenient to the house. About 55 acres in cultivation, as the timber as there is in the county.

Said land is adapted to the growth of all kinds of grain, grass and tobacco. Terms easy. For further information address the undersigned at Chatham Hill, Smyth county, Va. About 25 bushels of Wheat is sowed on the above land.

Nov. 8th. LEWIS CARSON,  
 PURE WHITE LEAD.

We have secured the agency for Lynchburg from one of the oldest and best manufacturers of White Lead in the U. S. and are prepared to furnish in any quantity at best rates. Builders and contractors using large quantities will find it to their interest to consult us before making their Spring purchases.

W. A. STROTHER & SON,  
 LYNCHBURG, VA.

## A. D. WITTEN,

AGENT FOR THE  
 VIRGINIA TOBACCO  
 Manufactured by the  
 BLUE RIDGE TOBACCO WORKS,  
 10707 LIBERTY, VIRGINIA.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA!  
 SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weekly) begins 10th July, 1884, and ends 1st September. Have proved of signal use, - 1st, to students who design to pursue their studies at this or other law school; and 2d, to those who propose to read privately; and 3rd, to practitioners who have not the advantages of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law, my22m

THE REPUDIATING SCARE.

In the following communication Mr. Royall punctures a bladder and lets out the wind. Read what he says. We would not that General Mahone is not likely to go into a gubernatorial campaign to fight for undignified repudiation. He could gain not one negro vote by so doing. The negroes do not care for such questions, and the white voters are too intelligent to be misled again by raising such issues.

To the Editor of the Dispatch: A find considerable alarm prevailing amongst our party friends lest Mr. Lybrook's resolutions for repudiating the public debt should again make that topic a subject of division in politics. A brief consideration of the actual state of affairs will effectually dispel this alarm.

No part of the principal of the debt is due for more than twenty years. As the principal cannot be demanded for twenty years, it is idle for the present Legislature to say that the Legislature that will sit twenty years from now shall not or will not provide for the payment of the principal when it shall come due. It is idle to say this, but if Mr. Lybrook wants the Legislature to say it, in the name of common sense let him have his way. Let our friends vote for his proposition, putting on the record at the time a statement that they believe it wrong, but allow it to pass rather than have the people of Virginia again distracted with a useless discussion of this subject.

I think all of our friends will very clearly see their way in respect to his resolution, so far as the principal of the debt is concerned. So far as the interest on the principal is concerned, the fifteenth section of the Riddleberger funding act forbids the officers of the State Government to pay interest upon any part of the public debt except the bonds to be issued under that Riddleberger funding act, and the act of January 26, 1882, forbids the collectors of taxes to receive the coupons in payment of the taxes. In the name of common sense, how can the interest upon the public debt be more entirely and more emphatically repudiated than this?

Now, the Lynchburg platform binds all good Democrats to sustain the Riddleberger settlement, and the Riddleberger settlement repudiates the coupons. What objection can any good Democrat have so repudiating the repudiation of the coupons? The case then comes down to this: Mr. Lybrook cannot repudiate the principal, because the principal is not due. Mr. Lybrook has repudiated the interest, and therefore another repudiation of it can do no sort of harm.

As the representative of the creditors of the State I declare to all friends of the public debt that it is the interest of the creditors they should vote for whatever proposition Mr. Lybrook or any other person in favor of repudiating the debt may bring forward.

As a Virginian, I entreat all Virginians to vote for the extreme repudiating measure that Mr. Lybrook can frame.

WILLIAM L. ROYALL. We clip the above from the Richmond Dispatch of the 29th ult. It should be read by all men in Virginia who have been Readjusters, steadfast and true, upon State issues, but who have been seduced into the ranks of Bourbonism under the specious claims of being Democrats. This card of William L. Royall, published with no words of disapproval by the Dispatch tells a tale. It "punctures a bladder and lets out the wind." It punctures the bladder that the Funders have been hiding behind, and shows them up in their real character. Last year we contended that the Funder endorsement of the Riddleberger settlement was nothing more than a sham. We told the people there were defects in the Riddleberger Bill that should be rectified by extreme forcible readjustment measures. We told them that the constant cry of the Funders "oh the debt is settled and let all us Democrats stand together" was a delusion. We reckon the people will concur with us in that opinion now that the British bondholders, through William L. Royall, snap their fingers in the faces of the people of Virginia, and say "we defy you." "You can't readjust and you can't repudiate." "We will make you pay just what we please and what you don't please." In other words the State is at the mercy of the foreign bondholders. They have been placed there by giving control of our affairs to the Funders, who as Democrats pretended to endorse readjustment and promised to complete the work begun by the peoples party. What have Funder promises been worth? How has this last promise on the debt question been kept by the Funders. Has the debt been settled? No it has been unsettled; and the people will have to pay everything claimed by the Shylocks, unless something is done. The people will do something next year. The debt question is again in politics, and will remain in politics until Funderism is crushed and Readjustment is completely triumphant.

How many members of the present Legislature will be re-elected?

SOUTHWESTERN ASYLUM.

On last Friday night, a bill appropriating \$25,000.00 for beginning the main building of the Southwestern Lunatic Asylum was passed by the General Assembly, and also appropriating \$2,000.00 to cover expenses of Building Committee in securing plans, &c. The Building Committee consists of Dr. Harvey Black, Jr., Hoge Tyler, of Pulaski; Col. Thos. J. Boyd, of Wythe; Capt. D. D. Hull, Dr. Jno. S. Apperson, N. L. Look, of Smyth; and F. B. Hurt, of Abingdon.

Under the provisions of the Act the Building Committee will commence work immediately after the 1st of January, 1885. The appropriation though apparently a small one, will get things in good shape by next December, when a new Legislature will meet and other larger appropriations will be made. It would have been well if sufficient money could have been given for the speedy building of the Asylum, as it is greatly needed, large numbers of lunatics being confined in the jails of the country, and the asylums that are now in the State being greatly overcrowded. It seems, however, that the condition of the State treasury is such that the Legislature was unwilling to risk making a larger appropriation. We have reasons to believe that but for the indefatigable work of Judge D. C. Miller, who spent last week in Richmond, the bill would not have passed at all. In the House of Delegates, on its final passage it received but fifty-one votes. If it had received one less it would have been defeated, as that would have been less than the constitutional majority, which is required on the passage of appropriation bills. Judge Miller made strong personal appeals to different members who wanted to go home and kept them there until the bill was passed. He deserves great credit for his industry and zeal, for without his aid the matter would have been postponed another year, and perhaps never been successfully carried out. As it is the Southwestern Asylum is now a certain thing, and will be built at Marion.

CONGRESS met on Monday the 1st inst. But very little business so far has been transacted. The daily papers report members coming to Washington slowly. The mails for Southern members are heavy being mostly for offices under the new administration.

THE Readjusters left Sixteen hundred thousand dollars in the treasury last fall. Ask the Democrats how much is there now. They will say they don't know. The reason is that it is so near empty they can't know.

"WHAT think you of Royall's card? It defines the real position of Bourbon Funderism on the debt question.

THE Bourbons have passed another election law over the Governor's veto and already its constitutionality is doubted.

NEVER has money been as recklessly squandered as it has been by the Bourbon Legislature.

It has been predicted by Democrats that there will be a deficit in the State treasury by next fall.

