

The Patriot and Herald.

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FULKERSON AND FULKERSONISM.

THE RECORD OF A POLITICAL BREED-BATE.

Abram Fulkerson got his first lift in life from Gen. Wm. Mahone. On the suggestion of Hon. Robt. W. Hughes, Gen. Mahone had him appointed a State proxy on his line of railroads, and thenceforward aided and encouraged him in his public career. At once Mr. Fulkerson began to display a mood which has developed into the most marked characteristic of his nature and history. Upon his representations of the course and conduct of Hon. Robert W. Hughes (whose friendship he thus required), Col. Wm. E. Cameron, now Governor of Virginia, but then editor of the Petersburg Index, wrote the article which resulted in the duel between Messrs. Hughes and Cameron—the latter being wounded. Although the lingo in this matter, Mr. Fulkerson hastened eagerly to ask that his part as tell-tale and breed-bate should not be made known,—thus manifesting as great anxiety to escape responsibility for his evil suggestions as readiness to embroil others by these suggestions—it being his policy to promote quarrels among his friends to the end that he might profit thereby. The policy was not a very exalted nor successful one; but all the same it was fully adopted and steadily pursued by Mr. Fulkerson as one congenial to his sullen and selfish disposition.

Later, upon his repeated and continued urgency, an offensive article was inserted in the Bristol News, against the prospect of the articles that led to an attack upon I. C. Fowler, which came near proving fatal. And here again, after having been the author of the mischief, Mr. Fulkerson hastened to request that his hand in the affair might not be revealed.

Bearing a lodged hate against Gen. James A. Walker, then of Pulaski, Mr. Fulkerson lost no private opportunity to work him damage through others; and, hearing that Gen. Walker had been one of the early applicants in 1865 for Federal pardon, he sought and obtained a copy of the General's application; but, instead of boldly employing this document himself, he busied himself for weeks in making copies of it and quotations from it, which he sent hither and thither,—urging that matter so available for use to the prejudice of Gen. Walker should be ventilated on the stump and published in the Readjuster journals.—Finding that no one chose to fight his battle for him in this personal quarrel, he subsequently made a show at Wytheville of an intention to read Gen. Walker's application; but, upon Gen. Walker's peremptory demand, he returned his copy to his pocket and did not read it.

Instances might be multiplied to illustrate this trait of Mr. Fulkerson's unhappy character, but what we have cited will suffice—especially as everybody in the Ninth district is familiar with his methods, and as not a single public man in that district but has been victimized to a great or less extent by his mean-ness.

And here we would ask James C. Taylor, Webber, St. Clair, Pendleton, Bailey, Fowler, the Woods, the Bownes, Barnes, Leece, Newberry, Richardson, Blair, McCanl, Conrad, Hamsbrough, and every Readjuster in the Ninth district who has ever aspired to office, or whom the people have shown a disposition to honor, if everyone of them has not been the object of Mr. Fulkerson's efforts to embroil him with his contemporaries? Has one of them escaped the venom of his tongue and pen? We answer confidently that everyone of them has experienced his malicious and envious attentions.

Before us we have a letter of his, dated August 26, 1881, and we quote the following paragraph as a fair specimen of Mr. Fulkerson's tender regards. Says he:

"My opinion is that Scott county is in a worse condition than any

county in Southwest Virginia, except, probably, Craig. M. B. Wood has been dabbling more or less in Imboden's wildcat schemes of speculation. They have been trying to make a spec. by getting some Northern men to take an interest and pay all the money; and Imboden, who is a good Funder, has been trying to impress M. B. and H. C. that they can't get anybody North to go in, because, they (the Woods) are Repudiators. I learn that M. B. became demoralized, and that it silenced Clint." &c.

Of course, all this was false, as the result proved; but it served Mr. Fulkerson's mood and purpose all the same.

We come now to give some of Mr. Fulkerson's own testimony against himself as a public man; and we have no hesitancy in doing this, as he and his friends have already led off in giving private correspondence to the public.

Since his desertion of the Readjuster party and his resort to the Funders for aid and comfort, Mr. Fulkerson has been diligent in representing Mahone as one who has done little or nothing for Readjustment, while he has profited greatly thereby; that, in short, while other men did the work, Gen. Mahone reaped the harvest. We shall give only two extracts from the mass of evidence now before us in Mr. Fulkerson's letters. Under the date of January 5, 1878 (it should be 1879), he wrote to Gen. Mahone as follows:

"I hope you will find time at a very early day to write out your ideas as to the form of a call. If we attempt an organization, it ought to be made a success; and if successful, will lead to an early settlement of the debt, for which the people will feel more indebted to you than to any other man in the State."

That was in January, 1879, recollect, previous to the organization at Mozart Hall. We have now this further testimony from Mr. Fulkerson under the date of November 13, 1881—just at the Readjuster success of last year:

"Our victory seems to be complete. Funderism ought to surrender now. To you, in the main, is due the credit for the great and glorious triumph of Readjustment in this canvass, and you may now be justly ranked as the Napoleon of American politics. I mean what I say. No flattery."

And yet to-day, to serve his purposes, Mr. Fulkerson is endeavoring to belittle Gen. Mahone's share in our great movement and to attribute its success wholly to himself and others! Out of his own mouth, however, he is refuted and confounded.

In fact, writing on the 8th of July, 1877, when Gen. Mahone was a candidate for nomination for Governor, Mr. Fulkerson wrote as follows:

"Your Martin letter, published in the *Whig*, reached me this morning. It is the very letter for the times,—clear, manly, bold—a concise and lucid exposition of the whole question. It will elect you Governor, and ought to; and if, when Governor, you are able to solve this problem satisfactorily, you will build for yourself a monument more lasting than marble and brass, and you will go down to posterity as Virginia's greatest benefactor."

Have not Gen. Mahone (although not Governor) and the Readjuster party (a party born of the Martin letter, and the "Readjustment" it urged) "solved the problem satisfactorily" to the people of Virginia say!

In former articles we have called attention to the small part performed in our various State campaigns by Mr. Fulkerson, who always declined to canvass the State, and confined himself to his own county and district—in the meantime appealing constantly for help to hold and carry his own county! In the Legislature of 1877-'78 he was one of the incompetents who led the Readjusters to disintegration and disaster in that body—and at no period during his whole career did he have courage and capacity to formulate and press any scheme or measure of Readjustment. He had an arbitrary plan in his head, to settle at \$15,000,000, with interest at 4 per cent.; but this he never put in shape, and in its support he had no facts, no figures, no argument—nothing, except that the sum of principal and the rate of interest, on demagogical grounds,

would take with the people! In the Legislature of 1879-'80 he was chairman of the caucus and a member of the committee to draft a bill for the readjustment of the State debt; but he took no part in shaping the Bill—suggested none of it, wrote none of it—and afterwards, in caucus and in the Senate, dealt with it only as a carping critic and opponent,—finally revolting from the caucus and going over to the Funders against the bill on the pretext of the thirteenth section. To placate him that section was omitted, on Gen. Mahone's suggestion. But, while that bill (known as the first Riddleberger bill) was under consideration in caucus, with Mr. Fulkerson present and presiding it was actually defeated by Massey's Repudiation Bill, to pay only about \$10,000,000; and it was only by Gen. Mahone's personal influence and his able arguments that the caucus was induced to reconsider its action and abandon the Masseyite Repudiation scheme. We all know how Mr. Fulkerson's course in the Senate came near defeating the bill as agreed on in caucus, and thus making the Legislature of 1879-'80 as great a Readjuster failure as that of 1877-'78.

In 1880 Mr. Fulkerson got the nomination for Congress in the Ninth district. We have heretofore told how he obtained that nomination over Hon. F. S. Blair. Capt. Newberry was then in the field as an independent candidate for Congress, but he promptly withdrew when the Funders nominated Trigg. The following letter to Gen. Mahone from Mr. Fulkerson, inclosing a letter from Newberry to Fulkerson, is nice reading:

"Bristol, Tenn., Sept. 19, 1880.

"Dear General,—I send you herewith copy of Newberry's letter, which speaks for itself. It will be worth 1,500 or 2,000 votes to me and the cause.

"It does not speak loud for the man's honesty, considering that he was a member of the same party, and came out for the May ticket, to prevent them from making a nomination of a 'Regular'."

(Signed) A. Fulkerson.

The "copy" referred to reads as follows:

"Mountain Home, Va.,
"September 19, 1880.)

"Col. A. Fulkerson:

"My Dear Sir,—I was in Wytheville yesterday, and learned that the Funders had conceived and brought forth a Trigg as their standard-bearer.

"Now, I am going to do for you, what you would not do for me,—and that is, withdraw from the canvass. In the last race, you defeated me and elected a Funder. Now I intend to help elect you and defeat a Funder; and then I will let you decide whether I have a cold heart or not.

"I can do anything to advance your interest, all you have got to do is to command me, and I am at your service.

"This letter is to you and none else; keep the secret to yourself, and I will come out in a card in the next issue of the *South and West*. Funderism must be driven to the wall, and that forever.

"Yours in a noble cause,
(Signed) Sam. H. Newberry.

"P. S.—I will make the *South and West* as hot as the hind end of a yellow-jacket from now till the 2d of November.

S. H. N."

Note the following in connection with the above:

1. Newberry distinctly says that his letter is for Fulkerson and nobody else; and at once Fulkerson copies it and gives it away!

2. Newberry withdraws and gives Fulkerson (by his own estimate) 1,500 or 2,000 votes—thus saving him from a terrible defeat, as he was elected over Trigg by a majority of only 475.

3. Fulkerson, while acknowledging the great favor done him by Newberry (although he had refused in 1878 to withdraw in favor of Newberry), requites the generosity of Newberry by a slur at "the man's honesty," &c.

4. This year, Newberry already in the field as an Independent, Fulkerson comes in also as an Independent and seeks to drive Newberry off.

