

Classified Advertisements.

Rooms For Rent. Apply
MRS. D. H. MITCHELL,
S 30 n d 1 t e ** Marion, Va.

Ten good two year old Steers for
sale, See,
S 30 n d 2 t e MR. J. B. PEERY,
Sept 30 1 t n d MR. J. B. PEERY.

EVERYTHING FOR YOUR RADIO.
JACKSON RADIO SERVICE.
MARION, VIRGINIA

FOR SALE—Good prosperous
hotel in thriving city. Address, R. C.
M., Box 336, Middlesboro, Ky.
Sept 30 n d 2 t e **

We have a nice assortment of
Victrolas and Records. Come in and
let us demonstrate them to you.
CITY DRUG STORE.

SOMETHING NEW FOR MARION.

We understand that a Beauty Parlor
will be opened in the near future in
the Alexander building, in room
one door West of Marion Clothing
Company. This will be a great con-
venience for the ladies and children
who have their hair bobbed and man-
icure work done. Watch for the
opening dates in the near future.

BACK LAME AND ACHY?

The Advice of This Marion Resident
Should Help You to Get Well.

Do you suffer nagging backache?
Feel dizzy, nervous and depressed?
Are the kidney secretions irregu-
lar; breaking your rest?

Likely your kidneys are at fault.
Weak kidneys give warning. You
have backache; rheumatic twinges.
You feel weak, tired, all worn out.
Heed the warning. Don't delay!
Use Doan's Pills—a stimulant di-
uretic to the kidneys.

Your neighbors recommend Doan's
Here a Marion case.

Mrs. B. J. Keys, 25 Lee St., says:
"My back was weak and lame and
ached a great deal. When arising
in the morning, I felt miserable and
often had headaches and dizzy spells.
My kidneys didn't act as they should.
I used Doan's Pills they helped me
from the first, and finally cured me.
60c, at all dealers. Foster-Mil-
burn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

NOTICE.

E. L. Pugh,
vs.
D. Parsons et al.
In Chancery.

Pursuant to the terms of that cer-
tain decree entered by the Circuit
Court of Smyth County, August 25,
1924, directing L. P. Collins as a
Special Commissioner to take and
state an account of all liens and
priorities in the above matter, I will
at my office in the Bank of Marion
on October 14, 1924, between 6 A. M.
and 6 P. M., to take said accounts.

L. P. COLLINS,
Special Commissioner.

Oct 2 n 2t

Attention Ladies!



The woman who is
looking for comfort
quality, neatness,
will find we are carrying an Arch Support Shoe, Dr. Darling's Surgeon Shoe, that will give you all we claim. The discriminate woman will do well to care for her Feet--it means

PERFECT HEALTH.

THE Weiler-Wolfe Company

Personals

Miss Virginia Fry is vi-iting friends
in Norton this week.

Mr. William Hester has been on the
sick list for a week.

Mr. J. Walter Scott spent last
Thursday in Roanoke.

Mrs. Hester Rouse is in Pulaski visit-
ing her sister Mrs. Joe Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Alexander spent
last Thursday in Roanoke attending
the Fair.

Messrs. J. A. Arney and S. F. Snider
spent last week in Roanoke at-
tending the Fair.

Mr. J. B. Keys and family moved
last Monday to Abingdon where he
is employed.

Mrs. W. F. Culbert who spent sev-
eral weeks in Newland, N. C., re-
turned last Tuesday.

Mr. C. S. Scott of Bristol Candy
Company spent the week-end in Ma-
rion with homefolks.

Mrs. Charles McGhee of Bristol
who has been visiting Mrs. W. F.
Blackwell left Sunday for her home.

Mrs. C. C. Lincoln, Jr., is spending
a short time in Bristol as the guest
of relatives.

Mrs. Edwin P. Cox, of Lynchburg,
is spending some time with Mrs.
Arthur L. Cox, in Royal Oaks
Heights.

Mrs. Charles Cappell, of Bristol,
spent the week-end as the guest of
her sister Mrs. J. B. Peery.

Mr. W. V. Birchfield who spent
several days of last week in Abing-
don Hospital returned home last
Thursday.

Roy Snider son of Mr. and Mrs.
A. C. Snider, who was taken to Ab-
ingdon Hospital last Tuesday is im-
proving rapidly.

With each 25c Box of Nature
Remedy, we will give you one 25c
Box N. R. Jr., FREE.

CITY DRUG STORE.

Mr. Hiter Robinson and wife, of
Norton, spent the week-end as the
guest of Mrs. Elva Robinson, in West
Main Street.

Rev. and Mrs. S. B. Conley and
little son, who have been spending
the summer months with Mrs. Con-
ley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. H.
Rider, on Cherry Street left Monday
for their home in Chicago.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT

Miss Annie Lou Johnston who
departed this life September 6th,
1924, was a faithful member of the
Methodist Episcopal Church South.
She professed faith in Christ and
joined the church when very young,
always attending church and Sunday
School when she was able and always
tried to perform her christian duties
in every way. Although Miss Annie
Lou was not strong but was always
very cheerful, even all during her
last illness she was so cheerful that
her friends could not realize her con-
dition was so serious.

On Sunday afternoon a large
crowd of relatives and friends gath-
ered at the Methodist church from
in and out of town to pay their last
tribute to the departed. The funeral
services were conducted by her pas-
tor, Rev. H. B. Brown, assisted by
Dr. Carlock of Bristol and Dr. Crow
of Wytheville.

Honorary Pall bearers were:
Messrs. J. M. Brisco, R. T. Greer, J. P.
Sheffey, W. E. Francis, W. E. Haw-
kins, O. C. Sprinkle, H. B. Staley
and Geo. A. Collins. Active Pall
bearers were: Messrs. Walter John-
ston, Walter Scott, J. E. Johnston, W.
S. Stone, J. H. Rouse and Joe How-
ard.

Flower bearers: Mesdames, R. T.
Greer, Walter Johnston, Hester Rouse,
Misses Shaver, Hallie Pannill, Gay
Snider, Ruth Brisco and Cleo Scott.

The deceased was much esteemed
and loved for her amiable disposi-
tion and those who knew her best
loved and admired her virtues most.

She leaves to mourn her untimely
death her mother Mrs. Isabella John-
ston of Marion and one brother Mr.
Byron Johnston of Wytheville, her
father having preceded her to the
better world some years ago. Though
your hearth-stone has been robbed of
your dear daughter, what a consol-
ation to know she rests in Heaven,
the sorrows of earth to her are past.
She has fought the last great enemy,
won a glorious victory, and now
shouts the songs of triumph in the
fold of her Redeemer.

Truly it can be said of her that
though she was young in years she
was old in experience. She fitted into
the life of the home as naturally as
do the hues of the morning light. She
lived for Christ so that when He
called her she was ready to present
to her Saviour the product of a life
well spent. In her death we fully
realize the truthfulness of the saying
"Death loves a shining mark."

And while we are sad hearted and
lonely without her, we know she is
now in glory. May a kind provid-
ence deal gently with the stricken
ones.

Her remains were taken back near
her old homestead and laid to rest
in Mt. Carmel cemetery till God shall
bid it rise in full bloom of immortali-
ty.

Faculty Recital Marion College

The Faculty Recital of Marion
College was given in the College
Auditorium on Monday evening.
Despite the heavy rain, the auditor-
ium was well filled, and all who were
present forgot the inclement weather
in their enjoyment of the program.
The program presented bore out
President Cox's statement that the
college faculty is very superior. Miss
Lelia Trigg of Richmond opened the
program with a piano number. Miss
Trigg played with a certainty which
showed the audience from the begin-
ning that she was at home at the
piano, and that she is a musician of
unusual ability. Her interpretation
of Sineluis's Romance and of Chopin's
Impromptu Valse were very fine in-
deed. Miss Trigg's ability as an ac-
companied was shown in the splendi-
d manner in which she accompanied Miss
Heart and Miss Kerrick in their voice
and violin numbers.

Miss Bessie Sue Bishop who has
been added to the college faculty this
year played MacDowell's To The Sea
and MacDowell's Song in such a man-
ner that it was easy to know that she
appreciates MacDowell's composi-
tions as only real music lovers can
appreciate them. During the time
that Miss Bishop was a student at
the College she was a favorite with
the Marion audience, and her playing
on Monday evening was much enjoyed.

The audience was most enthusias-
tic over Miss Kerrick's violin number.
Miss Kerrick has been a member of
the faculty for several years and the
hearty encore which was given her
showed that there is a place which
Miss Kerrick alone can fill. The
playing of Seitz' Concerto was a
physical feat as well as a great mus-
ical feat. For fully fifteen minutes
she bowed to Miss Kerrick's violin
moved rapidly back and forth over
the strings. When her playing stop-
ped there was a moment's pause as
an expression of appreciation of her
playing; then the entire audience
joined in loud applause. The audi-
ence would have been delighted to
listen to another selection fully as
long, even though it was realized that
the player must necessarily be tired
after such a performance. Miss
Kerrick's class in violin is unusually
large this year.

One of the most enjoyable parts of
the program was Miss Hart's voice
numbers. Miss Hart sang in French,
Italian and English. Her voice is
an unusual one, possessing the quali-
ties which show that her nature has
endowed her with a voice of rare
beauty and that her natural voice
has had splendid training. Her
voice is clear and strong and she
sang without apparent strain or ef-
fort. The Marion people hope to
have the pleasure of hearing Miss
Hart many times during the year.
Miss Hart was for several years a
pupil of Herbert Witherspoon of New
York.

To the musical numbers of the pro-
gram there was added two readings
by Miss Smith, the teacher of ex-
pression. The audience was deeply
stirred by her reading of Elizabeth
Stuart Phelps' "Reunited Through
Song." It was easy to know that
Miss Smith is most unusual from the
viewpoint of pathos. The question as
to whether she would excel in the role
of humorous was soon dispelled when
began her reading of "Home Sweet
Home." Her impersonation of the
newly-wed bride who felt mistreated
because her husband suggested that
she was too heavy to sit on only one
of his knees, kept the audience en-
tertained throughout the entire read-
ing were given with an ease and
naturalness which made them very
pleasing. She showed none of the
affectation which accompanies a
number of readers.

Mr. Charles C. Lincoln, Jr., left
the latter part of the week for a hun-
ting trip through Canada as the guest
of the President of the New York
Central Railroad.

Mrs. J. G. Stephenson of Marion,
and her sister, Mrs. Walter Kelley,
of Chilhowie, who spent several days
of last week visiting their mother
Mrs. Julia Greenwood at Cave
Springs, Roanoke County, returned
home last Tuesday.

The first of the series of Recitals
given in the College Auditorium was
given Monday night, by the Faculty
of the Department of Music in Ma-
rion College. Quite an extensive
program of standard classical music
was presented and was very much
enjoyed by a very large and appreci-
ative audience.

Mrs. B. E. Copenhaver, returned
Saturday from Columbia, Ohio, where
she was delivering a series of lec-
tures in the interest of Inter-Deno-
minational Church work and left
Monday for Salisbury, N. C., where
she will attend a meeting of the
National Committee on church litera-
ture of the United Lutheran church
of America and the National Con-
ference for women.

State Doctor Addresses Club

A WELL ATTENDED MEETING OF
MUCH INTEREST.

A regular weekly meeting of the
Kiwanis Club was held last Tuesday
night, and despite the very threaten-
ing weather the attendance was good,
there being present 35 members and
one visitor, this being Dr. E. C. Har-
per, of the State Board of Health.

The meeting was held in the ban-
queting room of Greer's Cafe, and
mine host Greer, through caught with
rather short notice, served a very
appetizing supper.

The attention of the members was
called to the illness of several mem-
bers, among the number being Mr.
W. V. Birchfield, who is now con-
fined to his home in the Royal Oaks
Heights, and the Secretary of the
Club was directed to send him a let-
ter from the Club, expressing the
sympathy of the members as whole
and the wish that he may soon be
restored to his usual vigorous health.

Mr. R. G. Goolsby for the commit-
tee on Amusements reported a col-
lection of \$181.00, which had been
divided between the Marion Band
and the High School Athletics As-
sociation.

The Attendance Prize given by
Mr. R. T. Greer was drawn by Mr.
A. T. Lincoln, a very handsome tie.

Mr. B. L. Dickinson, of the com-
mittee for the evening's entertain-
ment, then introduced Dr. E. C. Har-
per, of the State Board of Health,
who has been in Marion holding a
clinic, who gave a very interesting
talk along the lines of his work, not
only in Smyth County, but elsewhere
in the State.

A committee was appointed in re-
gard to some action of the Club as
to the National Park, and the fol-
lowing article prepared by President
C. Brown Cox, of the Marion College,
very fully goes into the subject an-
covers the ground, so we give it below
as a part of this article:

WHITETOP THE CENTRE OF A GREAT NATIONAL PARK.

A great National Park embracing
Whitetop and covering the surround-
ing regions of southwestern Virginia,
upper east Tennessee and north-
western North Carolina is the bril-
liant prospect which is challenging
the attention of the public spirited of
this territory.