THE Legislature adjourned on Monday. Let the people rejoice.

PERPETUAL MOTION.

One More Inventor who Thinks He Has at Last Achieved It.

A Middleboro' (Mass.) special says: For twelve years George Hermann, of this place, has been at work perfecting a machine for perpetual motion, and now claims to have attained success. His contrivance is a simple arrangement, has no cog, or gears, and the model could be packed in a half peck measure with ease. As yet it has been exhibited to no one, the inventor preferring, as he says, to keep his prize from the eye of the public at least until his model has been finished and ready for inspection. "But one thing more remains," says Mr. Hermann, "and that is to attach a wheel to my invention in some way that the motion may be a power of practical value. At present I have indeed perpetual motion, but no power. I have an idea in my mind for obtaining this power, and shall make experiments as soon as I have time. If by any means I should fail to successfully carry out my plan for obtaining power, why the machine would simply be a curiosity—the only thing of its kind in the world."

Mr. Herman is a native of Germany and came to this country about thirty years ago. He is a poor man and served faithfully in the war. He is very sanguine of success.

Mr. Moody, the evangelist, is reported as enjoying the most robust health, to be verging upon corpulence, while Mr. Sankey, his companion, is in very poor health and obliged to rest at his home at New Castle, Pa.

The President's Message.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

The affairs in charge of this department are summarily reviewed, the principal points being the unbroken peace maintained with the Indian tribes during the year, and the recommendation that congress assume absolute control of territory of Utah, providing for its government by commission, to the end that polygamy may be suppressed.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE, ETC.

In the course of this communication reference has more than once been made to the policy of this government, as regards the extension of our foreign trade. It seems proper to declare the general principles that should in my opinion underlie our national efforts in this direction. The main conditions of the problem may be thus stated: we are a people apt in mechanical pursuits and fertile in invention, we cover a vast extent of territory, rich in Agricultural products, and in nearly all the raw materials necessary for successful manufacturing. We have a system of productive establishments more than sufficient to supply our own demands. The wages of labor are no where else so great. The scale of living of our artisan classes is such as tends to secure their personal comfort and the development of those high, moral intellectual qualities that go to the making of good citizens.

Our system of tax and tariff legislation is yielding a revenue which is in excess of the present needs of the government. These are the elements from which it is sought to devise a scheme by which, without unfavorably changing the condition of the working man, our merchant marine shall be raised from its enfeebled condition and new markets provided for the sale beyond our borders of the manifold fruits of our industrial enterprises. The problem is complex and can be solved by no single measure of innovation or reform.—The countries of the American cabinet and the adjacent islands are for the United States the natural marts of supply and demand. It is from them we should obtain what we do not produce or do not produce in sufficiency, and it is to them that the surplus productions of our fields, our mills and our work shops should flow under conditions that will equalize or favor them in comparison with foreign competition. Four paths of policy seem to point to this end: first, a series of reciprocal commercial treaties with the countries of America which shall foster between us and them a movement of trade. The conditions of these treaties should be the free admission of such merchandise as this country does not produce in return for the admission, free or under a favored scheme of duties, of our own products, the benefits of such exchange to apply only to goods carried under the flag of the parties to the contract; the removal, on both sides, from the vessels so privileged, of all tonnage dues and national imports, so that those vessels may ply unimpeded between our ports and those of the other contracting parties, though without infringing on the reserved home coasting trade, the removal or reduction of the burden on the exported products of those countries coming within the benefits of the treaties, and the avoidance of the technical restrictions and penalties by which our intercourse with those countries is at present hampered.

Secondly, the establishment of the consular service of the United States, on a salaried footing, thus permitting the relinquishment of consular fees not only as respects vessels under the national flag, but also as respects vessels of the treaty nations carrying goods entitled to the benefits of the treaties.

Thirdly, the enactment of measures to favor the construction and maintenance of the steam carrying marine under the flag of the United States. The establishment of a uniform currency basis for the countries of America; so that the coined products of our mines may circulate on equal terms throughout the whole system of the commonwealth. This would require a monetary union of America, whereby the output of the bullion producing countries and the circulation of those which yield neither gold nor silver could be adjusted in conformity with the population, wealth and commercial needs of each. As many of the countries furnish no bullion to the common stock, the surplus production of our mines and mints might be utilized, and steps taken toward the general recognition of silver.

To the accomplishment of these ends, so far as they can be attained by these treaties, negotiations already conceived and now in progress have been directed, and the favor thus far received warrants the belief that its operations will ere long embrace all or nearly all the countries of this hemisphere.

NATIONAL BANKRUPT LAW.

In view of the general and persistent demand throughout the commercial community for a National Bankrupt law, I hope that the differences of sentiment which have hitherto prevented its enactment may not outcast the present session.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The President calls attention to the menace of cholera, and advises that full and vigorous measures of a precautionary character be adopted to save the country from pestilence. A suitable pension is recommended for Gen. U. S. Grant, in consideration of his eminent services to the Nation.

The following recommendations, hitherto made, are repeated: The preservation of forests on the public domain; the granting of gov-

ernment aid for public education; the amendment of the federal constitution so as to make effective the disapproval by the President of particular items in appropriation bills; the enactment of statutes in regard to the filling of vacancies in the presidential office, and the determining of vexed questions respecting presidential inability, are measures which may justly receive your serious consideration.

The message closes: As the time draws nigh when I am to retire from the public service, I can not refrain from expressing to the members of the national legislature, with whom I have been brought into personal and official intercourse, my sincere appreciation of their unflinching courtesy, and their harmonious co-operation with the executive in so many measures calculated to promote the best interests of the Nation, and to my fellow-citizens generally. I acknowledge a deep sense of obligation for the support which they have accorded me in my administration of the executive department of this government.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR. Washington, December 1, 1884.

Whose Property are Wedding-Presents?

Are wedding presents the property of the wife or the husband? This curious question has been raised in the English courts.

Madame Mercier sued Mrs. Williams for a bill of goods to the extent of five thousand dollars, supplied before the latter's marriage. She recovered judgment and levied on Mrs. Williams's jewels. They were wedding presents and were claimed by the husband as his property. The case was tried before Lord Chief Justice Coleridge and a jury. He instructed the jury that in law the articles belonged to the husband, and that accordingly the suit against the wife could not be maintained. An appeal was taken to the Divisional Court. The judges were equally divided. Then the Court of Appeal was called upon to decide the question. It held that both the wedding presents and other valuables owned by Mrs. Williams before her marriage became the property of her husband, but that their ownership had been transferred to her by an ante-nuptial agreement. This agreement provided that all property of the wife should be assigned to trustees for named purposes "except jewels, trinkets, ornaments of the person, and articles of the like nature." These, as was declared in the agreement, should belong to her for her separate use.

The case was then carried to the House of Lords, which has just given its opinion. It sustains the decision of the Court of Appeal that the jewels were the separate property of Mrs. Williams under the ante-nuptial agreement. They were, therefore, liable to seizure by her creditors. The views of the House of Lords on the question whether wedding presents become the property of the husband or belong to the wife do not appear in the report of the opinion. The inference is that the House agrees with the Court of Appeals on this point also.—N. Y. Herald.

MY PREACHER, OR YOUR BARN.

A Novel Method Taken to Secure a Favorite Minister's Services.