What do the people of the Ninth district think of such a man? Will they vote for him? Will they endorse his conduct? Does anybody believe that Mr.

Fulkerson occupies his present position because he is so strong a Democrat that he could not continue to support the present friendly Federal Administration? That he did support President Arthur's Administration, and that he voted for Keifer (Republican) as Speaker of the House of Representatives, is well known; and he publicly confesses that he voted to seat a Republican, negro, a Greenbacker and a Mornou against Democrats—and he prates that he did so on his conscience. His conscience! How much conscience has this man got in view of the past and present relations between him and Newberry? Isn't Newberry at least as good a Democrat as he, if Bowen be not as truly Democratic as either of them? Can his Democracy force him into the field at the cost of treachery to his party and to the gratitude and common courtesy due from him to Newberry? No convention has nominated Fulkerson. Nobody has forced him to take the field. No! He comes out against Newberry and Bowen, against Readjusters and Readjustment on "his own motion," because he wishes to retain his seat in Congress. The principles that inspire and guide him in his present course are precisely \$5,000 a year—principles so dear to him that last year he could not and would not contribute anything in the way of time, labor or money to the great triumph for which he so applauds Gen. Mahone, though all the while he was receiving \$416,666 a month for doing nothing at all—as far as appears—but support the Administration, help make Keifer (Republican) Speaker, and vote to seat a Republican, a negro, a Greenbacker and a Mornou?

Does Capt. Newberry believe that Fulkerson's Democracy impels him to the base ingratitude and faithlessness he now exhibits? Does anybody? In 1879, under the date of August 30, writing to Gen. Mahone, he took the bold ground at Abingdon, that if the Conservative party made the principles of that bill (the Brokers' Bill) the platform of the party, I would step down and out, and not wait to be read out; and that if the only object and purpose of the party should become the oppression of the people (as he, Fulkerson, has since been, that it had become the sole object and purpose of the Bourbon-Funder faction), I would prefer the Republican party."

It is well known that Mr. Fulkerson endorsed and supported Gen. Mahone's course in the Senate, and that when the *Marion Patriot and Herald*, awaiting further information, editorially treated Gen. Mahone's first declarations and votes in the Senate with caution, he wrote a letter to the editor W. C. Pendleton, Esq., rebuking him for not more emphatically sustaining Gen. Mahone in his position, and unreservedly committing himself (Fulkerson) to that position. This letter has already been extensively read in the Southwest and the people there are familiar with it. Do they believe that the writer of that letter is any better Democrat than Gen. Mahone, or Wise, or Bowen? No, no! a thousand times, no!

Before us we have a letter from Mr. Fulkerson, dated March 15, 1880, in which he says to Gen. Mahone:

"I learned that you gave currency to a report, before I left Richmond, that there was danger of my acting with the Funders in National politics. Now, I hope, because of the high regard I have always had for you, that this report is false. If you entertained such a thought, it was without the slightest foundation in truth."

Ab, indeed! Where is Fulkerson now? And what is his pretext for playing traitor to the Readjuster party? It is that he is acting with the Funders only in National politics?

In the same letter, he says:

"I thought if I had made a reputation for anything, it was for steady, unwavering adherence to the principles I avow. * * * The members of our party may all prove ingrates; still, this will not affect the principles of Readjustment, nor will these things, though wrong in themselves, drive me from the advocacy of the cause. Nothing can drive me from the active support of the cause but the pinching poverty which has come of the support I have given it in the past."

"I make this prophecy: A Judas in our camp will betray you and the cause before or during the session of the General Assembly next to be elected."

Prophetic words! And Fulkerson not only did all he could to make his prophecy come true as to others, but he has fulfilled it in his own person by becoming the Judas he foresaw!

In 1880 Fulkerson did not regard it as his duty to co-operate with the Funders in National politics, and, as we have seen, he bitterly resented and repelled the idea that he could do so; and in a letter, dated May 8, 1880, he wrote as follows to Col. Campbell Slem, of Lee county:

"The Funder policy is to disintegrate and break up our party during the Presidential canvass, by declaring that Readjustment has nothing to do with the Presidential election, and, by this deception, get the Conservative Readjusters to act with them, and thus drive the Republican Readjusters back into the Funder Republican ranks. The Funders are more anxious to break up our party than they are to elect a President; and, while they make a great noise about 'National Democracy,' to kill Readjustment, fasten, the whole debt upon the people, and restore themselves to power in Virginia is secretly the issue with them. State control is their aim, and the election of a Democratic President is their pretext."

"Now, is not the establishment of the cause of Readjustment, and the right of the people of Virginia to regulate their taxes and other internal affairs, of more importance to us than the election of a President? Now that we have overthrown the policy of the Funders, brokers, and money-rings in Virginia, and made Readjustment easy in the near future, shall we throw away all our advantages by joining the Funders in a wild-goose chase after the mere shadow of a chance to elect a President? And failing in this, our party would be disrupted and disbanded,—the Funding bills of 1871 and 1879 riveted upon our people—the Readjusters reduced to mere hewers of wood and drawers of water for the Funders! Then, indeed, we would be slaves; and will deserve that fate, if we are fools enough to be caught in this Funder Presidential trap."

Such were Fulkerson's wise and patriotic views in the Presidential year of 1880 as to our National politics—views still more wise and patriotic for this Congressional year of 1882. And yet he now makes National politics his pretext for a course against which he warned Col. Slem in 1880!

Fulkerson, too, we learn, affects great indignation at the changes that have been made in the Postmasters and Postmistresses of the Ninth district and of the State at large; but Fulkerson does not tell the people what share he has taken in urging and directing these changes. We, however, have some evidence on that subject, and we will give a portion of it. Under the date of June 13, 1881, writing to Senator Mahone, he urges the removal of Miss Mary J. Dotson from the office at Wise Courthouse, and the appointment of a man in her place. He says: "The Dotsons are a hard lot—Gripsackers of the worst stripe. He then abuses the lady's father in the grossest manner—he, we believe, being the present Straightout candidate for Congress in the Ninth district. In letters ranging in date from August 15, 1881, to October 28, 1881, he recommends changes in the offices at Holston, Washington county; King's Mill, Washington county; Rockfort, Washington county; Lebanon, Russell county; Big Stone Gap, Wise county; Gibson's Station, Lee county; &c., and he was particularly urgent for the route agents between Lynchburg and Bristol to be removed. Fulkerson also furnished a full list of postoffices and officers in his district, with his wholesale denunciations of incumbents to slaughter."

We quote the following from a letter of Fulkerson's of Oct. 24, 1881: "The complaint in Lee and Scott is very great because of the irregularity of the mail between Bristol and Lee Courthouse. I was at Lee last week, and they had not received the *Whig* for four weeks. The same complaint comes from Scott and other counties. There is a daily mail be-

tween this and Lee Courthouse by way of Scott, and yet they do not get the *Whig* once a month, while other papers (Funder) go regularly. We miss the *Whig* here about every other day. There are two men in railroad mail service between this place and Lynchburg who are said to be bitter Funders. Their name is—, and they are from Lynchburg. They are suspected. I think if you will have a special Agent sent here at once it will be the means of catching some of these rascals and searing the others into propriety."

"The Abingdon *Virginian* should have gotten here Saturday morning. It did not come till Sunday, and the whole batch of those papers for this place were found outside of the mail and in the hands of a Funder."

Such is a little of the evidence that goes to show what was Fulkerson's real attitude towards the postmasters and postmistresses in his district; and all who know him can well understand that, if he had the power or influence, he would today use it with ruthless thoroughness and vigor against every Federal appointee in the Southwest who is not for Fulkerson and Fulkersonism.

Yes Fulkerson is well known in Washington county and throughout the Southwest, and nothing has saved him from utter perdition but his relations to General Mahone and to the great Readjuster movement. The most unpopular man ever known to the people and politics of his Congressional district he would long ago have been driven from public life, but for the popular cause upon which he has been a heavy burden, and the extraordinary efforts put forth in his behalf by the State Readjuster organization. His correspondence, full of excuses for not doing anything in any canvass outside his own county or Senatorial district, is equally full of cries for help to pull him through. And this help he got—more than has ever been given any other Readjuster candidate; and still he has always got through by small majorities. The greatest opposition to consolidation came from the Southwest, and from Washington county particularly; because the bill to authorize it named Fulkerson as one of the commissioners to carry it into effect; and this opposition would have been withdrawn had General Mahone consented to substitute some one else in his place. But this General Mahone refused to do,—and to-day he is repaid for his constancy to Fulkerson by treachery from the latter, supplemented by the insolent cry that he (Fulkerson) by his great influence had carried Mahone and Consolidation through the Southwest. Could anything be more preposterous? Nay, verily!

But we are paying more attention to Fulkerson than the subject is worth. It is our farewell to him, however, and we promise our readers that hereafter we shall leave Fulkerson to the merited oblivion to which he will be consigned on the 7th of November. This fate, which he courts, he has already prophesied and justified for himself and others as we shall demonstrate. Even in 1879, after the election of that year, he wrote as follows:

"I will not have the same trouble we had last Legislature. The issue was well defined this time, and every Readjuster won his election at the point of the bayonet. The eyes of the whole State will be upon each member elect, and, if there is any hesitancy, even, it will raise a storm of indignation, and, of course, BRIBERY will be charged at once."

"The fate of those who deserted us ought to deter others from the same course. * * * Of the nine Readjusters who voted against the Brokers' Bill, eight of them were candidates for re-election and seven of them were elected. Slem was thrown in the same district with Wood and could not run."

"Of the twenty-eight Senators who voted for the Bill, Daniel, Hurt, Koimer and C. T. Smith, are all that were returned so far as I know. This is significant, and ought to strike terror to the hearts of the bravest of the Funder faction."