Our National Congress has decid-
ed that such a park shall be estab-
lished somewhere in the Appalachian
mountains south of the southern
boundary line of Pennsylvania. A
special congressional committee is
now studying the matter with a view
to making recommendation to Con-
gress when it again convenes.

Other sections are working night
and day to secure this park. But
the matter is still open. South-
western Virginia and adjacent territory
has an even chance to win. Leading
citizens who are most closely in
touch with the situation believe that
this section can easily win if the citi-
zens will get behind the movement
and push it with power and deter-
mination.

Our local Kiwanis Club is at work
through a special committee. This
committee is calling for a meeting of
representatives of all civic organiza-
tions and public spirited citizens of
the territory involved to be held at
Johnson City on October 13, for the
purpose of organizing the forces of
the whole territory for cooperation in
the matter.

No greater opportunity has ever
come to a southern section of our
country. Citizens can not give time
and money to an enterprise that
can do more to our section. South-
western Virginia has in superlative
measure a very advantage and at-
traction which are needed to make a
national park which will rival the
great parks of the West.

This is a call to all good citizens
to accept the challenge which is be-
fore us and to work with all might
until the location of the park is as-
sured for our territory. Go to John-
son City to the meeting. Get be-
hind the movement with all the other
organizations which are interested.
Let us win this great enterprise for
the territory where it naturally and
properly belongs.

A WORD OF APPRECIATION.

We wish through the columns of
this paper to thank individually Mrs.
J. P. Buchanan and Misses Senah
Bryant and Margaret Wassum for
the splendid program they gave us
on last Tuesday night. A neat sum
was realized for our new organ.

Methodist Church of Chilhowie.

Mr. B. O. Johnston and son Dan
of Wytheville were business visitors
here last Monday.

Marion College Organizations

The Y. W. C. A. is one of the most
active organizations of Marion Col-
lege. Miss Lillian Yost of Salis-
bury, North Carolina is president of
the Association. Her enthusiasm in
the work has spread throughout the
entire Association and there will be
a hundred per cent membership this
year. The Y. W. Cabinet has been at
work trying to help new students get
adjusted and trying to promote the
best possible campus life. As chair-
man of the Social Service Committee
Miss Rosamond Vaughn of Spring
Valley has done exceptionally fine
work. On Saturday evening the Y.
W., under the leadership of Miss Cecil
Dix of the Social Committee, enter-
tained the new students at a most
enjoyable party in the Athletic build-
ing. The older students were dress-
ed as others, grand mothers, and
great grand mothers, while the new-
er students were dressed as children
as babies, some coming with their
nurses. Various races and contests
were entered into with much en-
thusiasm. For several hours the
building rang with the happy voices
of the girls and when the party was
ended there seemed to be no longer
old and new students. All are now
students together.

On Wednesday evening the Re-
cognition Service of the Y. W. was
conducted in the College Auditorium.
At this meeting the new members of
the Association were received. As
chairman of the Membership Commit-
tee, Miss Virginia Stickley has been
on the look-out for new members and
every new student was received into
the Y. W. at the Recognition Service.
The girls of the Cabinet made a very
pretty picture, dressed in white and
carrying lighted candles. As the
new members of the Association
marched by the Cabinet they received
candles which were lighted from
the large candle of the president.

The Senior Class of the College
has twenty-three members. Miss
Cecile Dix of Crockett has been elec-
ted president of the class. This is a
well deserved honor. Miss Dix has
had her entire course since entering
high school at Marion College. Dur-
ing the five years that she has been
at Marion she has held a number of
responsible positions. The class of
1925 has made a splendid choice for
their president.

The College Missionary Society was
organized on Sunday afternoon. The
Missionary Society is the oldest or-
ganization of the college, having been
organized in 1881. Many splendid
missionary workers have been train-
ed in the College Society. Miss
Zelda Haus of Mt. Sidney is presi-
dent. Following the custom that is
prevalent in many organizations, the
Missionary Society has been divided
into four circles. The society con-
tributes to the support of Miss
Martha Akard who has been elected
president of a girl's school in Japan.
Miss Akard is a graduate of Marion
College.

The Athletic Association was or-
ganized on Wednesday with Miss
Henrietta Henna of Richmond as its
president. With the splendid Ath-
letic Building, this association will
play a very important part in the
college life. The girls are already
beginning their practice for basket
ball. The Dadds and Evens are select-
ing their teams and a number of
games between the rival teams are
being planned. The indoor tennis
court will give ample opportunity for
the usual tennis tournaments. The
Hiking Club has been organized with
Miss Rose Steffey as the manager.
Miss Florence Saunders has been
chosen manager of the Track Team.
Miss Henna, the physical director is
the efficient athletic coach.

The large Junior Class has elected
Miss Gladys Eullendore as its presi-
dently begun. Such rivalry adds
the Junior and Senior Classes has al-
ready begun. Such rivalry adds
zest to the undertakings of both
classes.

The P. E. P. Club, a mystery or-
ganization of last year, has already
been at work. On one evening of
the first week of school, the president
of the Student Association received
a note inviting her to take the girls
to a well known spot by the river.
The note was sealed with the usual
seal of a red rooster and the writing
could not be identified. When the
girls got to the picnic spot they found
everything ready for a match to be
struck to light a fire for roasting
marsh mallows. The marsh mallows
were there and the matches were
there; but there was no sign of the
P. E. P.'s except a red rooster on top
of the log that served as a back log
for the fire.

Miss Ruth Brisco left Wednesday
for Roper, N. C., where she teaches
English and History in the High
School.

Mr. and Mrs. Cloyd Kent and
daughter Helen returned last Sunday
from a camping trip at Island Park,
Tenn.

"The Weiler-Wolfe Co's Store"

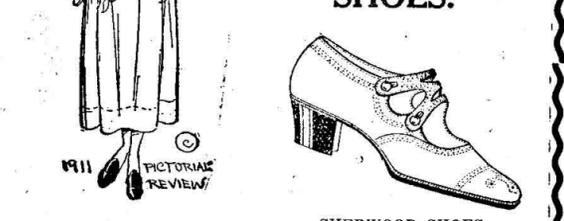
Continue to show New Numbers
in their many Departments.

MILLINERY.

A number of new styles including
the New Fushia Shades.

Ready-to-wear

Coats, New Autumn Shades, New
Styles, incomparable values.
Dresses, Woolen Dresses in all
shades in Charmeen, Twills, Striped
Worsted, Silk Bengalines, Silk Fail-
lies, Silk Cantons, Silk Novelities.
We know we can please you in our
dresses. "The New Store" has the
right Shades, right Lines, right
Prices.



SHERWOOD SHOES.
You will be deeply interested in all
our new numbers. We are showing
you several cuts of the many new
styles we have received in the last
week. We have not forgotten the
School Girl, the Miss and the Baby
in our Shoe Department.

Accessories

Our Fur, Gloves, Hosiery will com-
plete the perfect costume you will
find at the "New Store."

The Weiler-Wolfe Co.

MARION, VIRGINIA.

"The house that has made Mail Order service perfect"

Personals.

Howard Britton, a student of
Emory and Henry College, spent the
week-end with his parents, Mr. and
Mrs. W. N. Britton.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Greer, return-
ed to Marion Tuesday after spend-
ing the past two weeks on a motor
trip through North Carolina.

Miss Evelyn Britton will leave for
Washington, D. C., Wednesday. She
will teach again in one of the Ar-
lington County Schools.

Mrs. Louise Williams left Friday
for a short trip over in Rye Valley
where she was called on account of
the illness of relatives.

Be sure and get your Trunks and
Bags from the
MARION CLOTHING CO.

Among the new students who have
registered this session at Brenan
College Conservatory, Gainesville,
Ga., are noted Misses Mary Bryant
and Margaret Atkins, both of Ma-
rion.

FOR SALE Horses and Logging Camp EQUIPMENT.

18 Head of HEAVY HORSES, weights 1500
to 1600 pounds and Harness. Complete logging
equipment, consisting of Grabs, Chains, Axes,
Crosscut Saws, Peavies etc. Complete Bunk
House equipment, double and single deck beds or
bunks, all steel, with Springs. Cotton and Wool
Blankets and Comforts. Complete Cook Camp
equipment, large Hotel Range, Kitchen utensils
and Dishes for fifty men. Will sell the above as
a whole or in part to suit purchaser. For further
particulars call on or address

ATKINS LUMBER CO.
Atkins, Virginia.

MARION NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

ARTHUR L. COX

Owner and Publisher

HON. R. A. ANDERSON

Contributing Editor

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

By mail, postage paid, one year \$1.50
By mail, postage paid, six months .85

ADVERTISING RATES

Furnished on Application

Foreign Advertising Representatives
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

Entered at the Postoffice at Marion, Va., as second class mail matter.



SALTVILLE LODGE,
ORDER OF OAKS

No. 7.

Meets every First and Third Wednesday Night of each month, over M. A. Works, General Store, Saltville, Virginia.

L. L. CLEAR, President.
S. L. ARNETT, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET

Election, November 4, 1924.

For President:

CALVIN COOLIDGE
of Massachusetts.

For Vice-President:

CHARLES G. DAWES
of Illinois.

FOR CONGRESS

Ninth Virginia District

L. P. SUMMERS

of Washington County

Election, November 4th 1924.

The Platform of 1924

Adopted by the Republicans at Cleveland.

The Republican party reaffirms its unyielding devotion to the Constitution and to the guarantees of civil political and religious liberty therein contained.

With us, parties are essential instrumentalities of government. Our government functions best when the chief executive is supported by a majority in the Congress of the same political faith, united by party principles, and able by concerted action to carry out in an orderly way a definite, consistent and well balanced program.

In urging the people to elect a Republican President and Vice President, we urge them to elect to the Senate and House of Representatives men and women who believe in Republican principles, acknowledge party responsibility, and who can be relied upon to keep faith with the people by carrying out the programs which the Republican party presents and pledges itself to fulfill.

The Republican party reaffirms its stand for agreement among the nations to prevent war and to preserve peace.

As an important step in this direction, we endorse the permanent court of international justice and favor the adherence of the United States to this tribunal as recommended by President Coolidge. This government has definitely refused membership in the league of nations and to assume obligations under the covenant of the league. On this we stand.

LET'S GET BACK TO EARTH!

The issue in this presidential campaign is very simple. It is this:

Shall America settle down to steady going, and regular means and regular work, growing and building, prospering and progressing?

Or shall it go on a political and economic page, imitating, in a milder degree, what has happened in Russia?

Shall America get down to brass tacks with Coolidge?

Or shall it jazz around with La Follette and his following?

The war brought about a universal upheaval. There was no nation so isolated, no settlement so remote, that it wholly escaped the contagion of disorder.

What translated itself into chaos in Russia and disorder in the rest of Europe, translated itself in America into the various grades of desperation and radicalism that have centered, in this campaign, upon the candidacy of Mr. La Follette.

There was a world-wide breaking away from old moorings. There was unrest, unsettlement and upheaval. There was disturbance that ranged all the way from revolution, as in Russia, to mere vague irritation and dissatisfaction in America.

This country, perhaps, was affected least of all, but still it was affected by the same war-produced nervous disorder that gave most of Europe a sort of political St. Vitus dance.

This disorder is passing. Europe is well on the way toward recovery. The extremists there have shown thinking men and women everywhere the danger of extremism. In that, at least, they have done humanity a real service.

America, too, is getting back to earth. The day for following after strange political gods, is, for most Americans, about over. The day of jazz economics is near an end.

It is time for America to get down out of the air upon the solid ground and to clear a straight road for progress.

Can any reasoning American doubt that the way to do that is to get behind the cool, clear, calm and poised leadership of that most sane and sensible American, Calvin Coolidge?

Can any reasoning American doubt that follow Mr. La Follette is to continue in the hazardous path that leads to heaven knows what lengths of upheaval and disorder?

Senator La Follette may not be a Socialist; but every Socialist in the country, every follower of the Marx doctrine of the proletariat revolution, is with him.

Senator La Follette may not deliberately intend to scrap the existing American system of government and industry, but every advocate of drastic and revolution-

ary change except a handful of wild-eyed Communists is back of him.

Americans have no business with these imported doctrines of upheaval and revolution, with fantastic schemes of burning down the barn to get rid of the rats.

The American system, born on American soil and devised and carried on by patriotic American minds and hearts, is capable of any sound improvement, and it is good enough for Americans.

Shall Minnesota, with its rich stake in stable prosperity, with its thousands of comfortable homes in city and country, with its prosperous business enterprises small and great, with its people depending for peace and prosperity upon steady profits and regular employment and good wages, run the risk of trying the hazardous enterprises of the miscellaneous cults that surround Mr. La Follette?

Or shall Minnesota, confident in his loyalty to the country and to the best interests of every man, woman and child in America, sure of his devotion to steady and ordered and sound progress, follow President Coolidge, the sound, the calm, the righteous the fair-minded, the just leader whose success in November means the continuance of the best traditions of American progress?