A Kingston, N. Y., special says: Catskills, about five or six miles back from the Hudson river, at Saugerties, is a scattering hamlet called Blue Mountain, but there is no post-office of the name. Blue Mountain has a church. The Rev. John F. Hooper, now pastor of the Elmendorf church here, until a somewhat recent period attended to the spiritual wants of the Blue Mountainers, preaching regularly to them every Sunday. While stationed at the Blue Mountain Church Mr. Hooper received a call from a Saugerties church, and also from the members of the Kingston congregation, to whom he now ministers. He accepted the latter call, and ever since he left Blue Mountain there has been troubling a number of the people who heard him preach. Washington Myer is one of the trustees of the Blue Mountain Church. He tills the soil on the "Old Target" farm. A day or two ago Trustee Myer received a postal card, on which was written the following:

"You must either send Hooper, or cause to be sent, a call for \$1,000 or you will wake me this morning and find your barn in ashes."

Trustee Myer and his fellow church members are indignant at the cowardly threat. During the past year or two there have been many rows among church members along the Hudson Valley and in the inland counties as well, it remained for a Blue Mountain church to threaten to burn down the leading trustee's barn unless the clergyman he desired to hear preach was tendered a \$1,000 call. Mr. Myer's big barn is being watched, and in the mean time, if the Blue Mountainers manage to lay hands on the anonymous postcard writer, he will in all probability be given such a drubbing as he will remember the rest of his life.

Manassas Gazette, November 29. We learn that the gunners in this section have been successful in their sport during the past few days. One gentleman, Mr. C. L. Hynson, is reported to have killed on Tuesday morning last four wild turkeys at one shot. A few days ago he killed three at a single shot and in the same manner about twelve months ago, we understand, he killed nine. We consider this successful shooting. His turkeys are killed from a blind.

AN ACT.

To Provide for the Establishment of the Southwestern Lunatic Asylum.

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, That there shall be erected near the town of Marion in Smyth county, upon the site selected by the commissioners appointed by act of the General Assembly, approved March eighteen, eighteen hundred and eighty four, entitled an act to provide for the establishment of a lunatic asylum in Southwestern Virginia, a commodious building suitable and necessary for the proper reception and accommodation of white persons of unsound mind; said building shall be known as the Southwestern Lunatic Asylum, and shall be a complete structure within itself, upon a plan, however, susceptible of additions thereto, as the necessities of the State may hereafter require.

2. For the purpose of carrying out the provision of this act, Doctor Harvey Black, J. Hoge Tyler, Thomas J. Boyd, D. D. Hull, Doctor John S. Apperson, N. L. Look, and F. B. Hurt, be and they are hereby appointed a committee to be known as the building committee of the Southwestern lunatic asylum. Doctor Harvey Black shall be chairman of said committee, and the committee shall elect a secretary and treasurer from their own number; they shall keep a written record of all their transactions, which shall be laid before the General Assembly at its next session, and shall make quarterly reports to the board of public works. A majority of said committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but no order requiring the outlay of money shall be valid, without the concurrence of two-thirds of the committee, to be ascertained by a recorded vote. Said committee shall have power to fill any vacancy occurring therein or in the officers thereof, occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise, and shall receive for their services the actual expenses incurred when engaged in and about their duties.

3. The said building committee after having first ascertained that a good and valid fee simple title to the lands, rights of way, water supply, and all other property mentioned and specified in the report made to the General Assembly, by said commissioners appointed under act of March eighteen, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, has been conveyed to the commonwealth and properly recorded according to the laws of the State, shall obtain from competent architects, upon due public notice, by advertisement, competitive plans and specifications, for a building and the necessary offices, appurtenances and fixtures, exclusive of furniture, to accommodate not less than two hundred persons of unsound mind, together with the necessary offices, physicians and attendants of the asylum, such building to cost a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars. And no part of the appropriation other than the two thousand dollars herein after mentioned shall be drawn from the treasury of the State until the places and specifications of the building shall have been first submitted to the board of Public Works of the State and approved by it, so as not to cost when completed more than one hundred thousand dollars. The committee is authorized to offer a competitive prize or prizes, to architects for such plans and specifications. The architect whose plans and specifications are adopted, shall furnish such guarantee as may be required by the committee, that the asylum can be erected at a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars. To enable the committee to act intelligently in selecting a plan, they are authorized to visit and inspect asylums for the insane, located in this or other states. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section, the building committee is authorized to expend a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars.

4. The building committee may let to one or more persons the contract for the building of said asylum, wholly or in part. Each contractor shall give bond, with good and sufficient security in double the amount of the sum agreed to be paid him upon his contract, conditioned for the completion of the work and undertaken by him, within the time fixed upon his contract, in a good and workmanlike manner, in such style and quality as agreed upon, and according to the plan and specifications. The building committee, instead of building the asylum by the contract system, may in their discretion employ a superintendent, who shall, under the direction of said committee, buy material, employ workmen, and build the asylum, wholly or in part. The said superintendent may be removed by the committee at their pleasure, and another appointed in his place; and they shall require of such superintendent bond and security for the faithful discharge of his duties, in such penalty as they may deem proper.

5. In making estimates for the payment of any contractor, the committee shall only consider work actually done upon the asylum, so as to become the property of the state, and shall reserve fifteen per cent. of such estimate until the contract is fully completed.

6. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act, the sum of twenty-seven thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be drawn out of the treasury of the state in the manner and at the time hereinafter provided.

7. The building committee are authorized to order and direct their treasury to draw the money appropriated by this act as follows: the sum of five thousand dollars on and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and eighty-five; the sum of five thousand dollars on and after the first day of May, eighteen hundred and eighty-five; the sum of five thousand dollars on and after the July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and so on, in bi monthly instalments of five thousand dollars each, until the appropriation shall be exhausted; provided that the building committee shall only order the withdrawal of said moneys from the public treasury as the same may be needed for carrying out the provisions of this act. The auditor of public accounts shall only issue his warrant on the treasurer of the commonwealth for the said sums of money, to the treasurer of the said building committee, upon the order of said committee, made as provided in this act—a copy of such order to be delivered to the said auditor, signed by the chairman of the building committee, and certified by the secretary thereof.

8. This act shall be in force from its passage.

The Southwest Scourge.

A staff correspondent of the Courier-Journal who is in the mountains of Eastern Kentucky, investigating the plague in that section, sent the following dispatch Monday night from Barboursville, Ky.: I met Mr. C. T. Davidson, agent of the Cumberland River Lumber Co., who has been over the infected district. He says that the disease which is an aggravated and very fatal form of dux, began about six weeks ago in Letcher county, Joseph Day, brother of the county judge, being the first victim. He lived on Poor Fork, about fifteen miles from Whitesburg, and was taken ill when a short distance from home. He was first seized with gripping pains, and in a few moments was paralyzed so completely that he had to be carried to his house. The gripping was followed by a bloody and weakening diarrhoea, and in a few hours he was a dead man. The disease spread with great rapidity, and it now extends over a territory embracing about one half of the Northern portion of Wise county, Va., the Northern portion of Lee county, Va., the eastern part of Letcher county, Ky., the upper edge of Harlan county, the southern part of Knott county, the southwestern part of Pike county, and the southwestern portion of Leslie county. In Wise county, Va., I was told that those burying the dead were two days behind in their work, and could not begin to gather up and coffin the victims as fast as they fell.