Yet even before that, on the date of February 2, 1879 he wrote as follows:

"I am anxious for— to write a brochure, entitled 'Company Q.'—You know in the war and in prison 'Company Q' was an institution

composed of deserters and men under arrest generally. It is appropriate, because Quesenberry was the first deserter and entitled to the Captiancy. Let— write the article, and at once Quesenberry, Brooke, Phlegar, &c., and every man who wavers will be denounced as belonging to 'Company Q,' and it will be adopted for the weak-knees throughout the State. The compromise stands no earthly show, except by a combination of the Funders with 'Company Q.'"

And thus we leave Fulkerson,—the last of our deserters—the lowest private in the rear rank of "Company Q." The "institution" he organized and named for the ignominy of others, has now become his place of refuge! Condemned and sentenced out of his own mouth, we leave him to the vengeance of the people he has sought to betray.—*Whig*.

Mr. Parr's Statement.

The following speaks for itself, and shows Massey in his true light:

PATRICK COURT HOUSE, July 4, 1882.
Editor of the *Whig*.

A sense of duty, if not of public duty, impels me to make this statement: I went to Richmond a member of the House of Delegates from Patrick, Mr. John E. Massey's political and personal friend. He was my choice for the United States Senate inside of the party and its caucus, and during the active canvass of members at Richmond preceding the caucus nomination, and when all manner of efforts (as was generally known) were put on foot by Mr. Massey and his partisans to secure a sufficient number of the party to leave the caucus and to join the Bourbon-Funders to elect him, I saw Mr. Massey frequently. One evening, just preceding the caucus nomination, I met Mr. Massey at the door of the tea-room of the American. After assuring me in pleasing terms of his confidence in my friendship and my partiality for his candidacy, he said: "Help me all you can, and if you need any money you can get it: you can get as much as five hundred dollars if you want it." I was so startled and confounded at this suggestion that I made no reply, and left him immediately. I really felt so humiliated in my own eyes for some time I did not mention this matter to any one.

When Mr. Massey came to insist upon his nomination to the Auditorship upon his own arbitrary terms, and when the atmosphere was pregnant with all manner of suggestions as to bribery of members—when a committee of the Senate was engaged in an investigation of the conduct of some of the Senate against whom were charges of an attempt to bribe members, I made known to Mr. Amos Dickerson, the member from Floyd, what Mr. Massey had said to me in the five hundred dollar matter, giving him the date and circumstances as previously stated.

Mr. Dickerson promptly said he would abandon Mr. Massey; that he would not give his support to any man who would thus approach a member of the Legislature.

Subsequently, and during the tedious contention over the Auditorship nomination Mr. Massey hearing that Mr. Dickerson had abandoned him, called on Mr. Dickerson to know why he was no longer standing by him. Mr. Dickerson frankly gave Mr. Massey the reason by telling him what I had made known to him in the matter of the five hundred dollars.

Mr. Massey denied that he had offered anyone any money. On being so advised by Mr. Dickerson, I went with him to Mr. Massey's office, and there, to Mr. Massey's face and in the presence of Mr. Amos Dickerson, repeated the statement I had made to Mr. Dickerson, of his (Massey's) proposal to me, in effect—"Help me all you can, and if you need five hundred dollars you can get it."

Mr. Massey then and there admitted, having spoken to me, but said his purpose was, as I was a poor man, to offer me money. My reply was that I did not understand why he should, at such a time, offer to lend me money; I had not intimated to him of anyone else that I wanted to borrow any money. I believe now, as I did then, that Mr. Massey intended to furnish me with the five hundred dollars to bribe members to stay out of caucus and vote with the Funders to elect him to the United States Senate.

I make this statement because Mr. Massey is disposed to cast reflection upon the members of the Legislature by saying in his speech at Charlottesville that if he had all the money that had been used in that Legislature he would not want to work any more while he lived. I can only say that Mr. Massey is the only man that ever offered me any money in Richmond. I think his speech at Charlottesville coming from him is in bad taste.

EDMUND PARR,
Member House of Delegates,
Patrick County, Va.

REV. AMOS DICKERSON'S STATEMENT.

I have read the foregoing statement of Mr. Parr; it is correct of my own knowledge, as it relates to me in that of my interview with Mr. Parr and of my interview with Mr. Massey, and it correctly gives what passed when I went with Mr. Parr to see Mr. Massey about the five hundred dollars.

AMOS DICKERSON,
Member House of Delegates,
Floyd County, Va.

LIBERAL READJUSTER TICKET, 1882. For Congressmen for the State at Large, HON. JOHN S. WISE, Of Richmond. For Congress District, CAPT. HENRY BOWEN, Of Tazewell.

FULKERSON THE FALSE!

Abram Fulkerson in a letter to the editor of the Lee county Sentinel, and distributed to the Funder press in circular form for publication, bearing the date of October 15th, says that "W. C. Pendleton was the first to "make use of a private letter in this "canvass," referring to the letter read by Col. S. Brown Allen, at this place at September court. This statement of Fulkerson I pronounce a misrepresentation. Before the letter was read it was shown to him and he made no objections to it being read, on the score of it being private, but after it was read he got up before a crowded court-house of the citizens of Smyth and made an excuse for writing the letter. He said that Mahone had written him to write to me, and therefore he had written the letter. I got up before the same audience and convicted Fulkerson of misstating by showing that his excuse was false. The letter was written on the 25th day of March, 1881, and dated at Bristol, Va. & Tenn. The letter criticised an article which had appeared in the PATRIOT AND HERALD the day before (24th March 1882), which article referred to the course of General Mahone in the United States Senate. Fulkerson said in the letter, "I think your editorial on "the situation this week is too watery "and where closely read will do you "no good among Readjusters."

When the letter was read Fulkerson said that he had written it to me at the instance of Mahone, and I proved by the circumstances that his explanation was false; and he sat down, covered with confusion, before four hundred of the people of Smyth, who were more than satisfied that he had misrepresented to escape from the position in which the letter placed him.

The article that Fulkerson criticised was published on the 24th of March, '81; and his critical letter written the 25th of March, 1881. Fulkerson was at Bristol, Va. & Tenn. I was at Marion, Va., and Mahone was at Washington, D. C. Don't you see that it was impossible for Mahone to see the PATRIOT AND HERALD, to correspond with Fulkerson and then for Fulkerson to write me in twenty-four hours after the article was published. The fact is that Fulkerson, in his great anxiety to escape the responsibility of the letter, made a misrepresentation, and I proved it on him immediately.

I assert that the letter to me is not a private one. It is political throughout. John G. Watts submitted letters of a similar character to Fulkerson and Fulkerson said they were not private; but political.

Moreover, before I had the letter used on Fulkerson I had heard him tell, at Tazewell C. H., things that had been told him in confidence by friends in his own private room at Washington City. His entire speech was made up of things that he was supposed to have heard in private conversations or confidential political conferences.

Fulkerson is the last man in the world to complain of his political reverses being read against him, as it is a well known to many persons that he keeps in his office, at Bristol, great stacks of letters written to him by the most prominent men of this District, and of the State, for the purpose of using them in the future, if necessary to protect his interests. Besides, I, and others know, that on one occasion he set a deliberate trap to catch a gentleman who was a candidate for the Conservative nomination for Congress, by getting him to write a letter to a supposed friend, taking a position—privately—upon certain questions that affected portions of the District differently. The candidate was foolish enough to write and commit himself, and Fulkerson held it over him and drove him from the field.

Fulkerson has no right to complain of any methods after his own known, and after he has tried to debase and defame those who have been his truest friends, politically and personally, because they would not follow him into the arms of Funderism.

W. M. C. PENDLETON. Vote for Wise and Bowen and the Free Schools.

FUNDER DEMOCRACY.

The word "Democracy" is the charm that Funderism vainly hopes will draw off a sufficient number of Readjusters from their duty to enable Funderism to gain a victory in the approaching election. Funderism that opposes everything that even has the semblance of Democracy, would try to make the people believe that it is the representative of the old-time Jeffersonian Democratic principles and doctrines. They imagine that the humble masses who compose the Readjuster party can be deceived by a name and gullied by the false cries uttered by Funderism, and the false colors under which it moves. But the Readjusters are not so ignorant as Funderism supposes. The Readjusters know that it is not the name but the principles that make a party democratic. What principle does Funderism possess that entitles it to the name "Democracy"? None whatever. Democracy means "government for the people—by the people," and Funderism means "government by a preferred class of citizens for themselves and the bondholders." Democracy speaks aloud for a free ballot and a fair count, and Funderism has struggled to prevent a free ballot by keeping in force the poll-tax prerequisite to voting. Democracy means free, universal education and enlightenment, and Funderism means the confinement of these blessings to the "better" class of people. Democracy means freedom of thought in political and religious matters, Funderism, prescription and bigotry. No, there is nothing Democratic in Funderism. It has stolen the name, and does not possess a single principle that Jefferson would own or sanction. Down with the false party of false principles!

REMEMBER that you cannot register after this week. Saturday is the last day. Register and be sure you vote for Wise and Bowen.

FULKERSON AS A DEMOCRAT.

In a discussion at Christiansburg with Colonel Fulkerson, a few weeks ago, we charged that he had hounded down Funder (Democratic) post-masters in portions of the district, and the Colonel most emphatically denied it. So you can see by reading the following letter from Fulkerson directed to General Mahone, and written August 15th, 1881, how much he is to be trusted in the statements of the new candidate of Bourbon-Funderism in the Ninth district:

BRISTOL, VA. & TENN., August 15, 1881.

Dear General:—The following changes ought to be made in the P. M.'s of this county: Holston, Washington county, Va.—Remove and appoint Wm. F. Robinson. The present incumbent, can't call his name now, is a violent Funder, was sent from Abingdon by the Funders, furnished money to rent a house for a doggerly, and to pay for liquor, and is set up there for the express purpose of affecting the vote of that place, which is one of our strong holds. It is believed that John W. Johnston furnished the money. I believe the man's name is Coats. How he got the P. M.'s place I cannot conceive. He is utterly worthless, and has been engaged in swindling the people by bogus advertisements of this and that.