Shall Minnesota get down to brass tacks with Coolidge?

Or shall Minnesota jazz around with La Follette?

Just a Letter From Home.

We have spoken several times of the appreciation that people who are living in sections distance from the place of their birth, feel on the arrival of the old "Home Town Paper" on its weekly visits. Those who are living at home and are among their home surroundings do not appreciate the feelings of the fellow from home when he gets the home paper. The following two letters that have recently come to editor's desk will serve to illustrate how the man away from home feels when he gets the "Old Home Paper:"

Los Angeles, California.

Dear Editor:

Enclosed fine \$1.50 for my subscription. I cannot do without my weekly letter from Marion. Have been away for twenty years and the paper is a weekly visitor that I am always glad to receive.

R. C. COPENHAVER.

Churchville, Maryland.

Mr. Editor:

Find enclosed \$5.00 for my subscription. I have been away from Marion nine years, but I feel still that I have many friends in and around Marion, and I love to hear about them through your paper.

D. T. POOLE.

How about it gentle Reader, have you not a friend away from home that you would like to delight with a copy each week of the "Home Town Paper?"

The Baptist Church

There will be a place for you in the Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. At 11:00 A. M., the pastor's subject will be "A Picture of God," and at 7:30 P. M., "A Non-Stop Flight For Eternity." At 6:30 P. M. The Young People meet. Give God a chance and come to church Sunday. A winner never quits and a quitter never wins. Bring your friend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Rye For Sale.
Rooms For Rent.
Hotel For Sale.
Yearling Steers For Sale.
Graham's Bargain Sale.
City Drug Store—Medicines.
Weiler-Wolfe—Health Shoe.
Collins—Coats, Suits, Dresses.
Weiler-Wolfe—Millinery, Dresses.
City Drug Store—Victrola Records.
Mrs. Thornton—Coats, Hats, Dresses.
Websters New International Dictionary.
Staleys Hardware Co.—Parlor Furnace.



"If Your Pain Is There,
What You Need Is a Good
Tonic For the Kidneys"

The kidneys are the scavengers and they work day and night in separating and the poisons from the blood. Their signals of distress are easily recognized and include such symptoms as lumbago, backache, depression, drowsiness, irritability, headaches, dizziness, rheumatic twinges, dropsy.

People are realizing more and more every day that the kidneys, just as do the bowels, need to be flushed occasionally. The kidneys are an eliminative organ and are constantly working, separating the poisons from the blood. Under this continual and perpetual action they are apt to congest, and then trouble starts. Uric acid backs up into the system, causing rheumatism, neuralgia, dropsy and many other serious disturbances. It means that you are a victim of uric acid poisoning. Then ask your druggist for Anuric (anti uric acid) and you will very soon become one of hundreds who have been helped by this powerful enemy to uric acid.

Dr. Pierce manufactures Anuric (kidney-backache) tablets and you can obtain a trial pkg. by enclosing 10c and addressing Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

PUBLIC SPEAKING

HON. L. P. SUMMERS,

Republican Candidate For Congress

---AND---

HON. WADE H. ELLIS,

OF OHIO,

Will address the Voters of Smyth County on

Monday, October 27th, 1924,

COURT DAY, AT THE COURT HOUSE.

You will want to hear your candidate for Congress, also the distinguished and eloquent gentleman from the great State of Ohio discuss the issues involved in this campaign. All voters invited, both men and women.

R. A. Anderson,

County Chairman.

Big Improvements at little cost With Sheetrock

It's wonderful what you can do for a little money when you remodel with Sheetrock, the fireproof wallboard.

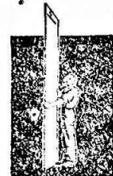
Big rooms can be partitioned off into extra rooms, unfinished additions walled and ceiled, attics and basements turned into valuable space.

Sheetrock makes solid, tight-jointed and fire-proof walls and ceilings. It is pure gypsum cast in sheets—and unlike wood, paper or pulp, it is non-warping, vermin-proof, sound-proof and lasting.

Just nail the Sheetrock to the joists or studding, and decorate as you please, with paint, paper, or Textone, The Sheetrock Decorator. Made only by the United States Gypsum Company.

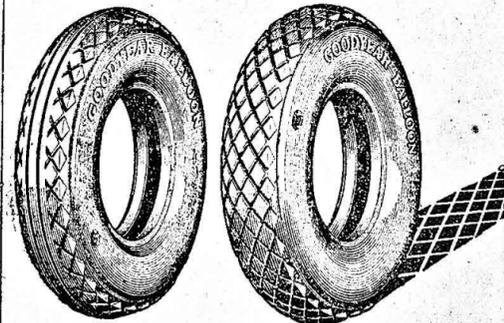
Ask your lumber or building material dealer for sample and prices.

UNITED STATES GYPSUM COMPANY
205 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Illinois



Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

SHEETROCK
THE Fireproof WALLBOARD



Are You Getting
All Your Money's Worth?

You are if you are getting Goodyear Tires—at Goodyear's present low price.

Then you are getting the most in highest-grade materials, workmanship and design.

You are getting it for no more money and in some cases even less—than others are paying for ordinary tires.

If you aren't getting these things, you aren't getting the full money's worth that we give with every Goodyear Tire.

NOTE THESE PRICES ON GENUINE
GOODYEAR CORD TIRES

30 x 3 1/2 Clincher \$14.05 33 x 4 Straight Side \$23.20
32 x 4 Straight Side 22.50 32 x 4 1/2 Straight Side 29.20

Sauls & McNew, Saltville, Va.
Smyth County Motor Co., Marion, Va.
Chilhowie Motor Co., Chilhowie, Va.
Troutdale Motor Shop, Troutdale, Va.

GOODYEAR

Seasonable Suggestions :

Before starting up the winter fires,

- (1) Carefully inspect your chimneys, flues, furnace and stoves; Clean them out, and have any defects repaired.
- (2) Clean out all rubbish and trash from basement and attic.
- (3) Check over your fire insurance policies, to see that you have sufficient insurance, and that it is properly written.

GILLS & MILES

General Insurance:

Phone No. 92.

Office over Bank of Marion,

Marion, Va.

A GOVERNMENT LOAN. Plenty of Money.

Farming is a business and must be conducted as such. Financing is the first essential. The Federal Land Bank was created by an Act of Congress in 1916, to supply this need for the farmer. Everyone knows that the farmer needs a long term loan in his business, also a plan by which he can gradually reduce his indebtedness and not worry about the renewal of his notes and mortgage. His experience proves to him the advantage of a co-operative system.

1. A low rate of interest. Five and one-half per cent.
2. Systematic reduction of the mortgage.
3. Long term with no renewals.
4. Farm can be sold and mortgage transferred to the purchaser.
5. The farmers receive the earnings of the Bank. (Last year The Federal Land Bank of Baltimore paid about \$100,000 in dividends back to the County Associations.) Are you receiving any earnings on your present indebtedness?

If you are interested in further particulars, would advise that you come to see me. 300 other farmers of this county have taken advantage of this system. Why not you?

Smyth County National Farm Loan Assn
W R D MONCURE, Sec.-Treas.
Bank of Marion Building. Marion, Virginia.

WANTED:—To hear from decedents of
JOSEPH C. MCGHEE.
WILLIAM S. MCGHEE.
ALFRED R. MCGHEE.
Please write
A. C. THOMPSON,
Sept 25 2tn Anabel Mo.

If in need of Trunk and Bags, do not fail to call on the
MARION CLOTHING CO.

N. & W. Norfolk and Western
Schedule in effect April 30, 1922.

LEAVE MARION DAILY

8:13 A. M., Lynchburg, Richmond Norfolk Parlor car Bristol to Hagerstown. Connects at Roanoke for Richmond and Norfolk and at East Radford for Bluefield.

12:52 P. M., for Lynchburg, and local stations, connects at Walton for Columbus, Cincinnati. Sleepers East Radford to Philadelphia via Shenandoah Valley Dining car.

6:50 P. M., for Norfolk, Sleeper to Norfolk, Roanoke and Richmond.

7:52 A. M., 151 p. m. 9:01 p. m. for Bristol.
Additional information upon application to Agent N. & W. R. Y. or W. C. Bevil, Passenger Traffic Manager; W. C. Saunders, General Passenger Agent, Roanoke, Va.



Order of Oaks meets every second and fourth Friday night in Odd Fellows Hall 7:30 P. M.

E. M. SNIDER, President.
B. B. COPENHAVER, Secy.

THE METHODIST SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Sunday, the 28th, was promotion day with us and the scholars in the primary, intermediate and junior departments were generally advanced to higher classes. We are badly in need of more teachers and trust that about six will volunteer next Sunday.

Mr. Brown, our pastor, leaves this week for Annual Conference which meets at Knoxville, Tenn., this year. The Blues are still in the lead and if the Reds do not get to work they will come up short.

Gained Ten Pounds

Mrs. George S. Hunter, of Columbus, Ga., says she suffered severely with female troubles.

"I had to go to bed and stay sometimes two weeks at a time," says Mrs. Hunter. "I could not work. My... were irregular and I got very thin. I went from 126 pounds down to less than 100. My mother had been a user of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

and she knew what a good medicine it was for this trouble, so she told me to get some and take it. I sent to the store after it and before I had taken the first bottle up I began to improve. My side hurt less and I began to mend in health. I took four bottles in all during the last ten months. Cardui acted as a fine tonic. I am well now. I have gained ten pounds and am still gaining. My sides do not trouble me at all and my... are quite regular. I know that Cardui will help others suffering from the same trouble."

Take Cardui. E-101

Printing

Are You in Need of?

- Tags
 - Cards
 - Blanks
 - Folders
 - Dodgers
 - Receipts
 - Envelopes
 - Statements
 - Bill Heads
 - Invitations
 - Packet Heads
 - Letter Heads
- Call at this office

Good Work Is Our Specialty

FARMER NOT AID IN ORGANIZATION OF THIRD PARTY

International Labor Unions Excluded From LaFollette Convention All Except Own Followers.

RADICALS IN POWER BAN SOIL TILLERS

Blacklist Includes Their Defenders in Congress.

LaFollette was entered in the race for President by an aggregation of national and international labor unions. The public, and particularly the farmer, had no voice whatever in his so-called nomination. There has existed for over three years an organization known as the Conference for Progressive Political Action, composed of 16 or 18 national and international labor unions, the majority of them railway labor organizations.

The officers of this Conference for Progressive Political Action are on the whole the national and international officers of the labor organizations composing the conference. The chairman or president of this conference is William Johnston, president of the International Machinists' union, and the director of the railroad strike in 1922. Mr. Johnston was recently candidate for governor of Rhode Island on the Socialist ticket. The headquarters of this conference is in the Machinists' building, Washington, D. C., a building owned by the International Machinists.

This conference held its annual meeting in St. Louis in February, 1924, adopted a platform, pledged itself to launch a third party, and adjourned to meet in Cleveland July 4 for that purpose. The convention in Cleveland on July 4 was therefore nothing but the adjourned meeting of the Conference for Progressive Political Action. The delegates to the Cleveland convention were merely delegates from the labor organizations comprising the Conference for Progressive Political Action, plus a few scattering delegates from the Socialist party and a few radical organizations such as the League for Industrial Democracy. The Conference for Progressive Political Action established its own rules regarding whom it would admit as delegates and these rules were so framed that no one not in hearty accord with the views of the labor organizations comprising the conference was admitted. Out of approximately 1,000 delegates, less than 25 were farmers or representatives of alleged farmer organizations.

The officers of the Conference for Political Action were the officers of the convention. William Johnston, Socialist leader, was the temporary and also the permanent chairman. After organizing the convention, a resolution was drawn up and sent to Senator LaFollette asking him to lead in a fight for a third party. Not a single farmer or representative of a bona fide farmer organization signed this petition.

The so-called platform adopted at this convention offers absolutely nothing to the farmer. It consisted practically altogether of a recital of the alleged grievances of organized labor and a demand for the enactment of their legislative program. Not a farmer was a member of any of the committees of this convention, neither the committee on resolutions nor credentials, nor organization, nor nominations. The chairman of each of these committees was an official of some international labor organization. The personnel of these committees were either officials high in international railway labor organizations or officials high in the Socialist party, and other radical organizations.

The convention went on record in behalf of the candidacy of LaFollette. LaFollette was officially notified of his nomination by a committee appointed by Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor and no member of this committee was a farmer. LaFollette acknowledged his nomination in the form of a letter addressed not to the people of the United States or to the farmers of the United States, but to the American Federation of Labor.

The campaign committee handling the LaFollette-Wheeler movement is the National Committee of the Conference for Progressive Political Action, plus a number of Socialists. The addition of Socialists to this committee was demanded by the Socialist party as the price of their support of the ticket. This demand was made at a meeting of the committee held in Washington July 21, at which time representatives of the Socialist party were present and insisted that they be given 10 per cent of the committee. Their demand was granted. There is an executive committee of 10 handling the inside stuff of the LaFollette-Wheeler campaign. No farmer is on this committee. The campaign headquarters of the LaFollette-Wheeler movement is 408 Machinists' building, Washington, D. C.

