

Professional Card.

J. W. & J. P. SHEFFY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MARION, VA. PRACTICE in the courts of Tazewell, Smyth, Wythe and Washington, the Federal Court and Court of Appeals. Also attend to the collection of claims in Grayson and surrounding counties. Jan. 25 1y

J. H. GILMORE, CLARENCE DERRICK, GILMORE & DERRICK, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MARION, VA. Practice in the County & Circuit Courts of Smyth, Wythe & Grayson Counties and in Court of Appeals at Wytheville. Address, Marion, Smyth Co. Va. Jan. 18 1y

H. CLAY JONES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MARION, VA. Will practice in the County & Circuit Courts of Smyth, Tazewell and Grayson Counties. All business confided to him will be promptly attended to. Claims placed in his hands for collection, in this and adjoining counties, will command his prompt attention, by way of collection and remittance. Jan. 18 1y

J. A. CAMPBELL, R. A. RICHARDSON, CAMPBELL & RICHARDSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MARION, VA. Practice regularly in all the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Tazewell, the Supreme Court of Virginia, and the Federal Court at Wytheville. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care. Jan. 18 1y

A. G. PENDLETON, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW, MARION, VA. Will practice in the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Grayson, Washington and Tazewell counties. Office in Pendleton Bro's Drug store, opposite the court house. Jan. 18 1y

A. P. COLE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MARION, VA. Practices regularly in all the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Tazewell, and the Supreme Court of Virginia. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Jan. 18 1y

JOHN S. SLATER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MARION, VA. Special attention given to business in the United States Courts. Jy6-1f

T. M. TERRY, DAVID S. PRICKE, TERRY & PRICKE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, WYTHEVILLE, VA. Practice in all the Courts of Wythe, Smyth, Carroll, Grayson, Putnam, and Blaine, and in the Supreme Court of Virginia, and the Federal Court at Abingdon. Prompt attention to business. July 12-1f

SIDNEY S. BAXTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will practice in all the Courts, State and Federal, held in the counties of Washington, Smyth and Wythe. Offices: at Abingdon and Glade Spring depot. 25 43 T.

JOHN C. SUMMERS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Abingdon, Va. Practices in Washington and the surrounding counties in the State, and is ready to him with prompt attention. Jan. 25 1y

J. A. CAMPBELL, C. F. TRIGG, CAMPBELL & TRIGG, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, ARINGDON, VA. Office opposite the Telegraph Office. Jan. 25 1y

U. L. YORK, A. FULKERSON, YORK & FULKERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BRISTOL, TENN. Practice in the Courts of Washington county, Va., and Sullivan and Washington counties, Tenn., and attend to collection of claims in West Va. and East Tenn. Jan. 25 1y

J. W. M. GRAYSON, R. H. DONELY, GRAYSON & DONELY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, TAYLORVILLE, JOHNSON COUNTY, TENN. Practice in Carter and Johnson counties, Tenn., and Watagee and Ash counties, N. C., and the Federal Courts at Knoxville. Also dealers in Cattle. Jan 25-1y

E. BARKSDALE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Practices in the counties of Pittsylvania, Halifax and Charlotte. Address: Meadsville, Halifax county, Virginia. mh29 1y

FOUNTAIN W. MAHOOD, (Late of Giles County, Va.) ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, RICHMOND, VA. Late of the law firm of A. & F. W. Mahood, Wade & Mahood, and Chapman & Mahood. Will practice in all the courts of the city of Richmond, both State and Federal, and at the sessions of the Court of Appeals, at Staunton and Wytheville. Will also negotiate sales of lands for all parties in Southwestern Virginia. Solely business. Address: Richmond, Va., care of A. S. Lee, Esq. June 21 1y

B. S. HOGG, S. W. WILLIAMS, HOGG & WILLIAMS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BLAND COUNTY, VA. PRACTICE in all the Courts of Bland, Giles and Tazewell. All business entrusted to their care will receive prompt attention. may 1

J. N. GORDON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LYNCHBURG, VA. Office over 140 Main street. Residence, Federal Hill. ap19-1f

H. M. GRANT, M. D., DENTIST, ABINGDON, VA. Will visit Marion at each of the regular county courts. June 16-1y

DR. E. J. HALLER, DENTIST, MARION, VA. Late of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, offers his professional services to the citizens of Marion and vicinity. Office on Main street, at Dr. Watson's old stand. mh1472-4f

SHELTON & POINDEXTER, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF GROCERIES, STAPLE DRY GOODS, Country Produce, Peruvian Guano, Salt, Plaster, &c. No. 62 Main Street, Lynchburg, Va. Particular attention paid to the sale of LEAF TOBACCO.

OUR MR. GEO. STIPTOE, Will devote the whole of his store to the sale of Leaf Tobacco, both striped and loose, at all the different warehouses in the City. Also solicit consignments of all kinds of PRODUCE. Will make Quick Sales and Prompt Returns. MR. J. STIPTOE & F. POINDEXTER, SALEMEN.



Simmons' Liver Regulator. This unrivaled medicine is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, or injurious mineral substance, but is PURELY VEGETABLE. For forty years it has proved its great value in all diseases of the Liver, Bowels and Kidneys. Thousands of the good and great in all parts of the country vouch for its wonderful and peculiar power in purifying the blood, stimulating the torpid liver and bowels, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system. Simmons' Liver Regulator is acknowledged to have no equal as a LIVER MEDICINE.