Wm. F. Robinson is a reliable clever young man and has a store at the same place. This change is important. Kings Mill P. O. Washington county. James Rouse should be appointed in place of Keys, the present incumbent. Keys is a Bourbon and under the absolute control of the C. H. ring. Rouse is a republican Readjuster and reliable.

A P. O. will be established at Green Spring, Washington county, one of our strong holds. Have Nannie Cox appointed here.

Rock Ford P. O. Washington county.—Have John Gray appointed in place of Jas. Hughes the present incumbent. Gray is a first-class Readjuster-Democrat, of the old school, but always with us. Hughes is a violent Funder-Democrat, and is the father of Deputy Sheriff Hughes, one of the Abingdon ring.

If you have these changes made it will help us very much.

T. J. Warren has been appointed P. M. at Emory. This is a good lick.

Capt. Rives told me he would form a new collecting district out of the whole of Washington, Russell, Tazewell and Buchanan. I expect Hickman ought to have the Deputy.

Starett might do, but he lives in Smyth county.

The result at Lynchburg has utterly demoralized the Funders here.

Yours truly, A. FULKERSON.

Fulkerson not only suggested the removal of Funder post-masters in his county, but he did the same thing in others.

Don't you remember what he said here about the "Revenue gang"?—Give your attention to the paragraph in the above letter where he says that Capt. Rives told him that he would form a new collecting district of certain counties; and where Fulkerson suggests certain parties, who were his friends, for the place of deputy collector. Fulkerson was not

much opposed to the Revenue gang?

when he thought he could be served by it. Now Readjusters, now Funders, give attention to the following, the last clause in Fulkerson's letter: "The result at Lynchburg has entirely demoralized the Funders here."

Do you know what that "result at Lynchburg" was? If you do not, we will tell you. A Republican convention was held at Lynchburg to determine whether the Republican party should put in the field a candidate for Governor, &c., and the Readjusters captured the convention and secured a coalition with the bulk of the Republican party. That was "the result" that demoralized the Funders around Abram, and over which he exulted so much. He was then delighted with coalition. In 1880, when his election was saved by one thousand Republican votes, he did not object to coalition. Nor was he ever known to object to coalition until he consented to serve Bourbon-Funderism as an independent candidate.

Oh ye Funders, who are now shooting for Fulkerson because he is a Democrat, just think of him asking Mahone a year ago to have your political friends turned out of country post offices; and let the Abingdon Ring while singing his praises remember what he said of that "doggerly," that SENATOR JOHN W. JOHNSTON furnished the money to set up.

Oh ye Funder Simon-pure Democrats, just think of your candidate, Fulkerson, exulting on the 13th of August, 1881, over the "result" in Lynchburg, the coalition then formed with the Republican party by the Readjusters, and which "entirely demoralized the Funders" at Bristol.

Oh ye men of "exalted principles" take it all in; swallow it down and show your blind devotion to Bourbon Funderism.

Pay your poll-tax for 1881 and vote for Wise and Bowen.

READ, AND CONTRADICT

Read the manly and refined communication of our gallant candidate Capt. Henry Bowen addressed to the people of the Ninth district, and compare it with the coarse and venomous productions that Abram Fulkerson has been spreading before the same people. The manly sentiments of Bowen show plainly that he has done nothing of which he is ashamed. It is evident that he has committed no act that would reflect upon his political friends, and nothing that his political foes can pronounce unclean! His is the production of a man of heart, a man of generous instincts, a man of noble courage, a man of fidelity to personal friends and political supporters. His card is bright and beautiful when contrasted with the coarse and bitter ones with which Fulkerson has sought to debase and defame men who have been his best and truest friends, personally and politically, because they would no longer serve him, he having bolted his party, and sought to betray it into the hands of Funderism.

Every line that Fulkerson has addressed to the public has been plainly stamped with the malignant feelings of one who knows that he has committed a great wrong against his friends and party; and the knowledge of his having done so only makes his resentment to them the more intense.

"For vicious natures, when they once begin to take distaste, and purpose no retreat, the greater debt they owe, the more they hate."

POOR Newberry has allowed himself to be made the dupe of Funderism again. In 1880 they gullied him into the belief that they would nominate him at Abingdon, and instead of doing so they brought out C. F. Trigg. He resented their bad faith by giving the truck to Fulkerson.

Now in 1882 Funderism will probably make him give way again, not to the candidate of the Readjuster party, but again to Fulkerson, who is playing the role of a Funder candidate.

FUNDERISM last fall said that the Readjusters could not settle the debt on the Riddleberger Bill basis. Now they say that the debt is so settled and that by the Readjusters.

THE Funders in the east talk of Massey and Fulkerson carrying the Ninth district. You can form some idea of the prospects of Funderism in other portions of the State.

BE sure to Register. Saturday is the last day. Vote against Funderism by voting for Wise and Bowen.

WHAT FULKERSON SAID IN 1881.

In March 1881, just after Mahone had taken his stand in the United States Senate, we wrote a brief article in reference thereto that was not sufficiently strong to meet the approval of Fulkerson, who was then an ultra Mahone man. We were then as strong in our support of Mahone's policy as we now are, and had been one of those who, by letter, urged upon General Mahone the propriety and wisdom of pursuing the course he did in the organization of the Senate. But Fulkerson, from our quiet article, was of the opinion that we were going back on Readjustment and Mahone, as he is now doing; and immediately he wrote us a letter, from which we quote the following: "If you will allow me to say so, and I certainly say so in the utmost kindness to you, I think your article on the situation this week is "too watery, and where closely read "will do you no good among Readjusters. You leave barely room to "get out at, but enough, I think, if "you take the plain road next week. "Delay is dangerous if you intend to "make the race for Senate."

In the article we did not see fit to comment upon the course of General Mahone, but merely gave a state-of-the-facts preparatory for the articles we would write next week, and in a letter in reply to Col. Fulkerson announced that we were true to Readjustment, that Smyth county was right and would do her duty in the gubernatorial election, at the same time informing him that we knew how to conduct our paper editorially and did not desire any suggestions from him. The fact is that we were incensed at him for insinuating that we were wavering in our devotion to Readjustment.

In his letter the Colonel gave us to understand that he was for us for the Senate, when in fact he had already announced to D. F. Bailey that he was for him. Thus it will be seen that he was playing his usual double game.

It is now a part of the Colonel's plan to try and frighten Readjusters with cries of Radical and Nigger just as Funderism has done for the past several years. In this same letter to us, here is what he said about the negro: "The negro is still in the wood-pile, and the negro vote in the State "is the great prize for which both "parties are fighting. They both "that secures that vote will break the "other's head. We can get it if we "will. Shall we take it or shall we "commit suicide by driving it over "to the Funder and Grip-sacker!"

That's what Abram thought of the negro and coalition on the 21st of March, 1881. Then he wanted to use the colored man to break the Bourbon head; and now he is trying to aid the Bourbons to break our heads by crying, "Nigger!" "Radical!" and everything that Funderism was then using against us. Was ever a man so inconsistent; was ever a man so ungrateful!

When Col. S. Brown Allen spoke at this place we allowed him to read extracts from the letter, after submitting it to Col. Fulkerson, who raised no objections to his reading it. Col. Fulkerson has since intimated, as have some of his tooters, that it is a private letter. This we deny, as it is entirely political, and written for the purpose of criticising our supposed political course. But even if it were a private letter, we never consented for it to be used until after we had heard Fulkerson, at Tazewell Court-house, relate things that had been told him in private conversations, in his own private room, and which he sought to use against our party, and against the persons who had reposed confidence in him under the seal of friendship, in his private room. Therefore he cannot complain of the letter upon the score of its being private, as he had already been guilty of a breach of confidence.

FUNDERISM said last year that if Readjustment won in the State that the free schools would be destroyed. Readjusters, and ye honest men who were deluded into voting the Funder ticket by this false prediction, remember this; and do not listen to the falsehoods of Funderism this fall.

FUNDERISM said last year that a Readjuster victory meant mixed schools and mixed marriages, and white men were driven from our party by the falsehood. Remember the lies of Funderism last fall and profit thereby.

THE Funders in the east talk of Massey and Fulkerson carrying the Ninth district. You can form some idea of the prospects of Funderism in other portions of the State.

Vote against Funderism by voting for Wise and Bowen.

GOV. CAMERON AND THE WATKINS CASE.

To the Editor of The State. My attention has been called to several editorials in your paper in reference to the investigation of the penitentiary affairs by the grand jury of the Hastings Court. Permit me to say in justice to Gov. Cameron that upon my application to him he readily placed at my disposal the papers in his possession bearing upon the matter, and offered any further assistance which might be in his power to bring the offenders to justice.

Respectfully, S. B. WITT, Commonwealth's Attorney for city of Richmond.

Funderism has tried to make the people of the State believe that Gov. Cameron had neglected his duty in the interest of his party, and that he had sought to shield a member of the last Legislature after he had been guilty of a violation of the law. The above from the Commonwealth Attorney, who is a Funder, vindicates Governor Cameron.

Fulkerson's organ, the Abingdon Virginian, says that the Colonel would not give the track to Newberry if he, Fulkerson, thought Newberry could win.—PATRIOT AND HERALD 19th inst.

It said no such thing.—Abingdon Virginian 20th inst. "We doubt if Fulkerson would come off the track if Newberry could be elected. We night say we are certain he would not.—Abingdon Virginian 13th inst.

We submit now if we have misrepresented the Virginian. The last three words we put in italics; but the language is that of the Virginian precisely.

It is a very low order of principle that will permit a man to vote for one whom he has denounced as a villain, a liar and a dog. In fact it gives evidence of an entire lack of principle, when it is done only from party policy.