The Conference for Progressive Political Action issues a weekly publication known as Labor. The farmer has no part in it. It is managed and edited wholly by representatives of labor organizations. It is their official campaign publication.

Marion & Rye Valley By.

VIRGINIA SOUTHERN R. R.

Time Table No. 7 in Effect

January 31, 1921

A. M. STATION P. M.

9:00 Lv. Marion Ar. 3:40

10:55 Ar. Sugar Grove Lv. 2:00

11:00 Lv. Sugar Grove Ar. 1:55

12:00 Ar. Troutdale Lv. 12:55

Daily Except Sunday

Subject to change without notice.

H. T. LAWFORD, Gen. Manager.

Styleplus Clothes

Just what the name implies—style plus quality. Styleplus fabrics are allwool. See how smartly they tailor—and they hold their shape.

Young men—we have the proper thing for you, all the latest fashion touches. Conservative dressers—we give you stylish dignity, the Styleplus quality. Made by Henry Sonneborn & Co., Inc., Baltimore, Md.

Popular prices always. Before you buy clothes see Styleplus.

MARION CLOTHING COMPANY

One Door West of the Piggly Wiggly.

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Sam Alexander, Manager

SAVE

5 per cent by paying your ELECTRIC BILL before the 10th of each month. Electric bills must be paid in full by the 15th. If not, service will be cut off on the 16th.

SAVE

both trouble and money by paying them before the 10th.

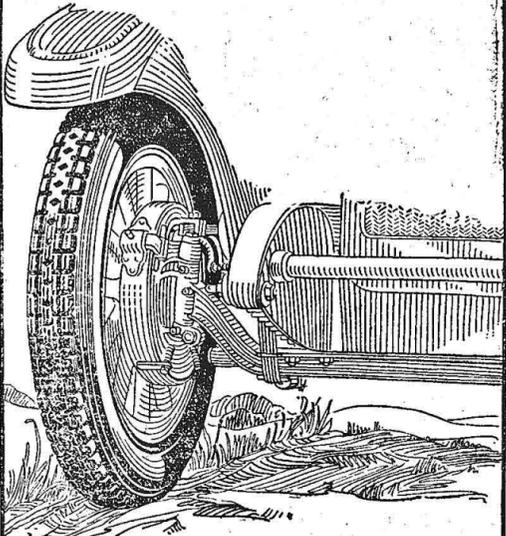
Appalachian Power Co

LOOK HERE.

You can get from the Laurel Spring Sanitary Dairy Cream for your strawberries and plenty of good sanitary milk for the boys and girls to drink. That puts the pink in their cheeks, (no paint necessary.) I have some separated milk that's good to make your bread at twenty cents (.20) per gallon. No better tonic can be had than good milk products.

Bad Business

We operate on the theory that it would be folly to jeopardize a good reputation by handling a tire of questionable quality.



AJAX TIRES

East End Filling Station,
Marion, Virginia.

Professional Cards.

B. F. Buchanan J. P. Buchanan.

Buchanan & Buchanan,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

OFFICE—Over the Bank of Marion.

COURTS—State and Federal.

MONCURE & LATANE

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office: Bank of Marion Building.

Will practice in all State and Federal Courts Represents Federal Land Bank of Baltimore.

JAMES W. SHEFFEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office over Bank of Marion.

B. L. DICKINSON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office over Bank of Marion.

PERKINS & FUNK,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office in the Court House.

Will practice in the Courts of the State and in the United States Courts.

R. G. GOOLSBY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office in Court House.

L. PRESTON COLLINS

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office over Bank of Marion.

GEO. F. COOK

LAWYER,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Office over Bank of Marion

STORE ROOM FOR RENT

After July 15th, the store room on

Church Street, Marion, Va., at present

occupied by the Johnston Electrical Co., will be for rent. This is

one of the best rooms in town.

Apply to the Hotel Marion.

July 19,

U. G. JONES, M. D.,

Rooms 602-603-604

Unaka City National Bank Building

JOHNSON CITY, TENNESSEE.

Practice Limited to Diseases of

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

I will be in Dr. Baughmans office

First Saturday in each month.

Dr. THOS. F. STALEY,

REFRACTIONIST,

Treats Diseases of the

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat,

Office—418 State Street,

BRISTOL, TENNESSEE.

Hours—9 to 12—2 to 5.

Telephone: Residence 80; Office 83.

LOST—3 Yearling Heifers, marked,

crop and overbit on left ear. 1

yearling heifer marked, crop and

underbit on right ear. Reward of

\$10.00 for their return.

R. A. REPASS,

Nebo, Va.

Sept 18 3t n**

WANTED:—Men or women to take

orders for genuine guaranteed hosiery

for men, women and children. Eliminate

darning. Salary \$75 a week

full time, \$1.50 an hour spare time.

Beautiful Spring line.

International Stocking Mills,

Norristown, Pa.

n M 29 10w

LOTS FOR SALE.

Two of the best lots in the Staley

addition are offered for sale. Located

on the Lee Highway, with an

eastern exposure; right in the center,

level and easy to build on. Price and

terms easy. Apply at once to J. S.

care Marion News Office.

Sept 11 tf n

Underwear for Boy's and Men at

lowest prices,
MARION CLOTHING CO.

YOU READ the Other Fellow's Ad

You are reading this one. That should convince you that advertising in these columns is a profitable proposition; that it will bring business to your store. The fact that the other fellow advertises is probably the reason he is getting more business than is falling to you. Would it not be well to give the other fellow a chance

To Read Your Ad in These Columns?

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

MEETING OF COURTS:

First Monday in February, April, June

October and December.

Judge of Circuit Court:

J. J. STUART.

Judge Juvenile and Domestic Relation Court

B. L. DICKINSON

Clerk of Courts:

H. L. KENT.

Deputy Clerk:

S. W. KENT.

LIZZIE P. ALLEN, D. C.

Attorney for the Commonwealth

CHAS. H. FUNK

County Treasurer:

J. L. C. ANDERSON.

Sheriff:

S. F. DILLARD.

Supt. of Education:

B. E. COPENHAVER.

Commissioners of the Revenue:

Marion District:

W. B. ECHOLS

Rich Valley District:

J. A. CAMPBELL

St. Clair District:

FRED B. HUBBELL

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS:

Board meets First Monday each month

Marion District:

J. A. ELLER, Chairman.

Rich Valley District:

W. W. BUCHANAN

St. Clair District:

S. W. KEESLING.

County Demonstrator:

LEE M. COLE.

Office: Court House Building.

County Health Officer

J. F. WARD.

P. O. Box 335 Phone 63.

Office: Court House Building.

County Surveyor:

B. B. Roberts,

P. O.—Cedar Springs, Va.

Superintendent of Poor:

E. C. YANCEY.

Electoral Board.

J. P. BUCHANAN, Chairman.

L. P. COLLINS, Secretary.

GEO. H. MILES.

Game Warden A. M. Newman

Marion Town Directory.

Mayor:

M. M. BROWN,

RECORDER:

J. T. HULL.

Sergeant:

GORDON SNAVELEY.

Councilmen:

GEO. F. COOK, President.

BEATTIE GWYNN,

M. M. BROWN,

HARRY GROSECLOSE

E. T. PRATER,

L. E. GORDON,

J. A. THOMPSON.

Attorneys-at-Law.

J. D. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

"BOB'S BUNKEM" IN TOTAL COLLAPSE WHEN HIS CHARGES ARE ANALYZED

Appeal to Class Prejudice by Accusing American Business of Monopolistic Conspiracy Not Supported by Facts.

By Wm. M. BUTLER,
Chairman Republican National Committee.

Washington.—Senator LaFollette, opening his campaign with a speech on Labor day, pictured the American people as being in a terrible plight, and offered a bill of particulars. He also proposed his remedies. His speech was an appeal to class prejudice. The "facts" upon which his speech was based have been subjected to careful scrutiny, and his allegations do not stand up.

He said a gigantic monopolistic conspiracy of American business is sucking the blood, morals and pocketbooks of the American people. The truth is the Republican administration has fought monopoly and preserved free competition, as proven by the actual price of necessities. Examining Mr. LaFollette's speech in detail, how does it square with the facts?

1. "Exactly what do we mean by the 'system'?" asked LaFollette, and answering his own question, he said: "We mean the combination which rules the coal industry of this country and which fixes the price of coal to the consumer."

The fact is that in the bituminous coal industry, which comprises 85 per cent of all coal production, there is no single corporation or group which controls more than 5 per cent of the total output. Eight thousand independent operators are in active competition, half of them selling coal for less than cost; bituminous prices are lower today than in 1916, though wages are 100 per cent above pre-war.

2. He said: "We mean the banking combine which, through its control of the federal reserve board, arbitrarily fixed interest rates and controls credit in the interest of the big monopoly system. It initiated four years ago a policy of deflation, causing a shrinkage in farm prices since 1920."

This deflation was inaugurated and carried out under the Democratic administration. Interest rates were at once lowered when the Republican administration came into office. Furthermore the Republican administration appointed a farmer on the federal reserve board and created the intermediate credit system for the farmer's special benefit.

Mr. LaFollette forgets that there has been a steady increase in the prices to the farmer, as well as an increase in the purchasing power of his crops, ever since the Republican administration reversed the policy of the Democratic administration, which placed the farmer in the economic situation that he was in 1921 and later. This is shown by the following index numbers of the average price of agricultural products and the index numbers of the purchasing power of the products as published by the Department of Agriculture:

Year	Index Numbers	Purchasing Power Farm Products—1913
1913	100	100
1921	109	87
1922	113	79
1923	118	72
July 1924	155	83

3. Mr. LaFollette said: "The consumption per capita of such a staple food as bread is very much less than it was a few years ago. . . . It means that there are many people in the United States today who are hungry for bread."

Bread consumption has been decreasing in the United States in recent years, but Mr. LaFollette distorts the reason. Every nation decreases its consumption of bread when it increases its consumption of meats, fruits, sugar and other palatable foods demanded by a higher standard of living. Senator LaFollette attempts to conceal the increased consumption of other agricultural products. Under the low standards of living in Europe the consumption of breadstuffs amounts to 60 per cent of the total diet as against 20 per cent in the United States.

The following table shows the increase in consumption of foodstuffs per capita in the United States in important lines compared with wheat:

	All Meats.	Pork.
1912-14	319.2	85.9
1923	308.0	106.3

4. He said: "We mean the meat-packing combination, which fixes the price of the products of the farm," etc.

There are about 700 independent competing packers in the United States. Three of the "big five" to whom Mr. LaFollette refers, have had to entirely relinquish their business due to enormous losses; and one is in the hands of a receiver. The five have earned less than 1 per cent on goods handled during the past four years.

5. Mr. LaFollette said tariffs must be reduced. He attacked the whole Fordney bill and demanded all-around reduction.

Take the tariff off dairy products and you destroy that industry; take the duty off wool and you destroy the sheep industry; take the tariff off California fruits and nuts and the American growers are at the mercy of the Mediterranean growers. And so on down the list. Take the tariff off manufactured goods and the American workingman is at once in unrestrained competition with the sweating labor of Europe.

6. "The farmer in this country receives an average of only 40 cents of the dollar paid by the city consumer for farm products while the farmer of Denmark receives an average of 80 cents."

He neglects to state that the farmer in Denmark is within 125 miles of all consumers while in the United States there is an average of 1,200 miles between farmer and consumer.

7. He said: "We mean the sugar monopoly," etc.

The wholesale price of sugar at New York since the 1922 tariff was passed has averaged a little over 6 cents a pound; the average, for three years before the war was a little over 4 1/2 cents; an increase of 30 to 35 per cent. The average increase in the price of all commodities has been 45 per cent. Seventy per cent of Cuban sugar (our chief supply) is controlled by four or five groups which operate on foreign soil beyond reach of our Sherman anti-trust law. But for the competition of American beet sugar, these four or five groups would control absolutely the price of sugar in the United States. The Republican tariff has preserved and fostered the beet sugar industry. The Cuban groups want to destroy the tariff on sugar; so does Mr. LaFollette.

8. He said: "We mean the transportation monopoly," etc.

The railroads of the United States during the last four years have never earned more than 5 1/2 per cent on physical valuation, and on an average have earned less than 4 per cent. There cannot be much extortion in these earnings. Remember, labor comprises 70 per cent of railway operating costs. The average railroad wage is now 90 per cent above pre-war, yet the railroads, by great economies of operation, have held rates on agricultural products to a point only 45 per cent above pre-war level. Agriculture needs a reduction in freight rates, but that does not justify a misstatement of the facts. The only way for Mr. LaFollette to bring about the gigantic rate reduction he talks about is to reduce the wages of railway employees, and if he does that he will decrease consumption of the farmer's produce.

9. He said: "We mean the oil monopoly, which dictates prices on gasoline throughout the land."

The average pre-war price of gasoline was 16 cents; it is now 19 cents, an increase of about 19 per cent. Remember the average advance in all commodity prices was 45 per cent.