Personal.

Thomas Harrison, the "boy" preacher, has just celebrated his forty-third birthday.

Count Oyama Iwao, the Japanese Minister of War, is expected to arrive at New York in a few days on an official visit to this country.

Pope Leo XIII. will, before the close of the year, confer the order of the Golden Rose upon French ladies who have specially distinguished themselves by charitable work.

The Cumberland coalminers have declined to submit to the reduction of wages, and have asked for a conference with representatives of the coal companies with the view of submitting the matter to arbitration.

The New York cigar makers are making efforts to secure the rejection by the United States Senate of that clause of the proposed Spanish-American treaty, by which cigars may be imported at a reduction of fifty per cent. on the present tariff rates.

NO ONE WILL DENY

That we carry the

LARGEST STOCK

MENS' BOYS' AND CHILDRENS'

CLOTHING

In Southwest Virginia, which renders it easy for you to suit yourself.

OUR STOCK OF FURNISHING

has no equal and consists of the latest style Neck Wear—white and fancy—Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

We have 150 dozen assorted Shirts now on hand, which is 25 per cent. greater than is kept by any other house in town.

NOTE OUR SPECIALTIES

The celebrated Pearl Shirt \$1.00 for sale only by us. Every Shirt stamped

PEARL

The Cohn Brand Collars and Cuffs sold only by us.

The Celluloid Collars and Cuffs, require no washing—for sale only by us.

The Knickerbocker Brace prevents round shoulders—for sale only by us.

Our Patent Gum Coat for riding purpose with Cape attached. They are the best in the land.

Call and see us and you will find every thing necessary to complete a gentleman's wardrobe.

FRANK & CO.,

WETHEVILLE, VA.

VIRGINIA CLOTHING HALL.

THE ELECTION IS OVER, The Presidency is settled, and now we settle down to

Business,

—AND BUSINESS WE MEAN—

You like to know where you buy your GOODS. It is needless to say the place where you buy the

MOST AND THE BEST GOODS FOR

THE MONEY YOU WILL BUY.

A visit to our house and a fair trial will convince you that we carry the best selected Stock of

CLOTHING

ever seen in Marion.

We keep more clothing than all the other houses in town combined

—DO YOU DOUBT IT?—

COME AND SEE.

Everybody treated fair and alike.

No misrepresentation in goods.

We try to please our customers and tenders to our competitors.

Call at the new clothing house and buy your clothing where you can get suited without any trouble.

Always on hand plenty of

CHILDRENS and BOYS CLOTHING

AT ALL PRICES.

M. WEILER,

MARION, VIRGINIA,

The Clothier.

Oct. 16 ts Opposite the Court-House.

ESTABLISHED 1828.

S. O. FISHER

1030 Main Street,

LYNCHBURG, VA.

GUNMAKER, AND DEALER IN GUNS,

PISTOLS, FISHING TACKLE,

POCKET KNIVES,

and all Goods kept by

FIRST-CLASS GUN HOUSES.

A full line of Single Barrel Breech-loading Guns of all the principal makes, from 10 to 20 bore, and from 30 to 34 inches in length. Price, \$5.00, \$8.00, and from \$10.00 to \$15.00.

Double Barrel, Breech-loading Guns, guaranteed to stay in order from \$13 up.

Single Barrel, Muzzle-loading Guns, from \$2.25 up.

Double Barrel, Muzzle-loading Guns, from \$2.50 up.

Fathans' best New York Chilled and Drop Short chop; \$1.55 per 25 lb. bag.

Handsome Coats and Hats.

A magnificent Cartridge Vest—the best invention for carry cartridges. Convenient and comfortable.

Cartridge Belts from 40 cts. up.

A nice assortment of Game Bags, Fox Horns and Cartridge Bags.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK of goods on hand. Bottom prices guaranteed. Our customers may rely on having orders filled by return express.

Send for 128 page Illustrated Catalogue. Oct. 1st-1884.

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for that awful disease, by the use of thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Interest is my faith in the fact that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer who will send me P. O. address, DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 111 East 8th St., N. Y.

ADVERTISERS—send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

People are always on the look-out for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us in their own localities. Any All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free.

AGENTS wanted for The Lives of all the Presidents of the U. S. The largest, handsomest best book ever sold for less than twice our price. The fastest selling book in America. Immense profits to agents. All intelligent people want it. Any one can become a successful agent. Terms free. ABBOTT BOOK Co., Portland, Maine.

NEWS IN AND AROUND TOWN

ITEMS GATHERED FROM THE TOWN AND COUNTY.

Brief News--Personals--Improvements--Business Enterprise, Etc., Etc.

Editors love turkey. Mr. A. T. Lincoln has returned from a visit East.

Oysters are selling in Marion at 50 cents a quart.

A little snow fell in this vicinity on Sunday last.

Abingdon can now boast of having good pavements.

A beautiful line of Christmas goods at Pendleton's Drug Store.

We call special attention to the new adv. of M. Weiler.

The Lynchburg papers arrive in Marion on the day they are published.

A large lot of fresh fish was offered for sale on our streets last Tuesday.

J. B. RHEA has a large line of Ladies' and Children's Cloaks, Shawls, Balmoral Skirts and Nubias, Blankets and Best Comforts at Panle prices.

Dr. Pendleton has a handsome lot of Xmas goods on hand. Call and see.

A synopsis of the President's message will be found in another column.

Miss Maggie Rice of Glade Spring, was visiting Miss Ida Campbell last week.

Mr. W. C. Seaver will have his two new store rooms furnished in a short time.

The Mechanics Brass Band has recently added several new instruments.

Mr. Tom Thornton, who has been in N. C. for some weeks returned Wednesday.

Treasurer Richardson was kept busy last Friday and Saturday receiving taxes.

Work on the Asylum will probably begin immediately after the first of January, '85.

Communion Services were held at the Preston Chapel on last Saturday and Sunday.

J. B. RHEA has a very large Stock of Men's Overcoats, clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Furnishing Goods, which he will sell very low for cash.

We would like for all those indebted to us to come forward and pay a little on their accounts.

Mr. Roger Sullivan who has been confined to his room for some days, was on the street Wednesday.

Street Overseer Stevenson has just completed a new side-walk up Staley's creek. This walk was much needed.

We learn that some of the Marion boys who left for the West last fall are coming home to spend their Christmas.

'Squire Iron is filling up and otherwise improving the road-way up Staley's creek, just beyond the corporation line.

We learn that the Rag Muffins failed to meet last Tuesday night-- Jim Ragan not being present to conduct the meeting.

Our editor left for Staunton on last Tuesday to attend a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Western Lunatic Asylum.

Miss India Rogers formerly of this county, was married in Neb., last week. Will publish an account of same in our next issue.

Our merchants are laying in their Xmas stocks. They ought to tell the people what they have through the advertisement columns of this paper.

J. B. RHEA has \$80 0.00 worth of good Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls and other Dry Goods, Notions, Hardware, Groceries and everything kept in a first-class store, all of which he now throws upon the market, at such prices as will defy all competition.

Now is the time for every person, Man, Woman or child, in need of Goods, to go and examine his goods, and see for themselves, Terms Cash.