It is ridiculous to hearsome of the stupid Funders talking about Democratic principles. They've no more idea of the meaning of the term than a hog has of the value of a brilliant diamond.

HERE is the ticket the Readjusters of the ninth district will vote: FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE, CAPT. JNO. S. WISE.

FOR CONGRESSMAN NINTH DISTRICT, CAPT. HENRY BOWEN.

For the amendment to the Constitution which restores free suffrage. Vote for Wise and Bowen and for a Free Ballot.

LIBERAL READJUSTER PLATFORM.

WHEREAS, the Readjuster party of Virginia, by its unparalleled victory of last year, intrusted by the people with the duty of reorganizing the government and policy of the Commonwealth, upon the advanced line dictated by the changes of the past and the necessities of the present, and

WHEREAS, the fruits of that victory have not been fully realized; and we, the Readjusters of the Ninth district, recognizing the fact that a great revolution such as this in behalf of Liberalism cannot be completed in a single year, and that therefore its work should not be abandoned to those who have stubbornly resisted its consummation; the right to change the administration of State affairs carries with it the obligation to see that the changed condition be allowed to remain in operation, at least, until it be fairly tested.

We realize that the Bourbon Funder party, having admitted the failure of its own measures, to satisfy the public necessity, is now challenging our right to have the measures and the policy of the Readjuster party submitted to the test of trial. If the Bourbons are successful in their efforts, the government of Virginia and its representation in national affairs will be remanded to those under whose care sectionalism flourished, public education languished and the freedom of elections was destroyed—in whose hands the sovereign power of taxation was devolved between the State and commercial speculators, and the great charities of the Commonwealth abandoned and made secondary to the unscrupulous demands of brokers and money speculators.

WHEREAS, the Readjusters of Virginia are unalterably opposed to the Sectionalism of the Bourbon party in national affairs, and realizing the purposes of President Arthur as indicated in his messages to Congress to adopt a national policy for the government of the people, thereby giving us one Union and one Government, and that Union and this securing a restoration of our Southern States, and guaranteeing our Southern citizens equal rights and privileges under the government as wise, generous and patriotic and as such, fully deserving of approval, therefore be it

Resolved, That the said resolutions and articles of the President of the United States meet our hearty and unqualified support, and that we cheerfully accept his course in the past as a sufficient guarantee of the future policy of his administration. 2nd. That we endorse and extol the course of the true and tried Readjuster Liberals in the late session the general Assembly, and condemn the treachery of those who were elected as pledged champions of our principles and measures; and affected to desert our cause, and leagued with our enemies to undermine those principles and to defeat the fulfillment of those measures. 3rd. That we believe in the doctrine of protection, and therefore favor a tariff that will build up our home industries and protect our labor from competition with the pauper labor of foreign and Kingly governments; that will encourage the investment of capital in Mining and Manufacturing and thus lead to the construction of railroads and the speedy development of our mineral resources. 4th. That we favor a total abolition of the entire internal revenue system of taxation. 5th. That we heartily endorse John S. Wise as our candidate for Congressman at Large. 6th. That the delegates to this convention hereby pledge themselves as well as the candidates who may be placed in nomination before this convention, by any of said delegates, to support the nominee of this convention.

JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT GUMMED OIL FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Cough, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches. No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. It relieves but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE. A. VOEGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

A CARD.

To the Re-Adjusters

SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA.

GENTLEMEN—You have given much of your time to Readjusting politics, the public debt and other important matters; we are Readjusting too. Ours only applies to the

Furniture & Mattress BUSINESS.

Look around your house and see if your Furniture don't need readjusting. Ask your wives if they don't need a

PARLOR CHAMBER SUIT.

Respectfully, DICKERSON & THOMPSON.

"THE FURNITURE MEN"

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY

AND SILVERWARE.

The largest and most complete stock in Lynchburg.

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SOLID SILVER and PLATED WARE. Gold and Silver SPECTACLES.

Watches repaired in the best manner. Hair Jewelry made to order. Thoroughly Renovated and Refitted. Special attention given to the manufacture of School and College Badges, &c. by Prompt attention paid to orders by mail or otherwise. ap 13

AMERICAN HOTEL, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

J. S. DODSON, Proprietor. Accommodations for 300 Guests, BOARD \$2.00 and \$2.50 per DAY. Thoroughly Renovated and Refitted. Only Passenger Elevator in the City. ELECTRIC BELLS IN EACH ROOM. This HOTEL has the great advantage of being located on Main Street, in the very best portion of the City, and close proximity to all the following places: TOBACCO EXCHANGE, CORN and FLOUR EXCHANGE, POST OFFICE, CUSTOM HOUSE, PRINCIPAL BUSINESS HOUSES, and all the principal Business Houses, both wholesale and retail, of every class Omnibus to and from all Depots and Steamboat Landings.

And all the principal Business Houses, both wholesale and retail, of every class Omnibus to and from all Depots and Steamboat Landings. Sent 21 S2 ts. BOOK AND JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

MARKETS.

PRICE CURRENT BY J. R. HOCKADAY, 1308 Cary Street, RICHMOND, VA. Wholesale

COMMISSION MERCHANT

And dealer in Fruits and Vegetables, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, and Field Seeds generally. Orders and Consignments Solicited. Quick Sales and prompt Returns

Table with columns for various goods and prices. Includes items like Apples, Butter, Beans, Cabbage, Eggs, Hides, Honey, Lard, Oranges, Onions, Peas, Peaches, Pigs, Potatoes, Turkeys, Chickens, Eggs, Vials, Wool, Wheat, Corn, Oats, Flour, Hay, Straw, etc.

NORFOLK & WESTERN R. R. TIME TABLE IN EFFECT AUGUST 27, 1882.

Table showing Westward Daily and Eastward Daily train schedules with columns for Washington Time, No. 1, No. 3, No. 11, and No. 10.

Connections. At PETERSBURG, with R. & P. R. for Richmond and Springfield on C. & O. Ry., Fredericksburg, Washington, Baltimore and the North and East. Through Pullmans are from Petersburg to New York Solid trains Petersburg to Washington.

At BURENILLE with R. & D. R. R. for the South. At LYNCHBURG, with Va. Mid. R. R. to and from the South and North, and with Richmond & Alleghany R. R. for Buchanan, Chilton Forge and C. & O. Ky. points. At ROANOKE, No. 11 makes close connection with the Shenandoah Valley R. R. North bound.

At BRISTOL, with East Tenn., Va. & Ga. R. R. for Knoxville, Dalton, Chattanooga and all points South, and Southwest. No. 1 has Leighton Sleepers from Lynchburg to Memphis and from Lynchburg to Houston and San Antonio, without change, and from New York to Chattanooga via S. V. R. R. and Roanoke. Only one change from Washington to San Antonio in Pullman cars.

Eastward Daily.

Table showing Eastward Daily train schedules with columns for Washington Time, No. 2, No. 4, No. 10, and No. 10.

Connections at ROANOKE, No. 10 with the S. V. R. R. from Lynchburg, Hagerstown, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Through Sleeper from Chattanooga to New York via Lynchburg, Leighton Sleeper on No. 2, Memphis to Lynchburg and Knoxville to Lynchburg. Pullman Sleeper on No. 4, New Orleans to Washington, via Lynchburg, and from Knoxville to Lynchburg.

At LYNCHBURG, with Va. Midland R. R. for Danville and North Carolina points, and for Washington and Eastern cities. At BURENILLE, with R. & D. R. R. for Richmond.

Through car between Lynchburg and Richmond. At PETERSBURG, with P. R. R. for Weldon Raleigh, Goldsboro, Wilmington, and the Southeast. At NORFOLK, with Bay Line Steamers, except Sunday, for Baltimore, thence rail to Philadelphia and New York, with Old Dominion Steamers on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays for New York, and on Tuesday and Fridays with M. & M. T. Co. for Boston and Providence.

First and second class tickets as low as the lowest—150 lbs. of Baggage checked free to each ticket, and 75 lbs. to each half ticket. 1500 mile tickets, \$37.50; 1000 mile tickets, \$30.00. For further information as to tickets, rates, baggage checks, &c., call on or address the Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agt., Lynchburg, Va.

A. POPE, G. P. & T. A., LYNCHBURG, VA. HENRY FINK V. P. & Gen'l Mgr.

IRELAND OF TO-DAY 75c to \$2.00. New Edition Now Ready. Wanted: Agents for U. S. & Canada. Address: F. SWAIN & Co., Portland, Me.

Local News.

County Readjuster Committee.

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Chairman of the Readjuster party, in Smyth county, I appoint the following citizens members of the county committee, requesting that they go to work in earnest and see that our cause shall not suffer on the 7th of November:

- Rye Valley District. Matthew Houston, E. Gross, G. B. Blankenbecker, Jack Grinstead, Robert Eades, Samuel James, William Shupe, C. E. Hopkins, M. W. Slemm, R. D. Nelson, M. F. Umbarger, Capt. R. C. Williams.

- Marion District. Daniel Lindamood, A. B. Snavely, J. T. Cahoon, William Mansfield, H. N. Ward, S. M. Williams, R. W. West, F. J. Snider, Charles Falke, N. C. Harris, James H. Francis, W. A. Wolfe, Benjamin Lloyd, R. T. Coppenhaver, R. M. Goodman, I. C. Anderson, W. N. Dungan, Jr., P. J. Gregory, George R. Riber, E. D. Harris, Joseph C. Gosholtz, Wm. E. Leonard, A. F. Bonham, N. C. Williams.

- Rich Valley District. A. J. Hobbie, Capt. H. Harmon, Capt. J. B. Whitehead, F. D. Davis, Jas. R. Hubble, F. J. Whitehead, Frank W. Richardson, F. J. Buchanan, James H. Kinder, William Spratt, Wm. H. Poston, George McVey, John M. Poston, Robert Allison, GEO. W. HUBBLE, Chairman.

Appointments.