10. Mr. LaFollette charges that the Republican administration failed to enforce the laws against combinations and monopolies.

The fact is congress during this administration passed bills to correct evils attending meat packing and stockyards, and the dealing in grain futures. Under this same administration 49 suits were brought to check violations of the anti-trust laws, and 47 of them have been cleaned up; this is a greater record, than was made in the previous ten years. The Federal Trade Commission has handled 30 per cent more cases of unfair trade practices during the present Republican administration than in any previous four years.

Senator LaFollette said:

"We mean to conserve those natural resources and to make available to the people at cost the light, heat and water which can be developed from the water power sites now owned by the government."

What Mr. LaFollette really wants is government development and operation of public utilities. The government has never been able to operate public utilities as cheaply as private enterprise. What Mr. LaFollette means, but is afraid to say, is socialism.

The federal water power act. In force since 1920, insures permanent public ownership and control of power sites, on public lands and power privileges in navigable and international streams, which contain 85 per cent of the water power resources of the country.

Mr. LaFollette did not on this occasion mention his proposal of two months ago about government ownership of railroads, nor his proposal that congress should override the Supreme court. Under government ownership of railroads would give employees the right to strike and disrupt all transportation whenever they wanted an increase in wages, or would he suppress strikes among government employees and thus thrust all of the railway employees in the country into entire subjection to congress for their fundamental living standards?

In the case of the plan to let congress override the Supreme court, it would be interesting to know whether the various minorities in the United States are prepared to sacrifice their right to freedom of speech under the present Constitution and subordinate such right to the will of a congressional majority.

PEOPLE WOULD PAY IF RAILROADS WERE GOVERNMENT OWNED

Third Party Plan Would Take Revenue From States Involved.

If the railroads of the United States should be taken over, owned and operated by the government, the vast taxes now paid by the railroads would have to be paid by the people, according to Will R. Wood, member of congress from Indiana and chairman of the Republican National Congressional committee. Mr. Wood has made a careful analysis of the situation, noting the tax payments by the railroads to the several state governments last year.

If the roads were owned by the government they would be tax free just as the post offices now are. The states would still need the money, just as they do now, and as a result additional taxes would have to be levied on the citizens.

Mr. Wood's complete analysis follows:

"Robert M. LaFollette, the Socialist-third party candidate for President, is trying to convince 6,000,000 farmers that the surest cure for their ills is to bring about government ownership of all the railroads in the country; that, if this is done, transportation rates of all kinds would be immediately reduced.

"There are a lot of things, however, that would transpire if this scheme were carried out, that Senator LaFollette is woefully silent upon. He is not telling the farmers that the government pays no taxes on its properties and that it would pay no taxes on the railroads of the country if it owned them. He is not telling them that the railroads are paying into the various county and state treasuries of the United States more than \$300,000,000 annually, which sum would have to be paid, in large part, by the farmers, once the government began the ownership of the railroads.

"Take the state of Wisconsin for instance: Last year the railroads paid the state of Wisconsin \$7,321,976 in taxes. In the state of Minnesota the railroads paid, last year, a total tax to the state of \$8,425,982. In Iowa they paid \$6,849,703; in Kansas, \$6,739,346; in Indiana, \$13,094,027. In these five states alone the railroads paid \$42,431,034 of the public tax burden. I have taken the figures in the above named states because they are largely agricultural and in the event that the government became the owner of the railroads of the country the farmers of these states would have to bear the greatest part of the burden in paying these additional taxes.

"In the state of Iowa if the LaFollette scheme were carried out, it would mean an increase of \$32 in taxes annually levied against each farm in the state, or \$2.30 for each man, woman and child in the state. In Kansas the burden would be \$40 against each farm or \$3.50 for each resident of that state. In Minnesota, where Mr. LaFollette is making a strong appeal for votes, he would take away from the farmer, under the government ownership plan, a tax income now paid by the railroads and place it as an additional assessment of \$47 against each farm in the state, or \$3.80 against each person residing in that commonwealth.

"I am told that, in one county in Montana, the total tax paid by the railroads amounts to 38.51 per cent of the entire levy. In midsummer of this year there was \$104,102 of the total tax assessed in that county delinquent, upon which a penalty had been laid. This is convincing evidence that this county was already taxed much more than it was able to pay. Yet Mr. LaFollette would take away 38 1/2 per cent of the tax revenue of this county, now being paid by the railroads, and place it as an additional burden upon the individual taxpayer.

"In my own state of Indiana, the railroads pay \$13,094,027 in taxes annually. The total tax of the state is \$124,806,790. The railroads share of this tax is over 10 per cent. If Mr. LaFollette's scheme were put into effect, the individual taxpayer of Indiana would have to pay this additional sum of \$13,094,027 each year. In Marion county the railroads pay annually \$715,388 in taxes, a very substantial item in the total of the taxes paid in that county.

"The figures that I have given, applicable to the five agricultural states named, differ only in degree from those that might be given for every other state in the Union.

"Not only would the farmers be burdened by the payment of these additional taxes, should the government become the owners of the railroads, but they would also have an additional burden to bear, the size of which it is hard to ascertain, in the shape of deficits occurring in the operation of the railroads of the country for maintenance, extensions and upkeep."

"Some idea of what this burden would be, may be had, however, by recalling the experience during the period of government operation of the railroads under the management of William G. McAdoo, when the amount of the deficit over the earnings of those railroads taken over by the government was more than a million dollars a day, exclusive of the payment of exorbitant salaries to an army of officers.

"The farmers of this country, before they accept the panacea of government ownership of railroads, which is but a forerunner of the socialistic state, will do well to 'Stop, Look and Listen.'"

BRYAN OGRE LOOMS IF VOTERS SUPPORT LAFOLLETTE TICKET

Coolidge or Chaos Is Sole Choice of Citizens as Deadlock Menace Threatens.

LITTLE DOUBT WHO SENATE WOULD NAME

Analysis of Situation Shows Danger of Nebraskan Going to White House.

Coolidge or chaos.

That is about what the coming election resolves itself into. A vote for Davis is a vote for Bryan. It is generally believed that Davis cannot possibly muster the necessary majority of the electoral votes to be named President. A vote for LaFollette is a vote for Bryan. It is not claimed by the most enthusiastic supporter of LaFollette that he could by any remote chance be elected. What he could do, however, is throw the election into the congress, with the chances favoring the naming of Bryan as vice president. The house being unable to give a majority to any one of the candidates for President, as it is at present organized, the senate, under the Constitution, would elect a vice president and the vice president elected by the senate would become President on March 4. That is why a vote for Davis or LaFollette is a vote for Bryan, and a vote for Coolidge is a vote for Coolidge.

The official counting of the electoral votes is not done until February. The Twelfth amendment to the Constitution provides as follows for the conduct of the congress in case the electoral college makes no choice:

Constitutional Provision.

"And if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice president shall act as President, as in the case of the death or any constitutional disability of the President.

"The person having the greatest number of votes as vice president, shall be the vice president, if such a number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice."

Meets in February.

Complying with this provision of the Constitution, when the time comes in February for the Presidential electors to report, and it is discovered that there is no majority choice for President, then the house and senate will begin to ballot. But this official report of the electors does not occur until a month before it is time for the next administration to take office.

From election day, November 4, until some solution of the tangle is found—and the untangling of the knot cannot come before February—the country will be facing the possibility of a deadlock, or the putting of a man into the highest office of the land who was not voted for as President, who was not even selected by his party for President.

If LaFollette could secure enough votes to keep Coolidge from having a majority of the electoral votes, throwing the election of the President into the house, the house and senate would act independently of each other in their votes. That is, the senate does not await the result of the effort of the house to elect a President before proceeding to the selection of the vice president.

Vote Is by States.

As each state, no matter how large its population and its representation in the house, has only one vote, it is obvious that those states having a majority of representatives of one political faith will cast the vote of that state for their party nominee. As there are 48 states, and a majority of all of them is necessary to the selection of a President, a successful aspirant must have the votes of at least 25 states.

It should be emphasized that it is the present house of representatives and the present senate that vote for President and vice president in the event of the election being thrown into the congress. Now congressmen and senators elected this fall will have nothing whatever to do with it.

The present house of representatives is so made up that there is little likelihood it can make a choice. Democrats make up a majority of the

delegations of 20 states, while 23 state delegations have Republican majorities. In 5 other states the representation is evenly divided, and those states would have no vote to cast. Those states are Maryland, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire and New Jersey.

Some Not Regular.

The 23 states showing a nominal Republican majority might not all vote for Coolidge. There are a few where the Republicanism of some representatives is open to question, and if LaFollette should carry those states, it is not unlikely that their votes in the house would go to LaFollette, despite the Republican label borne by such congressmen. Should any of these states vote for LaFollette, or if the states should vote as they line up on paper—20 Democratic, 23 Republican, and 5 unable to vote, no choice could be made, as 25 states are needed to elect the President.

Attention would then center on the senate. Here the state rule does not apply. Each senator of the 96 has a separate vote. For a quorum, two-thirds of the 96 must be present, or 64, and for a choice of vice president, a bare majority, or 49, is necessary.

However, in the senate only two candidates for vice president having the highest showing in the electoral college may be voted for, and this would narrow the choice down to General Dawes and Governor Bryan.

Present Situation Important.

As the present senate would select, the situation there now is important. There are nominally 51 Republican senators, but this number includes LaFollette of Wisconsin and Brookhart of Iowa, and others who of late have seldom voted with the Republicans. Forty-three senators are listed as Democrats, and two, Ladd and Frazier, are listed as Farmer-Laborites.

If Bryan can hold the 43 Democratic senators in line and get the votes of the two Farmer-Labor senators, this would give him a nucleus of 45 votes. By securing four of the so-called Republicans, such as Brookhart and LaFollette, this majority would put into the White House a man for whom the American people had not voted for President, and who would be a minority choice.

If Bryan could secure only the 43 Democratic senators, the two Farmer-Labor senators, and three such men as LaFollette, the election would be deadlocked, and the country thrown into a state of chaos never before faced. Throwing the election into the congress would of itself have a terrific effect upon business and industry the country over, causing a wave of depression which would affect everyone, as this would cause months of uncertainty before a choice by the congress was attempted. If, on top of this, the senate should get into a deadlock as the house is certain to, the depression might easily become a panic, with terrific and far-reaching results.

Other Possibilities.

There is the outside chance, in the event of Coolidge failing to receive a majority of the electoral votes, that when the matter came to the senate, such Democrats as Glass of Virginia, Bruce of Maryland and Underwood of Alabama would vote for General Dawes, the Republican nominee, rather than put such a man as Bryan in the White House.

A large body of thought in the United States holds to the opinion that the whole purpose of LaFollette is to throw the election into the congress, where he and his followers probably would wield the balance of power, and this small group would name the next President of the United States. Naturally, this would put the President under heavy obligation to the LaFollette group, and he as its leader, would exercise tremendous power, even though his followers represent the smallest fraction of the makeup of the United States senate.

The summing up of the situation is this:

Voting for LaFollette is voting for Bryan.

Voting for Davis, by the same analysis, is voting for Bryan.

Voting for Coolidge is voting for Coolidge.

Women Not Swayed by False Pledges

They Believe Firmly in Coolidge, Says Mrs. Alvin T. Hert, National Leader.

Republican women are not allowing their emotions to run away with them. There will be no split in their ranks. Promises held out by LaFollette and the Socialist-Third party, hold no appeal for them. They will vote for Coolidge. This is the manner in which Mrs. Alvin T. Hert, vice chairman of the Republican National Committee, sums up the outlook for November 4th.

Mrs. Hert says that without exception reports of Republican national committeewomen from every state are the same in one respect. They all say that women are for Coolidge because they believe in him as a man. They know of the high principles for which he stands. They have watched his record during the past year and see that he is a man of conviction, and at all times stands for that which he thinks is for the good of the majority. They say that women appreciate his firm stand for an economical administration—the fact that he has evaded no issue, compromised no principle. They know that President Coolidge and the Republican party stand for protection. This means much to the woman in industry and the wife of the working man.



ABORN OPERA COMPANY
The Aborn Opera Company, organized by Milton Aborn, noted opera manager, is to appear this season in a rendition, in English, of "Martha," popular opera by Flotow.
The organizer of the company, Milton Aborn, spent a number of years in England as a producer of grand opera. Later, under the direction of the Aborn Brothers, an exceptionally high type of grand opera was presented at the Century Theater, New York, while at various times their companies have toured America, singing operatic productions in the larger cities.
Realizing that people outside of the larger music centers also have a keen appreciation of the masterpieces in opera, Milton Aborn organized the present company of five artists, all of whom were selected from a notable list of operatic singers. During the past season the company toured both the United States and Canada, and scored outstanding successes wherever they appeared.

Coming October 11th
Court Square Theatre.
Auspices
Monday Afternoon Music Club.



Buick open cars with their light storm-curtains, that open and close with the doors, are snug and comfortable. In fine-weather driving, there's nothing like them for real motoring enjoyment.