HEADQUARTERS NEW YORK. Nov. 24, 1884. Messrs. G. F. CRUSH & Co.

You are hereby commanded to report at once to these Headquarters to take charge of the Christmas Goods assigned to our loyal subjects in Smyth and the adjoining counties.

By Order of SARA CLAUS, WANDA, Sec.

In obedience to the above command of our firm is now in New York, and we will soon have a full stock of Staple and Fancy goods for Christmas. All are invited to come and get their share.

GEO. F. CRUSH & Co. The very best flannel clothing in Marion can be found at WEILER'S.

WEILER'S.

A Good House.

We take pleasure in calling attention to the adv. of S. O. Fisher, Lynchburg. Mr. Fisher always carries a complete line of sporting goods and those who have dealt with him will testify that his goods always come up as he represents.

Painful Accident.

One day last week a little two-year old child of Mr. Wiley Recor's, at 7 Mile Ford, while playing about the room stumbled and fell into the fire. The little fellow was severely burned about the left leg and arm.

175 Mens', Boys' and Children's Overcoats must be sold in the next 30 days. Look out for Bargains. WEILER, The Clothier.

Supt. of Public Schools.

Maj. A. G. Pendleton has been re-appointed County School Supt. of Smyth county. His term of office will commence July 1st 1885, and expire in four years from that date.

For the Great West.

If you want 1st, or 2nd class tickets to any point in the Great West at the lowest figures call on or address A. C. HILL, Emigration Agent, June 17th, Marion Va.

Sewing Machines.

We have two splendid "Sewing Machines, one "New Home" and one "Remington," we would like to exchange for good pork. Bargains will be given.

Wood! Wood!

Bring in the wood you are to furnish on your subscription. We need it, and will not take it unless brought early.

Pure, fresh dugs at Pendleton's Drug Store.

A fine assortment of perfumery and toilet soaps at Pendleton's.

The finest cigars, chewing and smoking tobacco at Pendleton's.

A very fine stock of stationery just received at Pendleton's Drug Store. Ladies and gentlemen will find everything they want in that line at Pendleton's.

Money saved by buying of WEILER'S.

Hats for Men and Boys, Weiler is the man.

Weiler the Clothier beats all opposition, don't fail to call on him.

Gents' Underwear a complete stock at WEILER'S.

If you want a good Dress or Business suit go to WEILER.

Ladies, Misses and Childrens shoes low down on prices at WEILER'S.

Notice to Teachers of Public Schools.

I will hold a Teachers Institute at the Court house on Thursday and Friday 11th and 12th of December. Beginning at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. Teachers of Public Schools are expected to attend and be there promptly at the opening hour.

Arrangements will be made for teachers to get their warrants for their pay, and the Treasurer will be on hand to pay them.

A. G. PENDLETON, Supt.

We don't sell goods for or below cost, but our small profits added on will be below our competitors' cost. Take a notice of this. WEILER, The Clothier.

Virginia News.

George Roszell Adams, a famous old time Henry Clay Whig, of Alexandria, died Thursday.

On Wednesday evening at St. Stephen's church, Culpeper, Va., Miss Kate Nelson was married to Mr. Shelton F. Leake.

Christmas meat is being prepared all over the State. Hogs of phenomenal weight are being noted in all the rural papers.

A game of lacrosse was played in Norfolk on Friday, one of the clubs being from Canada.

Maroocha cotton factory, near Petersburg, which suspended operation several months ago, has resumed work on full time.

R. G. Willis, of Rapidan, was relieved the other day of a bullet which he had worn behind his ear ever since the battle of Cold Harbor in 1862.

George Hairston, of Henry county, tried this week for an alleged murder of Joel Fulton, in Stokes county, N. C., some years since, was acquitted.

A colored woman, who used to sell lunches to railroad passengers at Gordonsville, was killed there Friday of last week. She attempted to cross the track in front of a moving train and was struck by the engine and thrown fifty feet.

The Dismal Swamp Canal Company will shortly commence the work of enlarging their waterway so as to make it a first-class ship canal. Over

\$200,000 will be expended and a force of over two hundred hands employed. Six years is the limit fixed for its completion. Norfolk people are very much interested in the matter.

Alexandria Gazette: The funeral of Mrs. Mary Frances Luger beel, who died suddenly in Washington on Monday evening, took place in that city yesterday morning, and was largely attended. Mrs. Luger beel was the mother of the late Mrs. Christancy, divorced wife of ex-Senator Christancy, of Michigan, and formerly resided in this city.

Allie H. Jewell, a former great favorite in Lexington society, and L. B. Powell, of the same vicinity, eloped thence on Tuesday and were married at Hagerstown, Md. Mr. Carlisle, a former cadet of the Virginia Military Institute, was at the time of these proceedings waiting in Lexington to espouse the maid, for whom he had traveled from his distant western home. The desertion of his intended was anything but a pacific slope to him. Powell was to have been "best man" of the intending bridegroom. Some excuse is found for his eccentric matrimonial action in the fact that he was the first fiancée of Miss Jewell.

GOLD IN MICHIGAN.

The Precious Metal Dug Up in Plenty in the Wolverine State.

A Ishpeming (Mich.) special says: Three years ago Julius Ropes, a chemist in this city, discovered a quartz vein bearing gold, about four miles north of Ishpeming, while exploring for marble. A company was formed by him which secured forty acres of land, and commenced sinking a shaft. A small mill was built and work was done in a small way for two years. In the fall of 1883, S. S. Curry, the president of the company, had \$400 of Ropes gold minted into eagles. A new company was formed in the spring of the present year, and \$40,000 was raised by a 50-cent assessment upon the outstanding stock. A new mill was erected and new machinery secured. An additional force of miners was set to work, and upon the 10th of the present month the new mill was started up with a capacity of 300 tons of rock per day.

All the mining work done so far has been exploratory and preparatory, and only such rock has been milled as was secured by drifting and sinking. The quartz grows richer in gold and silver as the work goes deeper. In the drifting a number of assays have been made of the quartz, varying from \$6 to \$60 per ton. One picked specimen assayed \$1,500 to the ton. The rock now being treated is yielding about \$15 per ton. Out of 80,000 shares only about 1,000 are upon the market, and these are being held at a high figure.

The Phillips Gold Mining Company, capital \$1,000,000, a Chicago organization, has an option upon property near the Ropes, and work is being pushed. The Deer Lake Company is a shaft upon the Ropes vein, 1,800 feet east, and has resumed active work recently.

The Neegaunee Gold and Silver Company has property a mile and a half east of the Ropes, upon which some work has been done. The Madden & Hogan mine has a shaft of fifty feet, and assays from \$6 to \$34.38 per ton. The Alger Gold Mining Company is a new organization which will commence work at once. Capt. Smith Moore has a good property within the corporate limits of the City of Marquette. Assays of the quartz run as high as \$34. Work is being done in a number of other places, but these are the principal. All feel confident that 1885 will see a notable gold rush in the Upper Peninsula of Michigan.

Anecdote of Gen. Grant.

Gen. Grant, on his return to this country, is said to have been severely afflicted with a cough, contracted while crossing the ocean, and which had stubbornly refused to yield to treatment. A friend procured for him a bottle of Symphyx, and by its use he was in a few hours entirely relieved. He remarked to his friend: "Men look upon me as a great soldier, but this bottle of Symphyx is greater than I. My calling has been to destroy men's lives, but this medicine is a victorious saviour of men. I shall never be without it again."