We will address the people in behalf of the Readjuster Party and its nominees at the following places and times:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Date. Includes Lebanon (Oct 3rd), Wytheville (8th), Tazewell (10th), Giles Co. (10th), Salem (10th), Estillville (10th), Marion (16th), Abingdon (23rd), and Christianburg (24th).

- I. C. FOWLER, D. F. BAILEY, P. H. McCAULL, G. W. HANSBROUGH, J. P. McTEER, W. C. PENDLETON, J. H. WOODS.

Briefs.

Geo. F. Crush & Co. are now opening goods in their new store house. United States court is now in session at Abingdon, Judge Hughes presiding. Tuesday there was a large number of wagons in town from Grayson and North Carolina. Mr. G. G. Goodell had a valuable horse to die on Tuesday night. Too much new corn, we suppose. J. B. RHEA has just returned from buying his fall and winter goods and now has opened one of the largest and cheapest stocks of goods ever exhibited by him. All are cordially invited to give him a call. sep7-3m.

Personals.

Jno. Iron Esq., had a slight stroke of paralysis a few days ago, but is now about well. The family of Dr. Eams, who have been spending the past few months in Marion, left for North Carolina last week. Mr. E. T. Jones, formerly of this place, but now of Abingdon, was in Marion Monday and paid our office a pleasant visit. Mrs. Governor McMullin, who went to Washington Territory, some months ago, to visit friends and relatives, got back to Marion on Tuesday night. Mr. Wm. H. Cox, son of James Cox Esq., is on a visit to his father in this county. He has been a resident of California for nearly ten years, having left his native State ten years ago to try his fortunes in the west. Mr. Cox is one of our schoolmates, and we were glad to see him looking well, and to hear that prosperity has resulted to him by moving west.

Town Finances.

Statement of expenditures made by the Town Council, and drafts on the Treasurer of the town since July 1st to 14th of Oct. 1882: For repairing bridge over Stealey Creek on main street \$22.78. For walks, one half cost by town, \$25.00. New plank fence on South side of the old Presbyterian Cemetery lot \$8.66. Draft in favor H. C. Pruner, on Treasurer for \$9.00. Mrs. Martha Sprinkle, \$3.50. J. F. & E. P. Pendleton, \$14.60. C. E. Iron & Co., \$3.83. Dr. M. P. Watson, \$250.00. This last amount was paid as a compromise for a claim of \$311.00 as which was in litigation, and formerly was the property of Iron & Jones, and transferred to Dr. Watson. By order of the Council. J. H. FRANCIS, Recorder.

Another Big Wedding!

Married, in Marion Va. opposite the Court house, Messrs Geo. F. Crush & Co. to cheap Goods. The ceremony was performed in the presence of many witnesses by Rev. Mr. Cash, assisted by his cousin Rev. Mr. Paydon. The happy company have settled in their beautiful new residence, where they will gladly receive and highly entertain all their friends and relatives. Particular notice is however given that Mr. Credit and Pay tomorrow, and all their relatives are cordially invited to remain at home as there is not room enough for their entourage. The happy bridal company are proud to inform all friends, that they have a large and commodious store house, and are daily receiving and opening the most beautiful and well selected stock of goods ever brought to this market. They desire to call the attention of all their married friends, to the fact that a good understanding is the most essential element to a long and happy life, and they propose therefore to offer to all at the very lowest prices the best SHOES and BOOTS that they have ever before had the chance of buying. Indeed, they wish to call especial attention to their large and carefully selected stock of SHOES and BOOTS, which they can and will sell very cheap for cash or marketable produce. Their Stock of Shoes is very large, and complete in every respect, and every pair warranted to be as represented or money refunded. The Stock embraces Infants Shoes all sizes childrens solar tip, cloth foxed, morocco, pebble goat, calf skin, in fact all styles and sizes. Ladies leather Shoes, cloth, morocco, grain polish, imitation goat, pebble goat, kid, calfskin, cloth foxed, glove kid foxed, Button, side lace, front lace, congress, every shape size, and variety, including the celebrated "Zeglar" Shoes, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest for cash or produce. No one should buy their Shoes until they have examined our Stock!

Remember that our Stock will soon be complete, in every particular as we propose carrying everything usually kept in a first class mercantile Establishment. Remember that we have but one price, that short profits and quick sales our motto, that we sell only for cash or produce, and that we invite every body to examine our Stock.

Remember that we have everything you want, very cheap and that you will save money by dealing with Geo. F. CRUSH & Co.

Paul at Abingdon.

Yesterday was the most gloriously resplendent Readjuster day that ever dawned on Abingdon. Paul's speech took the public heart by storm. Judge Ward was accorded a division of time, and opened in a speech of an hour and a quarter, which came near eliciting no applause at all. Late in his speech a limited town crowd, supplemented by only a few from the country, gave him some feeble applause, so feeble that it merely served to show the paucity of the numbers engaged in it. When Paul was introduced by Capt. J. H. Wood, the applause was so tremendous and so nearly unanimous that it was some time before he could proceed. His speech was masterly, complete, overwhelming. The speaking was in the large Town Hall, which was filled. A large crowd of colored voters occupied the gallery. Such a demonstration we have never before witnessed in this county. Numbers of influential men, who had not yet taken position, declared at once for Wise and Bowen. The face of every Readjuster was wreathed in smiles, as he went his glad way homeward. Now wait two weeks, and hear Washington county sing.—Bristol News.

Keep it Before the People.

Table with 3 columns: Year (1871, 1870, 1881) and various categories like Number of schools, Pupils, Teachers, Colored, etc.

The Salem Mass. Register mentions: Mr. J. S. LeFavour, artist, supprisingly benefited by St. Jacobs Oil. Rheumatism twenty years.

That feeling of languor and debility that follows physical exertion, removed by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

The finest on the market is Rosenheim's celebrated Springdale Whiskey. For sale by John Kavanaugh, at the Virginia Hotel, and by Lamb Brothers, Harrisonburg, and for sale by R. D. Candler, Rural Retreat.

Town Lots and Mineral Lands.

Miller & Phipps will offer for sale on November court, valuable town lots and mineral lands.

Religious Services.

There will be Services at the Episcopal Church, on the 27, 28 and 29 of this month, next Friday, Saturday and Sunday, commencing on the 27th, Friday.

Wood Wanted.

We would be greatly obliged to our wood subscribers, if they would bring us in a supply of fuel before the roads get bad. Do not delay gentlemen we need it.

Baptizing.

On Sunday afternoon six candidates were baptized in the river near the colored Baptist Church by the Rev. Samuel Cyrus, pastor of that Church. A large congregation of white and colored persons were present to witness the ceremony.

Fifty-eight million dollars is the estimated value of finger rings of this country actually worn, and still there are people mean enough to go hacking and coughing because they do not want to invest 25 cents for a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

New Passenger Agent.

Allen Hill, Esq., has been appointed a Passenger Agent of the Norfolk and Western Railroad, and Shenandoah Valley Railroad, and is charged with the solicitation of the Passenger Traffic, and protection of said interests in the following described territory: From Alexandria, Shenandoah Junction and Parkersburg on the North, Huntington, Morristown, Tenn., and Wallaha, S. C., on the West, Augusta, Ga., and Charleston, S. C., on the South, and the area therein enclosed; vice Mr. L. S. Brown, resigned.

Mr. Hull's headquarters are at Lynchburg, Virginia.

More Readjuster Clubs.

Last Friday night a Wise and Bowen Club was organized at Cleghorn's School House, with N. C. Williams as President and Wm. E. Leonard, as Secretary. Twenty persons joined the Club. On Saturday night another Club was organized at Walker's Creek School House, with James Anderson, as President, and Wm. B. Petty as Secretary. Twenty persons joined the Club.

That is right friends; organize for the fight against Bourbon-Fundamentalism. Let our friends in every neighborhood of the county organize Clubs. The Funders object to your doing so, but that is the best reason for such organizations.

Nerves, brain, and muscles gain strength and the power of endurance by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

Boarders Wanted.

I am prepared to accommodate two or three gentlemen boarders. Terms moderate, I will also furnish dinner to parties from the country at any time. Respectfully, MRS. T. W. MAURY.

Oct. 24th, 18.

The second district of Tennessee is getting well warmed up and excited over the contest for Congressman. Rule seems to be ahead now, the "pizen" having done its work for Honk. What a pity he did not know that Hart's Relief was a cure for snake-bites, and so would be good for any kind of poison. Should any of our readers get in the same condition, we advise the use of Dr. Hart's Relief.

Matrimonial.

On Wednesday afternoon of last week Mr. Frank R. Richardson, was married to Miss Sue, B. Spratt, daughter of Mr. T. H. Spratt. The ceremony taking place at the residence of the brides father, and performed by the Rev. Mr. Alexander, of the Presbyterian Church. On Wednesday night, Mr. Chas. M. Shannon was married to Miss Mattie E. Richardson, daughter of Mr. K. H. Richardson; the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Geo. W. Miles, at residence of the brides father. Mr. F. R. Richardson and bride were present at the last named marriage. We offer our congratulations to all of the newly wedded, and trust most sincerely that their lives may be happy and prosperous.

J. B. RHEA now has a beautiful line of a wool cassimeres and very cheap. sep7-3m.

If you want a nice Suit, a good Suit, or a cheap Suit of clothes, J. B. Rhea, can suit you to a "T."

Keep it before the people, that J. B. Rhea, has one of the largest, best and cheapest stock of goods in town.

Have you bought your boys or yourself a pair of Boots. If not J. B. Rhea, has a magnificent stock, and can fit you in price and quality.

J. B. RHEA will make it to the interest of any one, wishing to purchase goods, to go and examine his stock, before buying elsewhere.

Choice Seeds for Sale.