Marion Auto & Supply Co.
MARION, VIRGINIA.
When better automobiles are built, Buick will build them

Have You Seen Them?
FALL SUITS AND COATS
Just arrived. Call in and See Our New Line.
BRISCO'S
(Opposite Court House)

Seasonable Suggestions:
Before starting up the winter fires,
(1) Carefully inspect your chimneys, flues, furnace and stoves; Clean them out, and have any defects repaired.
(2) Clean out all rubbish and trash from basement and attic.
(3) Check over your fire insurance policies, to see that you have sufficient insurance, and that it is properly written.
GILLS & MILES
General Insurance:
Phone No. 92.
Office over Bank of Marion, Marion, Va.

EAGLE ATTEMPTS TO CARRY AWAY BOY NEAR BRISTOL.
Bristol, Sept. 21.—An eagle which this afternoon attacked and tried to carry off a five year old boy in a field near Bristol was captured alive by John Blevins, farmer, and brought to this city. The huge bird was shot twice and badly wounded. Mr.

Blevins was scratched about the head by the bird in its efforts to get away. The child was not hurt. Mr. Blevins had his attention called to the eagle by the screams of the child. He shot the bird and then seized it when it fell to the ground. Reports received here tonight tell of the capture of another eagle this afternoon near Bluff City, Tenn.

DEATH OF MR. J. T. ROBERTS.
Mr. Joseph T. Roberts died at his home in North Holston at 8 o'clock Friday morning. He is survived by his wife, and one son Edward Roberts and one brother, John Roberts of Bluefield, W. Va. Funeral service were conducted from Pleasant Grove church at 11 o'clock Sunday morning by the Rev. C. W. Chumley assisted by Rev. F. E. Beard.

FOR SALE
One pair Percheron Horses, weight 1500, 9 years old; 1 set Harness almost new; 1 Carriage with pole and Shafts. See
J. C. GOODMAN,
at Va. Table Works.
Boy's "Courtly Jr." suits, for sale by the
MARION CLOTHING CO.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh.
Sold by druggists for over 40 years
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio
All the latest styles in Straw and Fur Hats at
MARION CLOTHING CO.

For Good Concrete

SECURITY CEMENT



Replace Worn Out Walks with Everlasting Concrete

Broken sidewalks cause accidents and are an unsightly detriment to the neighborhood. Replace your worn-out walk with one of Concrete. Concrete walks increase property value; improve the neighborhood; protect passersby; keep you, your family and friends out of the mud—and keep the mud out of the house. Lay Concrete walks now wherever you need them in front, around or in back of your house. Once properly laid, Concrete walks never need replacing.

Many home owners can do the work themselves; or any local contractor can do it quickly and inexpensively. The cost will be small; but the convenience, safety and satisfaction will be great. Any Security Cement dealer named below will give you helpful information.

Marion Hardware & Supply Co. Inc., Marion, Va.
Glade Springs Hd'w. & Supply Co., Glade Springs, Va.

Made By Security Cement & Lime Company, Hagerstown, Md.



A Fretful Child is a Sick Child

—W. L. Hand.

It isn't natural for a child to fret—nine times out of ten the mental disturbance is due to the ill effects of fermentation of partly digested food.

Of course, a laxative is needed, but the ordinary children's laxative fails in many a case to bring quick relief because it has little or no action on the liver.

Live-o-lax is a thorough cleanser—it clears out the liver as well as the bowels and so rests the stomach and helps nature bring digestion back to normal. The action of Live-o-lax really is remarkable. It can be used in place of calomel and castor oil and yet it is a pleasant-tasting, vegetable, liquid remedy that does its work without causing any kind of distress. Children love to take it and it is just as good for adults. All the drug stores have Live-o-lax.

HAND'S
Live-o-lax

Norfolk & Western

Schedule in effect April 30, 1922.

LEAVE MARION DAILY

8:13 A. M. Lynchburg, Richmond Norfolk Parlor car Bristol to Hagerstown. Connects at Roanoke for Richmond and Norfolk.

12:52 P. M., for Lynchburg, and local stations, connects at Walton for Columbus, Cincinnati. Sleepers East Radford to Philadelphia via Shenandoah Valley Dining car.

6:50 P. M., for Norfolk. Sleeper to Norfolk, Roanoke and Richmond.

7:52 A. M., 151 p. m., 9:01 p. m. Bristol.

Additional information upon application to Agent N. & W. R. Ry., or W. B. Bevell Passenger Traffic Manager; W. C. Saunders, General Passenger Agent, Roanoke, Va.

Marion Team Plays Galax.

The Marion High School Foot Ball team played the Galax team at Galax last Saturday, the first game of the season, and lost by the score of 26 to 0. The loss was not caused by failure on the part of our boys to do their part, but the Galax boys were heavier and playing on their home grounds, which gave them an advantage.

Those witnessing the game give our boys great praise for the hard fight they put up. The game was played in a drizzling rain.

The line up was: Richardson, R. E., Sexton, R. T., Martin, Goolsby, center, Brickel, L. G., Scott, L. T., Robinson, L. E., Pendleton, Q. D., Will Scott, R. H. B. Thomas, L. H. B., and Stephenson, F. B. None of our boys were injured except for minor bumps and bruises.

Next Saturday afternoon at Sheffey Park a game will be played with the East Radford High School.

Our boys are fighting hard to uphold the honor not only of their school but the town and community, and is the duty of all citizens who love their school and town to come out and back up the boys and support and encourage them in every possible.

Come out next Saturday and see how our boys are fighting for the honor of their school. Game called at 3:00 P. M.

EVERYTHING FOR YOUR RADIO. JACKSON RADIO SERVICE. MARION, VIRGINIA

You Can Afford It

DON'T imagine that the wonderful pleasure of a Steiff piano is beyond you, means!

It's so easy to buy one under our liberal deferred payment plan. And our prices are exceptionally reasonable. Write in and talk it over. It will be a pleasure to explain everything to you, and we won't urge you to buy unless you want to.

Write Tomorrow.
CHAS. M. STIEFF, Inc.

LYNCHBURG,

Election Judges.

The Electoral Board of Smyth County announces the following appointments as Judges and Clerks of election for the coming election:

NORTH MARION.
Judges: H. P. Copenhaver, Elden Prater, J. H. Rouse, Chas. P. Groseclose, J. E. Thomas.
Clerks: Frank Copenhaver.

SOUTH MARION.
L. P. Francis, J. T. Hull, W. E. Johnston, Olin S. DiHart, Frank Copenhaver.

ATKINS.
C. P. Schreck, J. B. Wassum, W. C. Crow, Frank Hash, W. E. Repass.

GROSECLOSE.
H. W. Dutton, Grady Wilson, D. H. Selvage, R. L. Poore, J. P. Davis.

SEVEN MILE FORD.
H. L. Tilsen, G. B. Fox, J. C. Copenhaver, W. T. Debord, George Moore.

CHILHOWIE.
L. B. Ramsey, N. H. Groseclose, W. E. Umbarger, Joe Bonham, G. C. Bundy.

HOLSTON MILLS.
Robt. McCready, W. A. Buchanan, J. R. Johnson, B. M. Grinstead, J. H. Pipes.

ST. CLAIR BOTTOM.
R. C. Wilkinson, Geo. W. Hopkins, W. J. Daly, Garland St. John, D. L. Carter.

WILLIAMS.
I. C. Choate, Scott Pugh, H. Y. Pugh, Emory Earnest, A. B. Roberts.

BLUE SPRINGS.
J. B. Keesling, O. F. Steffey, John E. Wilkinson, Edwin Hale, B. B. Roberts.

OLYMPIA.
H. B. Buchanan, E. C. Haislip, R. J. Hays, W. M. Crismond, Rush Harmon.

CHATHAM HILL.
Geo. W. Gillispie, W. J. Ferguson, W. P. Buchanan, Willie Stephenson, John S. Catron.

ELLENDALE.
L. D. Buchanan, Frank Pratt, J. L. Buchanan, Mark Webb, Joe Buchanan.

BROADFORD.
J. S. Roberts, S. S. Gass, T. H. Buchanan, Clinton Barnes, J. M. Pratt.

SALTVILLE.
Chas. E. Wiley, J. B. Sanders, Sam Cahill, Shiels Kent, M. S. Dunham.

Smyth County Electoral Board.
By: L. P. COLLINS, Sec.
NOTE:—Under the new law enacted by the last Legislature the Judges of Election must be selected from a list furnished by the respective Chairman of the two dominant parties.

Underwear for Boys and Men at lowest prices,
MARION CLOTHING CO.

Mr. Ben Sexton, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Lincoln, Mrs. E. H. Buchanan and sons Joseph E. and James W., Mr. Levi Cole and son Lee and Dr. Dav. Buchanan motored to North Holston last Sunday to attend the funeral of Mr. Joseph Roberts.

Mrs. Janie G. Packie and Mrs. A. L. Ogburn, of North View, Virginia arrived in Marion Wednesday and while here are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. D. Moncure and Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Allen. Mrs. Ogburn is the mother of Mrs. Moncure and Mrs. Allen.

FOR SALE:
Good farm, about 100 Acres located on Marion and Rye Valley Railroad, four miles south of Marion, Va., one-half mile from Attoaway, two churches and graded school. This is excellent land, and is also adapted to grazing. For further particulars communicate with
MRS. ILA PRATER LAEL,
Route No. 3 Box 118,
Marion, Virginia.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE. 29 ACRES LAND ON WALKER'S CREEK.

Pursuant to the terms of that certain Decree entered by the Circuit Court of Smyth County on September 2, 1924, in that certain chancery cause of Charlie Hart against R. E. Blevins and others, I will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House for Smyth County, on **OCTOBER 11TH, 1924, SATURDAY, 11:00 o'clock A. M.**, all of that certain tract of land containing about 29 acres, situated in the Marion District, on Walker's Creek, and fully described in the Bill and Exhibits of said cause.

This property will be sold subject to a lien thereon in favor of the Federal Land Bank of Baltimore.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash in hand to pay cost of suit and expense of sale, and the balance upon a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, bearing interest with personal security.

Given under my hand this September 18, 1924.

GEO. F. COOK,
Special Commissioner.

I hereby certify that the above named Special Commissioner has given bond as required by the Decree under which he sells.

Given under my hand this September 18, 1924.
H. L. KENT, Clerk.
Sept 18 n 4t

COMMISSIONER'S SALE. EIGHT ACRES LAND ON CHATHAM HILL ROAD.

Pursuant to the terms of that certain decree entered on September 15, 1924, by the Circuit Court of Smyth County, in the Chancery Cause of C. H. Ford and Others against Herman Ford, I will sell at public auction, at the front door of the Court House for Smyth County, on **OCTOBER 11, 1924, SATURDAY, 11:00 o'clock A. M.**, all of that certain tract of land containing about 8 acres lying near Marion, on the Chatham Hill road, and fully described in Bill and exhibits of said cause.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash in hand to pay cost of suit and expense of sale, and the balance upon a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, with approved security.

Given under my hand this September 18, 1924.

GEO. F. COOK,
Special Commissioner.

I hereby certify that the above named Special Commissioner has given bond as required by the Decree under which he sells.

Given under my hand this September 18, 1924.
H. L. KENT, Clerk.
Sept 18 n 4t

COMMISSIONER'S SALE. FOURTEEN ACRES LYING ON SOUTH FORK

Pursuant to the terms of that certain Decree entered by the Circuit Court of Smyth County on September 3, 1924, in that certain chancery Suit of D E Ernest and others against Clabe Blevins and others, I will sell at public auction at the front door of the Court House for Smyth County, on **OCTOBER 11, 1924, SATURDAY, 11:00 o'clock A. M.**, all of that certain tract of land lying on the waters of the South Fork of Holston River, near Thomas Bridge, St Clair District containing about 14 acres and fully described in the Bill and Exhibits of said cause.

TERMS OF SALE: 1/2 cash in hand on day of sale and the balance upon a credit of six and twelve months, bearing interest, with approved security.

Given under my hand this September 18, 1924.

GEO. F. COOK,
Special Commissioner.

I hereby certify that the above named Special Commissioner has given bond as required by the Decree under which he sells.

Given under my hand this September 18, 1924.
H. L. KENT, Clerk.
Sept 18 n 4t

For the latest styles in Ladies Pumps and Oxfords, see our line,
MARION CLOTHING CO.

WRIGLEYS

after every meal

Cleanses mouth and teeth and aids digestion. Relieves that "over-catch" feeling and "acid" mouth.

Its 1-a-s-t-i-n-g flavor satisfies the craving for sweets.

Wrigley's is double value in the benefit and pleasure it provides.

Sealed in its Parity Package.



The flavor lasts.

VIRGINIA: In the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the County of Smyth, on the 8th day of September, 1924.

Ruth Haga Webber Plaintiff.
Joseph Webber Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.
The object of this suit is to obtain an absolute divorce on the grounds of desertion and abandonment.