News of the Day.

Fannie Elster, the celebrated danseuse, died in London Thursday.

There is a foot of snow on the ground and good sleighing at Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Caperton Queny, aged fourteen, was arrested at St. Albans, W. Va., Thursday, for robbing the mails.

On Wednesday night, at New Bridge, Anne Arundel county, George Bristol, colored, charged with numerous robberies was lynched.

The loan of \$5,000,000 which England offers to raise will be applied to the payment of the government expenses of Egypt and for irrigation.

Notice of the dissolution of the Railway Employees Mutual Benefit Association have been sent out from Chicago. The association has been in existence fifteen years, and has disbursed \$400,000 in benefits.

Wythe County Locals.

We learn scarlet fever is prevalent near Reed Island in the county. The merchants of Wytheville are filling their stores with holiday goods.

The streets of Wytheville need the attention of the city fathers at several points.

Mr. R. M. Pendleton while assisting a friend in loading some furniture last Thursday had the misfortune to fracture the small bone in his right arm.

A petition is circulation in this county, asking the Governor to commute the sentence of John Harrison to imprisonment for life. If the petition is not granted he will be hung Jan., 2nd 1885.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT, CORRECTED EVERY SATURDAY AT 5 P.M. BY

LEE & CO.

Grocers, Commission Merchants, AND DEALERS IN

Baled Hay, Corn, Oats, Meal, Ship Stuffs, Bran, Irish Potatoes, Dried Fruits, Fine Tea, Pure Old Rye Whiskies, expressly for family and medicinal purposes, Fine Table and Cooking Wines, Toils, Rock and Rye, &c., &c., No. 88 Main St.; Lynchburg, Va. Nov. 13, 1884.

GROCERIES.

Table listing various grocery items and their prices, including Coffee, Tea, Sugar, and other commodities.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.

Table listing various syrups and molasses and their prices.

PRODUCE.

Table listing various produce items and their prices, including Apples, Bacon, Beef, Butter, Eggs, Flour, and other foodstuffs.

TO THE LADIES.

I wish to inform the Ladies and the public generally that I have just received a

NEW

Full and Complete stock of SPRING and SUMMER

MILLINERY

Of the Latest Styles, Also a good stock of

BOYS' STRAW HATS

The finest stock of Ladies' NECK WEAR ever brought to MARION. My stock of NOTIONS complete.

COFFEE AND SUGAR.

We always keep on hand the best grades of Coffee and Sugar which will be sold at LOW FIGURES. Mrs. E. N. SPRINKLE. mch27ts

ADVERTISERS.

By addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American Newspapers. 100-page Pamphlet, 10c.

CLOSE OUT!

In order to enable the carpenters to have room to work on my store-house, which I am adding to and re-fitting generally, I will sell for the

NEXT 60 DAYS my stock of CLOTHING, and will mark

BOOTS AND SHOES at a very small margin, in order to close out, for reasons above stated. My stock is extensive so come at once if you want bargains.

I would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of the town and county to my

COMPLETE STOCK

Dry Goods, Which will be sold at rock-bottom figures. No old last season stock. My goods are new and stylish, and you may rest assured of finding something to please.

CLOTHING My stock is very extensive and the prices cannot fail to suit. I am offering some rare bargains in OVERCOATS.

Remember that I have the largest and best assorted stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES, In the town of Marion and they will be sold at figures that will astonish you. Every thing else sold cheap usually kept in stock if you would secure bargains

CALL AT ONCE. Highest cash price paid for all produce, and I will pay cash for anything that you have to sell.

A. C. HILL, Marion Va, apt 27 ts

A CAR. TO THE READJUSTERS. SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA.

GENTLEMEN--You have given much of your time to Readjusting politics, the public debt and other important matters; we are Readjusting too. Ours only applies to the

FURNITURE AND MATTRESSES BUSINESS. Look around your house and see if your Furniture don't need readjusting. Ask your wives if they don't need a

PARLOR CHAMBER SUIT. Respectfully, "The Furniture Men,"

LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA. New Foundry and Machine Shop.

J. M. JONES & CO. PRACTICAL FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS

MARION, VIRGINIA. Manufacture Plows and Plow Castings, Holloware, Grist and Woplen Mill Machinery, Sash and Circular Saw Mills, Cane Mill, Turbine Water Wheels and all kinds of machinery. None but first-class work turned out and satisfaction guaranteed.

Highest cash price paid for old castings. Works north of Seaver's Mill on Staley's Creek. June 22ts

THE FIRST IN THE FIELD!

THE ONE-PRICE CLOTHIER AGAIN IN THE FIELD!

JOSEPH COHN, The One-price Clothier, Tailor and Gents Furnisher

Is now receiving his FALL AND WINTER STOCK

READY MADE CLOTHING

PIECE GOODS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS

HIS WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is now full and complete, and prices marked down to the rock bottom.

HIS RETAIL DEPARTMENT consists of new and nooby styles, both as to material and cut.

HIS TAILORING DEPARTMENT is supplied with choice fabrics of Scotch, French and German, and English Importations,

HIS FURNISHING DEPARTMENT is now complete in every respect, and exhibits an assortment never equaled in this market.

THE PEOPLE'S VERDICT: "The one-price system a grand success!"

JOSEPH COHN, THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER, TAILOR, AND GENTS' FURNISHER, LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA. oct18 79

W. H. NEIGHBORS, LEADING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER

Deals in Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, 1 lot of ware, Spectacles, Optical Goods and Clocks

W. H. NEIGHBORS, WYTHEVILLE, VA. Orders left at C. W. Neighbors & Co.'s, Marion, Va. will receive prompt attention. ad177

W. M. H. SPILLER, MAIN STREET, WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA, DEALER IN

DRY GOODS. READY MADE CLOTHING. GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CARPETS, ETC.

Call and see me at my new store if you want bargains. WM. H. SPILLER.

COFFIN, SHIELDS & CO., Wholesale Grocers, And Dealers in

TOBACCO AND CIGARS. Exclusive sale of

RUDOLPH FINZER'S NAVY TOBACCO. Orders solicited and carefully filled.

ap3 8m KNOXVILLE, TENN. Jno. Jay Gilbert, William V. Logan, Wm. E. Gilbert.

GILBERT BROS. & CO., IMPORTERS, Wholesale Druggists AND MANUFACTURERS

Mo. 45 SOUTH HOWARD STREET, BALTIMORE, MD

LEATHER. I have on hand a large stock of superior

SOLE, UPPER & HARNESS. Leather, Also, Calf Skins, Sheep Skins, &c., at lowest market price.

All my Leather is finished in a first-class manner, and is equal to any brought from the North. Will exchange leather or pay cash for hides, wet or dry. Country merchants supplied at wholesale city prices. JOHN N. HULL, MARION, VA. apr33m

NORFOLK & WESTERN R. R.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT NOV. 23, 1884.

Table showing Westward Daily and Eastward Daily train schedules with times and stations.

Connections: Leave Norfolk 8.55 a.m. and 2.25 p.m. Arrive Richmond 12.45 and 6.00 p.m.