- 10,000 Bushels Choice Seed Wheat. " New York white Flint, German. " Amber, Lancaster Canadian. " Balghington and select Fultz. 3000 Bushels new crop Randall grass seed. 3000 " " " Orchard " " 1000 " " " Evergreen " " 500 " " " Heads " " 500 " " " Kentucky blue " " 500 " " " Timothy seed " " 500 " " " Clover " " 500 " " " seed Rye " " 1000 Tons Pure Raw and dissolved Bones Samples Bone meal or seeds by mail on application. Lee Taylor & Co. Dealers in Field seed and Raw Bone Fertilizers. Lynchburg Va. Sept. 21 1882.

A CARD FROM CAPT. HENRY BOWEN.

To the People of the Ninth Congressional District.

As the nominee of the Readjuster party to represent you in the next Congress of the United States, it has been my desire, friends and fellow citizens of Southwest Va., to see you all in person. Such being impossible I issue this circular, that you may know the leading considerations that will actuate me as your Representative.

For more than a hundred years I and my ancestors have been identified, as farmers, with the Ninth district and with its noble people. As a citizen of Tazewell county I am identified with you in your every interest and with your purpose to promote the welfare of Virginia. I do not profess to be a politician, but from the first and all the time I have been a Readjuster and have contributed all within my power to restore to our people Free Education, a Free Ballot, Reduced Taxation, the elevation of popular rights and the restoration of all our State institutions to the full measure of their power and efficiency. I believe in the right of the majority in our State or Congressional conventions, or in our Legislative caucuses to govern as to party measures and party nominations as well as to make platforms for the candidate.

I believe in a tariff for protection, as necessary to develop the resources of this district and of the Commonwealth—as necessary to elevate the laboring man to the true plane of his power and influence and to secure for him proper wages for his labor. Slavery has been forever abolished and henceforth we must rely on free labor, which it should be our purpose to elevate and protect. The free trade policy which was based on slavery cannot be suited to this age in which it must be the mission of freelabor to make mining and manufactures the cornerstone of our new structure. The doctrine of protection has given Pennsylvania and New York the colossal power and untold wealth which under similar protection will develop Virginia into a mighty and prosperous Commonwealth. It is necessary to keep the wages of labor from sinking to the price of pauper labor of Europe. It will keep here in our own midst the money that our boundless supply of coal and iron and zinc and timber and water power will surely bring into our midst. It will bring into Virginia the music of the saw and the spindle and must light our valleys with the red flames of the forge and the furnace.

I believe it our duty, and certainly our best interest everywhere to be at peace and on good terms with the Federal Government. While we may support or differ with any administration, I would support that of President Arthur because it is national and kindly towards our people and to their every interest. The true Virginia people should be ever ready to do this when it can be done without dishonor or the sacrifice of their principles and their interest. I believe the present President of the United States only asks of us the opportunity to permit him to demonstrate his desire and his power to open the Union to us on the same terms and with the same advantage to us that it has heretofore been opened to the Northern people, and I believe it to be the duty and the mission of Virginia to show that her people are capable of appreciating this broad, national opportunity, tendered without a single dishonoring condition.

This is not the first time that Virginia has led in the work of honorable pacification.

Only one year ago, at her invitation, the representatives of the British Empire met us and clasped with us the hand of friendship and reconciliation around the new monument at Yorktown. Let us then with becoming dignity reject the temptation to renew on Virginia soil that sectional strife which is not necessary to the preservation of Virginia's honor, but which can have no other effect than to retard us in our restoration to prosperity and to greatness, as a progressive people.

I accept and endorse the platform of the Marion Convention which nominated me and in my votes in Congress if it should please you to elect me thereunto, I shall be governed by the well known policy of the Readjuster party and act as the interests of the Ninth district and the State of Virginia may require. I shall endeavor to enroll Virginia among the States that are willing to bury sectionalism and to align themselves under a broad and liberal national policy.

Allow me, fellow citizens, to appeal to you to support the Readjuster party which in three short years has redeemed the Commonwealth, rebuilt its free school system, rebuilt its asylums, invigorated its colleges, passed a debt bill which is honest and equitable, reduced taxation twenty per cent, and is now engaged in the last act of re-organizing the restriction upon suffrage. I now me the restriction upon suffrage. I now me the restriction upon suffrage.

Let me remind you that at the election on the 7th of November next, in addition to voting for a Congressman from the State at large at one for this district, we must also, by a separate ballot, vote on this suffrage amendment to our constitution. That you will vote "For" it and thus restore a free ballot, I have no doubt. Our party must be preserved and the redemption of the Commonwealth made perpetual.

Kindly soliciting your support and pledging to you, if elected, my best efforts to promote your welfare and

your prosperity, I have the honor to be very sincerely your friend and fellow citizen,

HENRY BOWEN.

OCTOBER 13, 1882.

POST SCRIPT.

Col. Fulkerson has issued a circular, which is calculated to impress the public mind with the belief that I have called for Federal Supervisors for each precinct at the approaching election. This is not the case. I knew nothing of the matter. The Richmond Dispatch, a paper that is supporting Col. Fulkerson was the first to call for the appointment of Supervisors. In proof of this, in its issue of last Wednesday, Oct. 11th, that paper says: "We are surprised that Mr. Fulkerson should decline to ask for the appointment of Federal Supervisors in his district, and especially at the poor reason he gives for his declination."

In the Dispatch of next day, Oct. 12th, the Dispatch says: "The Democrats of Richmond have already had Federal Supervisors appointed for this city. We don't think any of them will aid Mahone. The Democratic Supervisors are appointed on the recommendation of Democrats. The State Executive Committee of the Democratic party is in full accord with the Dispatch in regard to this matter, or we are greatly mistaken."

We have heard that there would be Federal Supervisors appointed at every precinct in this Congressional district and we trust that the report is true."

Thus speaks the Richmond Dispatch, the leading Funder paper of the State and a supporter of Col. Fulkerson.

Marshall Watts, it seems, called for their appointment in the district. I have not seen him recently, but I have no doubt he did so because he was informed they had been called for by the Funder Committee and its friends in the State.

H. B.

No man knows what a ministering angel his wife is until he comes home one day, suffering with a dreadful Cold and she happens to have a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in the house.

The Wytheville "Caucus."

Communicated.

The three Funders Trigg, Tyler and Kelly,—the sixteen charmen of the Funder county committee, each with a right hand man—Abram Fulkerson with sixteen of his henchmen—and Captain Samuel H. Newberry with sixteen of his friends, are to meet at Wytheville Va., on Friday the 27th Inst. to "kill off" Newberry and make a patent Funder out of the "halfbreed," as Capt. Sam calls Colonel Fulkerson, then rub his legs, sponge his nostrils and pat him on the track as a genuine Masscyite candidate for Congress against Captain Henry Bowen. The "sacred, irrevocable" and "indefeasible contract" then and there to be entered into (unless honest Sam Newberry declines which is almost certain) is that Colonel Fulkerson is still to say that he is "a Democratic Readjuster" with the private understanding that he is to sign a pledge or give a certificate, that after he is elected, he is to declare himself a Funder pure and simple, or if he fails to do so, he is to eat a bushel or two of—What a "glorious" time they will have and all to concentrate the Democratic (Funder) "vote upon Colonel Fulkerson." The Washington County Funders say, that "Colonel Fulkerson need not be afraid to go in to the meeting, as he will certainly be selected as the Democratic candidate"—so look out Captain Sam—you are to be "cheated certain."

This is the last desperate scheme of a corrupt "coalition" between sore-head renegade "Readjusters" scolded and the funders of the 9th District to cheat and deceive the honest voters of the District. Will it succeed? The Funder beards are after the "red-fox," who has been called by Captain Newberry a "halfbreed," and if they catch him, they will make a stalwart funder out of him, if he is not that already. Wonder if the Colonel will regard this coalition caucus as being called by proper "authority?" Who commissioned and empowered Colonel Abe and the Funder District committee to assemble this coalition caucus? Will the Colonel write to J. H. Rives to help him get the nomination from this caucus, as he did for his "help" to get the nomination at Marion, or rather will he not call on his friend C. T. Smith for his help? Next Friday we will see what we shall see.

WASHINGTON.

The Albany N. Y. Argus observes; Judge McGowan, this city, was cured of rheumatism by St. Jacobs Oil.

A nice lot of Ladies cloaks, shawls and dress goods at J. B. RHEA'S. The cheap store. Oct. 12, 2m

Springdale Whiskey has a world wide reputation and can be had of H. Rosenheim, Baltimore, he being the exclusive patentee and proprietor of that celebrated brand. For sale by John Kavanaugh, at Virginia Hotel, and for sale by R. D. Candler, Rural Retreat.

CHARLES F. TAYLOR & CO.,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS

AND

LIQUOR DEALERS.

14 and 16 South Thirteenth between Main and Cary Streets,

RICHMOND VIRGINIA.

A large and carefully selected stock always on hand. Special attention paid to orders. mh24ts

New Life

is given by using BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. In the Winter it strengthens and warms the system; in the Spring it enriches the blood and conquers disease; in the Summer it gives tone to the nerves and digestive organs; in the Fall it enables the system to stand the shock of sudden changes.

In no way can disease be so surely prevented as by keeping the system in perfect condition. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ensures perfect health through the changing seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, De Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

Gentlemen: I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and insist on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "just as good." The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

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RICHMOND VIRGINIA.

A large and carefully selected stock always on hand. Special attention paid to orders. mh24ts

SALE OF VALUABLE TAN-YARD PROPERTY IN THE TOWN OF MARION

In obedience to a decree of the Circuit court of Smyth county pronounced at the April term 1881, in the Chancery cause of R. S. Bonham adm'r vs. T. H. Thurston, surviving partner, I will as Receiver of the court in said case, proceed to sell at Auction, in front of the court-house door of Smyth county on

Monday, 20th NOVEMBER, 1882, that being court-day, that valuable TAN-YARD property, lying by the town of Marion, on Town Branch, formerly owned by Thurston & Henderson, containing about two acres of land, upon which the necessary buildings, consisting of two large frame buildings for carrying on the Tanning business are situated, with vats, scales, &c., and the lot of Tanning Tools, &c. &c. This property is indeed valuable and is sold to settle up the business of said firm. Terms—10 per cent. cash on all sales will be required, and the residue on a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months, the purchaser giving bond with good security, bearing interest from date. Persons desiring further information as to the property, will please apply to me or Thos. H. Thurston, at Marion, Virginia.