And an affidavit having been made and filed that the defendant Joseph Webber is not a resident of the State of Virginia, it is ordered that he do appear here within fifteen days after due publication hereof, and do what may be necessary to protect his interest in this suit. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published once a week for four weeks in the Marion News a newspaper published in the County of Smyth, and that a copy be posted at the front door of the court-house of this County, on the 15th day of September 1924, that being the next succeeding rule day after this order was entered.

A copy-Teste:
H. L. KENT, Clerk.
Sept 11 n 4t

ECZEMA!

Money back without question if HUNT'S GUARANTEED SKIN DISEASE REMEDIES (Hunt's Eczema) fail to relieve the treatment of Itch, Eczema, Ringworm, Tetter or other itching skin diseases. Try this treatment at our risk.

CITY DRUG STORE
Marion, Virginia.

CHICHESTERS PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes.

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTERS DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS
TIME TRIED EVERYWHERE TESTED

Take Calotabs

for the liver

Beware of imitations. Demand the genuine in 10c and 35c packages bearing above trade mark.

Beauty and brains.

require a healthy body. "That tired feeling" is a foe to good looks; a drag on effective mental or physical work; a bar to pleasure.

Dr. Miles' Tonic brings health, energy and rosy cheeks. Your druggist sells it at pre-war prices—\$1.00 per bottle.



The silent woods are calling

CALLING you to play hooky—as they did when you were a kid. Remember the old swimming hole, the wild adventures in caves and woods, the thrills of catching your first fish?

Your nature still wants to play hooky once in a while. It's easy too. Easier than it was in your schooldays. Plan your work ahead so you can take a day off. Hop in the car bright and early. Go off for a day's golf or hunting or better yet take the wife and family along for an outing in the autumn woods.

Forget your business for just a few hours. You'll work all the better next day. Your vision will be clearer, your mind keener. Your point of view will be changed. And you will find it restful to get out on the road on a week day when there is less traffic.

Better run 'round tonight to the nearest "Standard" pump and fill her up with gas, oil, air, and water. Then you'll be ready for an early start and a steady run. "Standard" is just the gas you need on early morning trips like these for there may be a touch of frost in the air. That's when you need peppy gas.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)

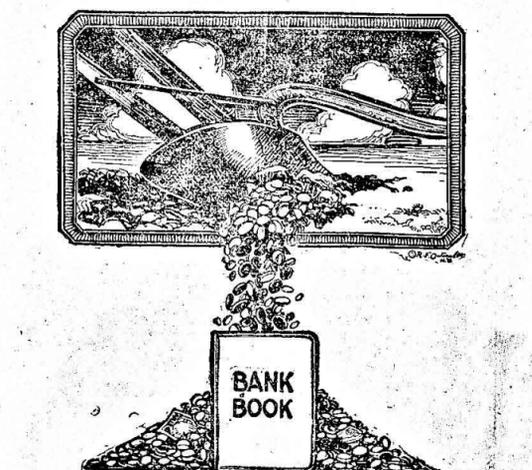
"STANDARD" GASOLINE

EAGLE MIKADO

16174

YELLOW PENCIL with the RED BAND

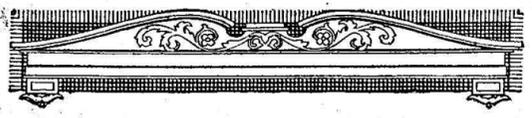
EAGLE PENCIL CO. NEW YORK, U.S.A.



Whether you have made your money in the fields, an office, shop or factory, the sane thing to do is to save a part of it for the future.

"Rainy Days" come in all our lives but if you have been prudent and BANKED your money, you can meet adversity without fear or inconvenience. Come into our Bank and open an account. You can start with only \$1.00 and REGULAR deposits each pay day will soon put you away ahead.

Marion National Bank
MARION, VIRGINIA.



You Wouldn't Ride 100 Miles--- When a Phone Call Would Do As Well.

You wouldn't put off giving the other man an important message until you met him personally, either. You'd use the modern convenience—and telephone.

Put the same policy into force in your banking, if you can't conveniently reach this strong, progressive institution during business hours.

Do your Banking by mail, as lots of your neighbors do. It's the most modern way to enjoy all the conveniences of a bank account. And absolutely safe.

It's no trouble—as simple, in fact, as a visit to bank. Let us tell you about it. No obligation.

THE BANK OF MARION
Marion, Virginia.

At Home and Abroad.

AN INTERESTING ACCOUNT OF
THE THOMAS TOUR THROUGH
THE UNITED STATES AND
CANADA

By Z. V. Sherrill.

August 3rd., 1924.
Here in Calgary the Ordnance repair shops are located property of the Canadian Pacific Ry., also the Canadian Pacific Hotel, the "Palliser." West from Calgary we enter the most wonderful region of Canada, I refer to the Canadian Rockies. These great mountains interpose their giant bulks within and between the provinces of Alberta and British Columbia. The greatness of this great mountain chain cannot be grasped by mere description can never do it justice. Comparison helps somewhat in the understanding of it. The transcontinental trains take 24 hours to travel from Cochrane, at the entrance of the Rockies, to Mission, where we finally leave them. The simplest parcel in these by train takes only 5 hours. Some one has said that the Canadian Pacific Rockies are as fifty Switzerlands thrown into one.

From Calgary City to Banff, a distance of only 80 miles, we must climb another 1100 ft. We now follow the course of the Bow River, passing several towns of no apparent importance unless it be Banff and Canmore, the latter a coal mining town, and Banff on the left of which stands "The Sisters." The canon peaks that form one of the first notable sights of the Canadian Rockies. The highest of these peaks is 9,734 ft. Directly we arrive at 7:15 A. M., altitude 4,534 ft.

Sunday morning August 3rd.
This is the head-quarters of the Rocky Mountains Parks. This National Park has in area 2751 square miles its greatest length being 109 miles. "No part of the Rockies exhibits a greater variety of sublime and romantic scenery, and no where are good points of view and features of special interest so accessible, where there are so many good roads and bridal paths." It would require too much time and space to give the names of many range of mountains in this region. Some of the mountain peaks are Rundle, Mt. Edith, Cascade, Stoney Spruce and others. The lakes of the park are Louise, Minnewanka, Hector, Spray, Bow and others. The Bow river is the principal one and it flows directly through Banff, and is spanned by a most wonderful bridge in the town. The Canadian Pacific Ry., has a most magnificent hotel near Banff, overlooking Bow river Falls and directly in front of Tumble Mountain on one side and Cascade on the other. This is called the Banff Springs Hotel. We did not register here either for luncheon or dinner or a room. The clerk said the rates were 10 to 100 dollars per day, and that there are 600 rooms. Just below the hotel which stands just 5000 ft. above sea level, is a pool of warm sulphur water which had been pumped from Sulphur mountain Springs one or two miles distant, where the government has baths. We were driven from the hotel direct to the hot Sulphur Springs at the foot of Sulphur Mountain, and many of the party took advantage of the wonderful hot baths. The water was fine, but the atmosphere around was sharp and penetrating. The mercury standing at 38 degrees F. Your correspondent had the misfortune to get his key strings to his locker tied in a hard knot about his bathing suit, and thus had the opportunity to test the outside atmosphere before relief came from a friend. "Uncle Johnny," a member of our touring party, from S. C., could not understand the reason so many men from our party from Marion remained in the Sulphur Mountain Springs bath so long. The explanation was offered that the facilities for warm water bathing in Marion were rare luxuries and limited to a few well-favored people.

Our stopping place for the day was the King Edward Hotel, and a very comfortable hotel it is. They kept up a great log fire all day in the large fireplace besides fire in the furnace to keep us warm. We drove over a part of the Government Reservation and saw the herds of Buffalo, Mt. Goats and Deer and other

wild animals. The over-coats and sweaters we brought with us, that had been such a nuisance a few days before, were a real comfort now. We were greatly disappointed because the rainy weather and fog and clouds obstructed the view of these wonderful mountains. These weather continued the following day until 12 M., and we experienced the same difficulty at Lake Louise, by almost constant watching we were able now and then to catch a wonderful view, for an instant, of tall peak as the clouds would clear away.

We left Banff in the early morning for Lake Louise. Lake Louise altitude 5044 ft. To reach the lake we take gasoline railway from the main line and ascend the mountains 620 ft., in a distance of about 6 miles. The lake was named for Princess Louise, wife of Marquis of Lorne, at one time Governor General of Canada. This is said to be one of "the most perfect gems of scenery in the world." A lake of the deepest and most exquisite coloring, ever changing, defying analysis, mirroring in its wonderful depths the sombre forests and cliffs that rise from its shores on either side, "the gleaming white glacier, and tremendous snow-crowned peaks that fill the back ground of the picture and the blue sky and fleecy clouds overhead." The Canadian Pacific operate here one of its best hotels the "Chateau Lake Louise." This is a magnificent hotel, a fine place indeed to board. We had the pleasure of taking one of the morning of the trip here on the morning of August 4th. The hotel was crowded to capacity. Some of the mountains surrounding this lake are: Saddleback, Fairview, Lefroy (11,220 ft. Victoria), (11,355) Whyte, Devils Thumb, Beehive, Niblock and others. In fact high mountains were on all sides except the narrow pass in the mountains through which we had entered. Many excursions can be taken from this point into the mountains, but it is only by trail, these trips can be made by mountain ponies or on foot. Every one seemed charmed with our visit to Lake Louise. The only disappointment was the fog and clouds that obstructed our view of the mountains. About six miles west of Lake Louise is the Great Divide altitude 5,208 ft. This is the highest elevation of the C. P. Ry., and is the boundary line between Alberta and British Columbia. It is marked by an arch of the rustic type under which is a small stream of water which divides. The waters that flow to the east finally reach the Hudson Bay and the Atlantic Ocean, those going west reach the Pacific. A monument is erected here to James Hector who discovered the "Kicking Horse Pass" through which the C. P. Ry. crosses the Rockies.

From this great divide the R. begins to descend Wapta Lake or Hector is next Station another summer resort. From here to Field, 11 miles, the road descends a quarter of a mile. Directly we come to the "Spiral Tunnels." The tract enters the first tunnel under Cathedral Mountain 3255 ft. distance then turns in a complete circle and passing under itself emerges to daylight 53ft. lower, the tract then turns easterly and crosses the river and enters the second tunnel about 3000 ft. then turns another complete circle emerges 50 ft. lower and then continues to Field. The first tunnel runs directly under Cathedral Mountain (10,454ft.). The second runs directly under Mt. Ogden (8795ft.). The tunnel is really shaped like the figure "4".

"The Kicking Horse Pass" referred to above was a real incident that occurred in this pass in pioneer days and might have occurred in days since pioneer days.

Field is 4072 ft. altitude and stands on the dividing line between Alberta and British Columbia. Mt. Stephen stands directly on the right and the "Kicking Horse River", which the R. R. follows now for some distance is in front of this station. Field is the entrance to another wonderful mountain range called the Yoho Valley. This Valley stretches to the north between great glacier bound peaks. This constitutes another national park called the Yoho Park with an area of 476 square miles. A trip to this wonder land was not included in our itinerary, besides the trip would have taken a full day, so we did not see it. In fact there was enough and more than we could see and understand along the main line of the C. P. Ry. Our time was completely taken in our efforts to see all the things directly around us, in front, behind, and above us.

At Field we were provided with an open-top observation car, which afforded the utmost opportunity for seeing the magnificent scenery. The

smoke and dust is for the most part avoided since the locomotives burn oil in this region instead of coal. The overcoats and wraps were again brought into use for the open top car.

Our next town was at Emerald Lake and a beautiful lake is it. We are now descending the mountains again and passing through the narrow valleys or rather through the passes between the mountains with roaring river on one side the high precipitous mountains on the other. At the base of Mt. Hunter the river turns abruptly and plunges into the "Kicking Horse Canyon." The Canyon deepens until we are past Palliser and the mountains become vertical, finally we come to Golden, where we reach daylight again as we emerge from the canyon. Here the river, the Kicking Horse river that we have mentioned so many times on this page is received into the calm bosom of the mighty Columbia. Golden is an important lumbering town as well as a mining interests. The Columbia river, the most important waterway flowing into the north Pacific Ocean, rises in the north end of lake Windermere and flows north in a famous "Big Bend" parallel to the railroad for several miles. We leave it at lower slopes of the Selkirk to reappear again at Revelstoke on its way south to the States.

Over to the right of the R. R., shortly after leaving Golden we see the Swiss village "Edelweiss" built by the Canadian P. Ry., for the Swiss guides employed for the benefit of mountain climbers in this region. These houses are built and are characteristic Swiss architecture and are called Swiss Chalets. Formerly at the end of the season the Swiss guides returned home to their native land now they remain here during the winter. This reminds us of a conversation had with the Chief Engineer later, of the famous Connaught Tunnel at Glacier. To my utter astonishment he said these Swiss guides conducted people to the very tops of these precipitous peaks around Glacier such as Sir Donald Uto, Eagle, Swiss Peak and others. A feat that seemed to us impossible.