Leave Richmond 6.45 a.m. and 3.30 and 6.00 p.m. daily except Sunday, connecting with No. 3 at Petersburg for all points on line of N. & W. R. R. Also leave Richmond via N. & P. R. R. at 11.20 a.m. daily, and 6.00 p.m. daily except Sunday, arrive at Norfolk at 8.50 p.m. and 9.40 p.m.

Leave Richmond daily except Sunday via N. & P. R. R. at 9.20 a.m. and 6.00 p.m. arriving at Lynchburg at 3.40 and 10.00 p.m. and 2.15 p.m. connecting with trains on Western Division.

No. 1 has Leighton Sleepers from Lynchburg to Memphis, and Pullman Sleeper Roanoke to Memphis, Tenn., without change. No. 3 has Pullman Sleeper from Washington via Lynchburg and Atlanta to New Orleans, without change.

Eastward Daily. Eastern Standard No. 2, No. 4. Leave Bristol 6.15 p.m. 7.10 a.m. Arrive Abingdon 7.50 p.m. 8.55 a.m. Arrive Wytheville 8.50 p.m. 10.11 a.m.

Pocahontas 4.15 p.m. Arrive Central 4.15 p.m. Arrive Central 10.10 p.m. 11.09 a.m. Arrive Lynchburg 10.31 p.m. 11.30 a.m. Arrive Lynchburg 10.59 p.m. 12.50 a.m. Arrive Roanoke 11.35 p.m. 1.00 p.m. Arrive Liberty 12.35 a.m. 2.05 p.m. Arrive Lynchburg 1.45 a.m. 2.45 p.m. Arrive Lynchburg 3.50 a.m. Arrive Lynchburg 4.45 a.m. Arrive Petersburg 9.25 a.m. Arrive Petersburg 11.20 a.m. Arrive Petersburg 11.50 a.m. 7.30 a.m. Arrive Suffolk 1.46 p.m. 9.40 a.m. Arrive Norfolk 2.35 p.m. 10.40 a.m.

Daily Daily except Sunday.

At Roanoke both No. 2 and 4 connect with S. V. Railroad except Pullman Sleeper to New York without change via S. V. R. and Harrisonburg on both trains. At Lynchburg No. 4 only connects with V. M. R. R. for Washington and the East. Train leaves Lynchburg 1.55 p.m.

At Lynchburg R. & A. R. K. Lynchburg at 10.30 a.m. and 2.00 and 9.40 p.m. arriving at Richmond 10.00 a.m. 8.00 p.m. and 7.00 a.m.

No. 2 makes connections via Petersburg for Richmond, arriving at Richmond 12.58 p.m. daily except Sunday. At Norfolk No. 2, arrives 2.35 p.m., connecting with Bay Line Steamer, leaving Norfolk daily except Sunday. Departure at 9.00 and with Old Dominion for New York on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday.

New River Division. Eastward Daily Westward. 8.15 p.m. arr. Central. 10.11 a.m. 8.10 p.m. arr. New River. 11.22 a.m. 7.16 p.m. lve. Stayfield. 11.20 p.m. 6.54 p.m. lve. Rippled. 11.20 p.m. 6.32 p.m. lve. Wootton. 11.20 p.m. 6.22 p.m. lve. Narrows. 11.20 p.m. 6.10 p.m. lve. Adams. 11.20 p.m. 5.41 p.m. lve. Oakvale. 11.20 p.m. 4.54 p.m. lve. Pocahontas. 11.20 p.m. 4.15 p.m.

All inquiries as to Rates, Routes, &c., promptly answered. If you are going to travel, drop a letter or postal to ALLEN HULL, Passenger Agent, Roanoke, Va.

J. H. SANDS, Gen'l Supt. Roanoke, Va. A. POPE, G. P. & T. Ag't, Roanoke, Va.

RICHMOND AND ALLEGHANY RAILROAD. SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 1, 2nd 1884.

Table showing Westward and Eastward train schedules for Richmond and Alleghany Railroad.

WEST BOUND. No. 1. Arrive Richmond 9.20 a.m. 3.30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Arrive Scottsville 12.42 p.m. 7.10 p.m. 10.26 p.m. Arrive Lynchburg 3.40 p.m. 10.10 a.m. 2.15 a.m. Arrive Lynchburg 4.00 p.m. 2.30 a.m. Arrive Ball Falls 5.08 p.m. 4.10 a.m. 4.12 a.m. Arrive Ar. Cl. Forge 8.25 p.m. 5.50 a.m.

WESTWARD. No. 13. Arrive Lynchburg 8.00 p.m. 10.20 a.m. 8.45 a.m. Arrive Cl. Forge 8.00 p.m. 10.20 a.m. 8.45 a.m.

Trains marked \* daily except Sunday. No. 1 connects at Balcony Falls with No. 17 for Lexington.

No. 18 connects at Balcony Falls with Sleeping car attached to trains No. 9 and 10 between Lynchburg and Richmond. Sleeper between Baltimore and Lynchburg via Balt. & Ohio R. R. making close connection at Harpers Ferry to and from Pittsburgh and the West, also all points North and East.

At Clifton Forge with C. & O. R. R. for the South, West, Northwest and West. Arrive Lynchburg with Norfolk Western for all points South,

Farm and Garden Work.

This month closes the year, and to the thoughtless it is looked on as the month when the farmer can take his rest and enjoyment; but to the attentive, careful man this is rather a busy month. The stock requires close attention. Fattening stock for Christmas or early winter sales must have extra feed and attention. Mutton, especially, for Christmas must be carefully watched to be in prime order, and the same may be said of poultry.

HOGS.—Keep these clean, warm and well fed.

ICE.—Secure an abundant supply as soon as possible.

CORN.—See that it is all lofted, and if time and state of market allow, get it shelled and marketed at once; but if you can, send it to market on the hoof and within the hides of animals. It is more economical ever to do so, than to send it as a special product. If you feed it, you "eat the cake and have it too." You get full price for it and yet have its substance left at home as manure, and saving much freight and commission.

SHELTERS.—Have plenty of these for the comfort of the various kinds of animals; they can be made cheap, yet comfortable, with materials on the farm, and as poles, brush, straw, cornstalks, &c.

PLOWING.—All stiff, clay soil should be well and deeply plowed if weather permits. The action of frost and snow in many ways beneficial to such soils, plowed deeply before hard winter sets in.

Scripture and Shakespeare.

There are some curious parallel passages which show that "the bard of Avon," was familiar with the scriptures and drew from them many of his ideas. For instance:

Othello—Rude am I in my speech.

Bible—But though I be rude in my speech.—II Cor. xi, 6.

Witches of Macbeth—Show his eyes and grieve his heart.

Bible—Consume thine eyes and grieve his heart.—I Sam. ii, 36.

Macbeth—Life but a w. king shadow.

Bible—Man walking in a vain show.—Psalm xxxix, 6.

Banquo—Woe to the land that is governed by a child.

Bible—Woe to thee, O land, when thy king is a child.

Timon of Athens—Who can call him his friend that dips in the same dish.

Bible—He that dipeth his hand in the dish, the same shall betray me.—Matt. xxvi, 23.

Macbeth—We will die with harness on our back.

Apostrophe—Nicanor lay dead in his harness.—II Mac. iv, 28.

Muffs are shown of woollen goods lined with fur, or with merely a fur border simulating a lining.