A. G. PENDLETON, Receiver. Oct. 19, '82 m.

SALE OF VALUABLE LAND.

In obedience to a decree of the Circuit court of Smyth county, entered at its September term 1882, in the case of Bonham adm'r of Henderson and Co. against R. S. Bonham, special commissioners in said case, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder on the 20th day of November, 1882 (court-day) in front of the court house door of Smyth county, the tract of land described in the proceedings had in said cause, of about 5000 acres of land, lying on the south side of the Railroad, being a part of the T. T. Hill tract, adjoining the lands that V. S. Morrison bought of R. Goolsby on the south of N. & W. Railroad.

TERMS OF SALE.—The purchaser will be required to pay enough cash on the day of sale to pay the costs in the proceedings had in said cause, cost of sale and commissions. For the residue the purchaser will be required to execute his three several bonds of equal time payable in 1, 2 and 3 years with interest from date of sale, and to give good personal security.

J. B. GILMORE, D. C. MILLER, Special Comm'rs. Oct 19m

Paynes' AUTOMATIC Engines.

2 to 100 Horse Power.

Reliable, Durable and Economical. Will furnish a horse power with 2 1/2 lbs. of fuel per hour. The engine is fitted with an automatic cut-off. Catalogue sent free. R. W. PAYNE & SONS, 105 Gay Street, Baltimore, Md.

PURE MINE WHISKEY.

H. ROSENHEIM, Wholesale Liquor Dealer.

Proprietor and Patentee of the Celebrated Springdale Pure Rye Whiskey.

No. 375 W. Baltimore St., between Eutaw and Paca Streets, BALTIMORE, MD.

In inviting attention to the Celebrated Springdale Pure Rye Whiskey, patented and manufactured by Mr. H. Rosenheim, it is but doing justice to him individually, and conferring a favor upon those who desire or have use for an article of undoubted purity and unsurpassed in quality.

This fine Whiskey is specially manufactured by Mr. Rosenheim, under letter-patent, and is for sale by him exclusively. There is no similar article offered in the Baltimore market, and from its purity and excellence, should be the choice of every one who values a fine and pure article. So pure from every adulteration is this Whiskey, and so carefully has it been manufactured, that it is largely prescribed by the medical profession, in cases requiring a stimulant. As before stated, this fine Whiskey can be obtained only at the Wholesale Water-works of Mr. Rosenheim, No. 375 West Baltimore Street. This Whiskey is five and eight years old.

The purity and careful manufacture of this fine Whiskey is attested by the Editor, Editor Baltimore Trade Exhibit.

For sale by R. D. Candler, Rural Retreat, Va. Sept 23-18.

OATES, WHITE & CO.,

Wholesale Manufacturers of

SADDLERY,

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Collars, Whips, Hames, Chains, &c., &c.,

105 & 107 Gay street, KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Write for prices mh27y

THE BEST PREPARATION FOR THE HAIR NOW KNOWN!

W. W. WOODRUFF.

W. E. CIBBONS.

W. W. WOODRUFF & CO.

K OXV LLE, TENNESSEE,

Wholesale Hardware!!

AXES, NAILS, HORSESHOES, STEEL & C.

Oliver Chilled Plows,
Disston's Circular Saws,
Belting and Racking,
Hall's Fire Proof Safes,
Railroad Contractors' Supplies,

Doors, Sash and Blinds,
Platform and Stock Scales,
Shoemakers' Saddlers'
Blacksmiths' and Wagon Makers'
And Farmers' Supplies.

DUPONT'S RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER.

Will cheerfully respond to all letters of inquiry, considering it a pleasure to give information, whether sales follow or not.

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

COWAN, McCLUNG & Co.

OFFER

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS

TO MERCHANTS ONLY.

AT EASTERN PRICES.

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

BURR & TERRY

OFFER

SASH, Doors, BLINDS,

Brackets, Mouldings,

DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES

FLOORING, CEILING, WEATHERBOARDING AND DRIED LUMBER,

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S

KNABE

PIANO-FORTES.
UNEQUALLED IN
Tone, Touch, Workmanship & Durability.
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.
Nos. 204 and 206 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore,
No. 112 Fifth Avenue, New York.

AN HONEST OFFER.

If you are sick or ailing, no matter what the complaint, write to us and we will send to you a trial one of our large ELECTRO MEDICATED PADS, provided you pay for it if it cures you. If it does not, it costs you nothing to try it. Books, etc., giving full particulars, free. Address: ELECTRO PAD MFG CO., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

DON'T ORDER BAND or Orchestral Instruments, or Musicals of any kind, before sending to ALLEN R. BROWN, 47 Lafayette place, New York. An excellent B flat Cornet, \$12.50; Best B flat 20. \$35.00 used by Lib. Cornet; Solo E flat Alto Trombone, \$24.00; C. O. D. with privilege of trial.

\$10 to \$20,000

In legitimate judicious speculation in Grain, Provisions and Stocks on our perfected plan, yields, sure monthly profits to large and small investors. Address, for full particulars, R. E. KENDALL & Co., Corn'n. Merchants, 177 & 179 La Salle St., Chicago Ill.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10th Spruce St., N. Y.

Agents Wanted, The Culminating Triumph

HOW TO LIVE!

A complete Cyclopaedia of household knowledge for the masses now ready. Nothing like it! Going East! Low price, illustrated, unequalled in authorship. Send for Free notices and full particulars now. Gift and instruction book for sale. Free to actual agents. Success guaranteed faithful workers. State experience, if any, and territory desired. J. S. JOHNSON & Co., Publishers, 404 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

G. M. JONES, R. T. WATTS, J. W. WATTS, J. T. JENNINGS

JONES, WATTS BROS. & CO.
Successors to Jones, Watts & Co. and Watts & Co.

REPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

HARDWARE & CUTLERY

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Iron, Steel, Nails, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Rope, &c. &c.

161 Main and 64 Tenth Street

LYNCHBURG, VA.

Sole Agents for Oliver Chilled, Malta and Brown Double Shovel Plows. mh23ts

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Persons suffering with New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood of the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 will each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible. Send by mail for 8 letter stamps. J. S. JOHNSON & Co., Boston, Mass., formerly Bangor, Me.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the best Family Knitting Machine. It will knit any size of stockings, with HEEL and TOE complete, in 20 minutes. It will knit any size of fancy-work for which there is always a ready market. Send for circular and terms to the "Famously Knitting Machine Co., 60 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

P. J. GREGORY,

MANUFACTURER OF

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES.

MARION, VIRGINIA.

After a long absence from my shop, caused by sickness in my family, I now resume labor and am more determined than ever to make the prettiest Boot or shoe as well as the most pleasant and durable to be had anywhere. Call at my old stand on Main Street where I will take pleasure in serving you.

All kinds of repairing done with NEATNESS and DISPATCH.

Respectfully,
P. J. GREGORY.

July 10-12.

Practical Life. The Key to Financial Success. Clearing the Way to Wealth. A Practical Guide to Success in Business and Life. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. J. S. JOHNSON & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

SPRING GOODS!!

CHEAP GOODS

G. G.

GOODSELL,

At the old Thurmon stand is now getting in a Large and Complete stock of

NEW GOODS

Which will be sold as low as they can be had anywhere in the county.

DRESS GOODS.

NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, HARDWARE, GROCERIES,

CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE

And in fact everything to be found in a first-class store.

Come and see the Goods now in stock and see if we will not give you good bargains.

We keep no shoddy goods on our shelves and what you buy from us may be relied upon as first-class.

DON'T FORGET

GOODSELL

At Thurmon's old stand,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

SPRING NOVELTIES!

LYNCHBURG'S LEADING

GENTS' FURNISHER

NOW DISPLAYS NOVELTIES IN

Neckware, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Fancy Hosiery, Silk Suspenders

New Style Linen Collars, Argosy Suspenders, the Finest and Cheapest Linen and

Percale Shirts in the world. The Celebrated King and Pearl Shirt. New Importations in Woolens for Skillful Tailoring.

Silk faced and Satin-lined Business and Dress Suits. New Style Spring Overcoats.

In fact everything needed to complete a Gentleman's wardrobe at

Prices Lower

Than ever before offered in this City by

Lynchburg's Leading

GENTS' FURNISHER, TAILOR

AND

CLOTHIER

Orders by Mail promptly filled and Goods Warranted as Represented.

JOS. COHN

116 and 118 Main and 47 9th St.,

Main Entrance, Corner Store of the Lynch Building.

LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA.

\$50 A YEAR SAVED TO EVERY AMY.

Send at once for our Illustrated Catalogue SENT FREE

Address, JACOB MAY, 607 Broad St., RICHMOND, VA.

THE GREAT CLOTHING

EMPORIUM OF SOUTH WEST VA.

FRANK & CO.,

WYTHEVILLE, VA.

OVERCOATS OVERCOATS

DRESS SUITS, DRESS SUITS.

BUSINESS SUITS, BUSINESS SUITS.

BOYS' AND CHILDRENS' CLOTHING

WE CAN FIT ANY WEIGHT SIZE OR SHAPE PERFECTLY.

A full line of the latest Furnishing Goods always on hand. Clothing made to order a specialty. FRANK & CO., Wytheville, Va.

China, Glass, Earthenware

To the TRADE OF VIRGINIA:

Owing to our increased trade we have been forced to move our stock to our

NEW HOUSE

No. 100 MAIN STREET

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