We soon begin the ascent of the Selkirk mountains, which is the core of the principal ranges that compose the Canadian Rockies. We now begin following the Beaver River from Beavermouth to Connaught, crossing several streams we come directly in sight of many lofty peaks, one of the most conspicuous being Mt. Donald, seen to better advantage from the Glacier Hotel, however. A few miles beyond, a powerful torrent comes down from between the mountains northward and the same view is obtained nearer and nearer and larger and eight peaks can be counted and a grand array the last of which is Sir Donald leading the line. A little farther on Cedar Creek is crossed and a little farther is very high bridge, but the highest of these bridges crossed by the C. P. Ry., is Stoney Creek a narrow brook with a channel 25 ft. below the rails. Until the end of 1916 the R. R. crossed the Selkirk Mts. through Rodgers Pass, following Bear Creek then bending around to Glacier, at a point where the Glacier Hotel stands, then back again to the Illecillewaet River in a series of sharp loops, this was said to be a most spectacular route, but this had many disadvantages, one was the enormous track curvature and the necessity of maintaining long stretches of snow sheds at this point. There difficulties were overcome by the construction of the Connaught Tunnel under Mount McDonald, named in honor of the Duke of Connaught then Governor General of Canada. This is the longest doubled track tunnel in America, measuring exactly 5 miles from portal to portal. It also eliminates track curvature equivalent to seven complete circles.

Lower the summit of the R. R. 552 feet and reduced the length of the line 4 and 1-2 miles of snow sheds. The tunnel is doubled tracked and is 29 feet from side to side and 24 feet high.

Mount Donald towers almost a mile above the R. R. in almost perpendicular height. We were informed by the Chief Engineer of this tunnel that they had just completed it by covering the entire inside of the tunnel with cement one foot in thickness. The site of the Glacier Hotel remains the same and is now on a half miles ascent from the New Glacier Station.

Our party arrived at Glacier in the afternoon and we were driven to the Glacier Hotel where we were

served a bountiful dinner about six P. M. Before dinner and immediately after our arrival we were advised by our leader, Dr. Thomas, to climb up to the glacier on the side and near the top of Mount Sir Donald 10,808 feet. In the clear atmosphere and with the sun shining directly on this wonderful mountain it looked to us only about half mile away. Almost our entire party started out on foot with the intent of reaching the top or at least the glacier. It was a heavy climb or more than two miles and only one of our party was able to get directly to the glacier, but a number of them reached very near it or as near as was considered safe. From the great mass of ice there flowed a large stream of water, as large as the Holston, which flows through Marion. The waters from a glacier are of a peculiar greenish color and once seen can always be recognized as a stream from a glacier.

There was a great roar and a mad rush from this stream as it descended the steep mountain side and in many places the waters had worn hollows into regular canyons. By the side of the glaciers were immense boulders that made climbing almost impossible. My recollection is that "Lance" and "Uncle Johnny" attained the highest altitude of any in our party. A kindly elderly lady, who was serving as clerk at the Glacier Hotel, said she had seen the train coming around from under the snowshed, during the winters she had spent there, when she could only see the tops of the cars because the snow was 12 feet deep on the level. After dinner we walked to the train over the excellent road to the Glacier Station. It was necessary to use all the available cover on the Pullman that night for the air was cool and crisp. We left Glacier some time in the early morning to be exact it was 4:50 A. M., August 5th. We now begin descending the western slopes of the Selkirk Range and from this to the Pacific we continue to travel down grade with a few minor exceptions, but the scenery continues magnificent still we follow the Illecillewaet River from our start to Revelstoke. It is at first pea-green owing to the glacial mud it carries and as we get further from the glaciers the water begins to change to natural color.

Eleven miles out are the Laramie Silver Mines on the right. Our next station is Revelstoke a town of 4000 inhabitants, lying in the valley of the Columbia River. Some of the mountains here are covered with trees even near the tops. This is the gateway to the Kootenay and Arrow Lake districts famous as fruit growing centers and is surrounded by vast area of timber. There are said to be some excellent highways completed and others under construction to Mount Revelstoke. We are now only 379 miles from Vancouver, but we are 2506 miles from Chicago. Leaving Revelstoke we enter the Columbia Range. Mount Bigbee is the most conspicuous peak. We soon enter Eagle Pass which seems to have been cut purposely for the R. R. It is deep and direct. We soon pass four lakes at short intervals, Summit, Three Valley, Victor and Griffin which force the R. R. into the mountain sides. At Vraigellachie, (I am glad I do not have to pronounce this name) an obelisk along side the track commemorates the completion of the Canadian Pacific Ry. It was November 7th, 1885 that the rails from the east met the rails from the west and the long cherished vision of the transcontinental Ry., because a reality, not only that but a paying investment to the Canadian Government. Its stock is worth today about 150, standing at the top of Ry., stocks. Cicamous or Lake Shuswap is a favorite stop-over point for travelers who may want to see the remainder of this trip to Vancouver by day-light. Our trip did not require this since our stop had been made at Glacier instead. We here follow Salmon Arm Lake for several miles. This is a part of the Shuswap Lake. In fact all of Shuswap Lake is the Thompson River dilated and this is only an arm of the lake, but a great fishing place it is. This adjacent territory is likewise the place we were told for big game hunting and bird shooting as well. Kamloops is the next town of importance. It is the chief interior town of British Columbia and is over a hundred years old, having originally been a Hudson Bay post. The north and south Thompson River join here. It is a beautiful little city with a good climate and only 1150

altitude, therefore said to be a resort for the sportsman and tourist. The land here must be irrigated and when it is, makes good ranche and fruit land.

The mining industry is said to be rapidly developing, and gold, copper and iron are the principal minerals. The city has its water power plant situated up the North Thompson River, which furnishes lights and power for irrigation. Below this city the Thompson widens out into Kamloops Lake, another beautiful sheet of water. The R. R. runs along south of the lake for 20 miles or more, and on account of a series of mountain spurs jutting out into the water, a number of tunnels punctuate this distance. The lake ends at Savona and we now enter the series of Thompson River canyons. This leads us through some marvelous scenery westward to the Fraser river. Ashcroft is the outfitting town for the Highland Valley. We were told of marvelous fruit areas somewhere near by and alleys adapted to cattle raising, but being like the man from Missouri, or more so, I would have to see it to believe it. This is the most desolate country I have ever seen. Some one said it never rained here. There is absolutely little or no vegetation for miles and miles there is certainly no sign of any effect of rain and we could see several irrigation projects for little farms between the mountains that had been abandoned through this territory. The mountains were absolutely bare from top to base. This occurred especially from Dryoch. Also we notice various peculiarities of the scenery and we find ourselves running upon a ledge out of the bare hills on the south side of the river. The mountains draw very near together and we wind along their face look into the boiling Thompson river hundreds of feet below.

At the little town of Lytton the gorge or canyon widens enough to admit the Fraser River, which is the chief river of British Columbia and which comes down from the north from between two great lines of mountains peaks and whose turbid floods soon absorb the beautiful green waters of the Thompson. The scenery grows wilder than ever. The great river is apparently forced between vertical walls of black rock where it is repeatedly thrown back upon itself by opposing cliffs where it foams and roars. Six miles below Lytton we cross the Fraser over a fine bridge. Here we plunge into a tunnel and emerge at Kanaka. Along the way in places we can see the old government road now abandoned. Of interest to us could see an Indian spearing salmon or scooping them out the river with dip-nets.

If any one wants to see more of the Fraser canyon than is possible from the train we would advise them to stop at North Bend. From Boston Bar a few miles farther on the line the principal canyon of the Fraser begins on to Yale the scenery is, indeed, startling. Ten miles below North Bend two large jutting masses of rock compress the river and force it to escape through a bottle-neck outlet called "Hell's Gate." Every one must admire the skillful engineering of this great R. R. at this point. In places the track is heven from the solid rock and tunnels through solid rock spurs. Ten miles below Spuzzum there is another interesting engineering feat. The four tunnels of the Fraser canyon located in rapid succession. I forgot to say, while telling you of the Indians fishing that in this region through which we are passing the Indians constitute about all the visible inhabitants. In fact I doubt the ability of the whites to live in this region from its products alone. Little Indian boys sold cherries and a few other fruits at the stations and we saw several prolific Indians families living near the track in their little low huts.

Ruby Creek obtains its name from the garnets in this vicinity. Agassiz has a Government Experimental farm and is also the station for the Harrison Hot Springs, which lay claim to some curative value. Near here we cross the Harrison River just at its confluence with the Fraser. Steamers from the Chilliwack district leave this point.

I neglected to say that it is here the canyon widens out into broad

fields and better homes replace the rude Indian huts.

From Kamloops to this point, Agassiz, is a distance of 175 miles and most of this distance covered has been through the river canyons and so we are glad to get such a marked change of scenery.

The Chilliwack Valley some distance away from the main line comprises 55,000 acres of rich agricultural land, we were told, and is noted for its dairying. The largest fruit canning company in British Columbia is at Chilliwack so are the two finest equipped creameries.

A few miles beyond Nicomean, that isolated cone we see in a south-easterly direction, is the noted Mount Baker, in the state of Washington.

The country we are now passing through is practically at sea-level. This section has come to be rapidly advancing small fruit section. The fields in growing season present to the traveler a very attractive picture. When we come to the crossing of the Fraser we should look back up the Fraser. This is a good way in which to get a good last view of Mt. Baker.

At Westminster Junction darkness has come upon us and it is only about half an hour run to Vancouver. We pass through Port Moody that was formerly the terminus of the C. P. Ry. We follow the south shore of the inlet, past Hastings, formerly a watering place and now at last we find ourselves coming into Vancouver.

We arrived at 9:20 Pacific Time which is three hours faster than our Eastern time, but the difference in longitude makes up for the difference in time. We are now 2385 miles from Chicago, have travelled

The Honor Roll.

Has not stopped growing because the past week has been a rainy one, but our friends have been coming in person and by mail, settling up back accounts and paying in advance. We note the following:

W. A. Wolfe—Marion.
Mrs. J. A. Mann—Washington.
J. E. Atwell—Nebo.
F. F. Bales—Atkins.
Rhea Johnston—Marion.
W. H. Henderlite—Atkins.
W. W. Kegley—Marion.
J. T. Pafford—Detroit Michigan.
W. R. Tilson—Texas.
H. B. Bridgman—Marion.
W. C. Haulsee—Sugar Grove.
Mrs. P. M. Swartz—Olean, N. Y.

SPECIAL NOTICE

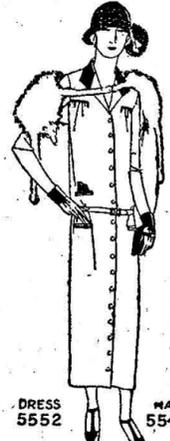
Owing to a Religious Holiday our store will be closed Wednesday, October 8th, until 5:30 P. M.
Max Weiler Company.

AT COLLINS.

Announcing new arrivals in our
Millinery and Ready-to-wear
DEPARTMENT

--OF--

Coats, Suits, Dresses.



DRESS 5552

HAT 5549

Other arrivals are in the shoe department, and in the piece goods and notion departments, all of which will interest you.

This Store is Headquarters for
LITTLE LADY COATS.

Watch this space weekly for interesting news.

Bargains That Means Money Saved.

We want to close out this week

5 Dozen Children's Silk Socks,

sizes 4 to 8 1/2 plain and fancy tops at the low price of 85c per pair, regular price 49 and 50c. We do not want to carry a single pair over and prefer to take the loss now.

We are just now opening up a beautiful lot of

Glassware in the Block Design,

Only one 18 inch punch bowl in the lot that retails anywhere at \$10.00, first offer of \$7.89 gets it.

Have just received a nice line of hand made flowers and appliques of silk, plush and tinsel. We have the

Buckram Hat Shapes.

make your hat and save the difference.

STATIONERY.

We have on display in our window the nicest line of Stationery to be found anywhere. We bought it from the manufacturer and at our price you save the middle mans profit.

Our Hosiery department is complete and at prices that will save you money.

If we please you, tell others, if we don't please you tell us as we are here to serve and to satisfy.

GRAHAM'S

5, 10 & 25c. STORE.

Marion, Virginia.

Above Floor Furnace



At last a furnace has been designed to be placed above the floor. This is the solution of the heating problem for small home owners. No longer is it necessary to worry along with stoves.

YOU MANY HAVE A FURNACE WITHOUT THE EXPENSE OF A BASEMENT

Allen's Parlor Furnace

And as the name implies, the Parlor Furnace is beautifully-finished like a piece of furniture and may be installed in any room. The vitreous porcelain enamel finish is as beautiful as a mahogany chair. You may dust it like your furniture.

No room heater can compare with this wonderful new Furnace Above-the-floor which heats by moist air circulation. Come by and see it. You will be delighted and surprised at the beauty of it.

This invention is the latest development in the stove industry. Come by and see it even if you do not intend to buy. Let us explain how it works.

Staley Hardware Company

Marion, Virginia.