Poppo red velvet is used in blue cloth costumes. Red squirrel bids fair to rival gray for cloak linings.

A Czar green velvet cab, embroidered with silver bullion, is simply decorated with a gray-toned feather caprice.

Chemille forms a leading feature mingled with gold and silver braid for both capotes and large brim hats.

A white silk jersey is shown trimmed with white beads and edged at the bottom with white beaded passementerie and a deep white bead fringe.

OGDEN BROS & RULE,

Wholesale and Retail

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS

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AND

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS

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RANDOLPH & ENGLISH,

RICHMOND, VA.,

Have on hand the largest stock of

LAW, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS

BOOKS

In the State. A full line Stationery and Blank Books. Country merchants generally requested to examine.

RESTAURANT!

A WANT OF LONG STANDING SUPPLIED

For the benefit of the public I have opened an EATING HOUSE in the building formerly occupied by Iron & Co., in front of the Court-house.

Meals furnished at all hours in the day. Charges reasonable. Sleeping accommodations also provided. All horses fed and cared for.

W. B. RICHARDSON,

mCy226m MARION, VA.

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Will practice regularly in all the courts of Smyth County. Jan. 24-84-ly.

FRANK T. BARR,

ATTORNEY,

And Counsellor at Law,

ABINGDON, VA.

Will practice in the Courts of Smyth Co. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him. sep30t

DR. JNO. S. PENDLETON.

MARION VIRGINIA.

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Marion and vicinity. Office at Pendleton's Drug Store. Residence in front of W. C. Seavers' Furniture Warehouses. march 22-83 ty.

DR. E. J. HALLER,

DENTIST,

MARION, VA.

Office one door west of Pendleton's Drug Store. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. All work first-class and satisfaction guaranteed.

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JEWELRY

SILVERWARE

Send your orders to

HENRY SILVERTHORN

LYNCHBURG, VA.

Prices guaranteed as low as any house in the United States.

NO ONE WILL DENY

That we carry the

LARGEST STOCK

OF

MENS' BOYS' AND CHILDRENS'

CLOTHING

In Southwest Virginia, which renders it easy for you to suit yourself.

OUR STOCK OF FURNISHING

has no equal and consists of the latest style Neck Wear—white and fancy—Hosiery and Handkerchiefs.

We have 150 dozen assorted Shirts now on hand, which is 25 per cent. greater than is kept by any other house in town.

NOTE OUR SPECIALTIES

The celebrated Pearl Shirt \$1.00 for sale only by us. Every Shirt stamped

PEARL

The Coon brand Collars and Cuffs sold only by us.

The Celluloid Collars and Cuffs, require no washing—for sale only by us.

The Kulerbocker Brace prevents round shoulders—for sale only by us.

Our Patent Gum Coat for riding purpose with Cape attached. They are the best in the land.

Call and see us and you will find everything necessary to complete a gentleman's wardrobe.

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KNABE

PIANO-FORTES.

UNEQUALLED IN

Tone, Touch, Workmanship & Durability.

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Dr. Simon's Vegetable Liver Pills.

Dr. Simon's Nerve and Bone Linctum.

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St. John's Horse and Cattle Powders.

Little White's Linctum.

a-3-ly.

Read and Act and

You Will Save Money.

EXCELSIOR

COOK STOVES

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

EIGHTEEN SIZES AND KINDS

ALL PURCHASERS CAN BE SUITED

MANUFACTURED BY

Isaac A. Sheppard & Co., Baltimore, Md.

AND FOR

R. M. HEPTINSTALL,

MARION, VA.

THE LIGHT-RUNNING

NEW HOME

Sewing Machine

Simple Strong & Superior

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR.

NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

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CHICAGO ILL. ORANGE MASS. ATLANTA GA.

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LYNCHBURG, VA.

The unrivalled

FARMER GIRL COOK STOVE.

First-class Heating Stoves,

12y and House Furnishing Goods.

BEUCHLER & SIMMONS,

Proprietors of the

EXCELSIOR BAKERY

AND CONFECTIONERY

OPPOSITE SEXTON'S HALL,

Main Street, WYTHEVILLE, VA.

They keep constantly on hand

FRESH BREAD, CAKES AND

PIES

A full supply of

FANCY GROCERIES

Consisting of

TEAS,

COFFEES,

SUGARS,

CANNED GOODS

The very best brands of

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO

And FINE SUGARS,

Special attention given to Party and

Wedding Cakes, and perfect satisfaction

guaranteed on all orders of that kind.

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W. O. CRAWFORD,

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PRETZELER, KLINE & CO.

Man'frs and Jobbers of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

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ROOFING AND GUTTERING

A SPECIALTY.

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Jan 31 ty

THE CENTURY

IN 1885.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

PAPERS OF THE CIVIL WAR.

The important feature of THE CENTURY MAGAZINE for the coming year, indeed, perhaps the most important ever undertaken by the magazine, will be a series of separate papers on the "The War of the Union," written by general officers high in command upon both the Federal and Confederate sides.

General Grant (to be written by Vicksburg, Shiloh and other battles) General Longstreet, McClellan, Beauregard, Rosecrans, Hill, Admiral Porter and others.

The series opens in the November Century with a graphically illustrated article on THE BATTLE OF BULL RUN,

written by the Confederate general G. T. Beauregard. Brief sketches entitled "Recollections of a Private," chronicling special events, descriptions, etc., will supplement the more important series by the various generals.

Special regard for accuracy will guide the preparation of the illustrations for which THE CENTURY has at its disposal a very large quantity of photographs, drawings, portraits, maps, plans, etc., hitherto unused. The aim is to present in this series not official reports, by commanding officers' accounts of their plans and operations—interesting personal narratives which will record leading events of the war, and possess, at the same time, a historical value not easily calculated.

Under the heading of MISCELLANEOUS FEATURES, a series of papers, the chief of which is by W. D. Howells, the illustrations being reproductions of Joseph Pennell; a series on THE NEW NORTH-WEST,

being an interesting group of papers by E. V. Smalley, Lieut. Schwatka, Principal Grant (of Kingston, Ontario) and others descriptive of little-known regions; papers on French and painting, an art, sculpture and painting, with some exquisite illustrations, papers on

ASTRONOMY, ARCHITECTURE, and HISTORY the first being by Professor Langley and others. Under Architecture are included more of Mrs. Van Rensselaer's articles on Churches, City and Country Houses, etc. Colonel George E. Waring, Jr., will describe

PROGRESS IN SANITARY DRAINING; E. C. Steadman, Edmund Gosse, and others will furnish literary essays; George W. Cable will contribute in various ways; several papers on sport and adventure will soon be published, and

JOHN BURROUGHS will write from time to time on outdoor subjects.

Readers of THE CENTURY may feel sure of keeping abreast of the times on leading subjects that may properly come within the province of a monthly magazine. Its circulation is now about 140,000 monthly, the November number exceeding that figure. Subscriptions should date from this number, beginning the War Series and Mr. Howells' novel. Price 4.00 a year, 35 cents a number. All booksellers and news-dealers sell and take subscriptions, or remittances may be made to the publishers.

A free specimen copy of THE CENTURY will be sent on request. Mention this paper.

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PURE TINTED GLOSS PAINT!

If you are going to Paint, use the

BEST AND CHEAPEST PAINT

IN THE MARKET.