It contains four medicinal elements, never united in the same happy proportion in any other preparation, viz: a gentle Cathartic, a wonderful Tonic, an unexceptionable Alterative and a certain Corruptive of all impurities of the body. Such signal success has attended its use that it is now regarded as the GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for liver complaint, the painful offspring thereof, viz: Dyspepsia, Constipation, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, Sick Headache, Colic, Depression of spirits, Sour stomach, Heart-burn, &c.

Regulate the Liver and prevent CHILLS AND FEVER. Simmons' Liver Regulator is manufactured only by J. C. SIMMONS & CO., of London, Ga., and Philadelphia, Pa. Price, \$1 per package, sent by mail, postage paid. \$1.25. Prepared ready for use in bottles, \$1.50. Sold by all druggists. Beware of all counterfeits and imitations.

The following highly respectable persons can fully attest to the virtues of this valuable medicine, and to whom we most respectfully refer: Gen. W. S. Holt, President S. W. R. Co.; Sp. R. J. Felder, Perry, Ga.; Col. E. K. Sparks, Albany, Ga.; C. Materson, Esq., Sheriff Bibb Co.; J. A. Butts, Bainbridge, Ga.; Dykes & Sparhawk, editors Florida, Tallahassee; Rev. J. W. Brink, Macon, Ga.; Virgil Powers, Sup. S. W. R. Co.; Hon. A. H. Stevens, Bishop, Va.; Gen. John B. Gordon; David Willis, D. C.; Grenville Wood, Wood's factory, Macon, Ga.; Rev. E. P. Easterling, P. E. Florida Conference; Maj. A. F. Wooley, Kingston, Ga.; Editor Marion Telegraph, and others.

For sale by J. W. & J. P. SHEFFY, Druggists, Marion, Va. Feb-ly

Hotel Advertisements. BROWN'S HOTEL, Marion, Virginia. The undersigned, having rented the two buildings opposite the depot, and fitted them up with new furniture, in good style, is prepared to accommodate his friends and the traveling public with the best fare our market affords.

To the people of the South, seeking health or pleasure, Marion offers unsurpassed advantages. Situated on the line of the A. M. and O. railroad, in the midst of a beautiful and fertile valley; the splendid summer climate, beautiful mountain scenery, and first-class hotel accommodations render it a very attractive summer resort. Within a few hundred yards from there is Chalchate Spring, equal in medicinal virtue to the celebrated Allegheny Springs.

Large and well-arranged stables are connected with the house, with an attentive Ostrer, affording ample accommodations in that line. The bar is well supplied with wines, liquors, lager beer, warranted pure, and the best in the market. A. M. BROWN.

SALTVILLE HOTEL, Saltville, Va. S. D. SANDERS, PROPRIETOR. This hotel is now open for the accommodation of the traveling public. The house is neatly and comfortably fitted up, and the table will be at all times supplied with the best market affords. Terms reasonable. may16-6m

PRICES HOTEL, ABINGDON, VA. The Proprietor announces to the public that he has opened a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL in Abingdon, situated in the centre of the town, and can furnish Board by the Day, Week or Month at reasonable rates. Rooms large, airy and comfortable. Conveyance will meet all the trains at the Depot. C. T. PRICE. Feb-1f

WASHINGTON HOUSE, CHURCH STREET, LYNCHBURG, VA. NOTICE.—From this date L. W. SCOVILLE, Manager of the Washington House, is admitted as a partner in the business of said House. The business will be conducted under the style and firm of L. W. SCOVILLE & CO.

The reduced rates of \$2.25 per day (50 cents each for Breakfast and Supper and 75 cents for dinner) will be continued. I ask for the new concern a continuation of the patronage of my friends and the public. may24 1y T. C. S. FERGUSON.

FORD'S HOTEL, RICHMOND, VA. \$2.50 per Day \$2.50 per Day. First Class Hotel—Rates Reduced. It is the aim of the Proprietor to furnish superior accommodations at moderate rates, and his well known experience, with the fact that he has purchased the fee-simple of the property, and expended upon it a large sum of money, rendering it one of the finest hotel structures in the South, is a guarantee that he will spare no trouble to promote the comfort of all who patronize his house. A. J. FORD, Owner & Manager. Feb28-1y

JAMES WRIGHT & Co., Wholesale Dealers in Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS. Small Wares and Notions, No. 113 Spenser Street, Petersburg, Va. Invite the Merchants of South-west Va. to an examination of their Stock, with the assurance that prices will be made as low and terms as liberal as any house in the State, or Baltimore. dec20-1f

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS AT LOW PRICES!

A. C. HILL, JNO. R. VENABLE, HILL & VENABLE. TAKE pleasure in informing their friends and the public generally that they have just opened a HANDSOME and carefully selected stock of FULL AND WINTER GOODS, which they offer for sale at greatly reduced prices for CASH or marketable PRODUCE.

Their stock consists of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, NOTIONS, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, and all articles usually found in a retail store, which we have bought especially for this market, and which we are determined to sell LOW.

Give us a call. We make it a specialty to PLEASE OUR CUSTOMERS. We give the highest market price for ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE. HILL & VENABLE, Marion Depot, Marion, Va. October 31, 1872.

SOME OF OUR PRICES:

Splendid 4-4 Sheetings at 75c a yard; Very best Brown Drillings 1/2c a yard; Calicoes—all styles at 10 to 12c a yard; VERY BEST COFFEES 25c a pound; Nest Brown Sugar, 12c a pound; "A" Coffee Sugar, 12c a pound; Candy and Raisins—choice stock—25c a lb; Nice line Bleached Domestic, 10 to 20c; Fine stock of CLOTHING, very cheap; A large lot of JEWELRY, cheap; Splendid bed COMFORTABLES, weighing 7 pounds for only \$3; Very best Meat Cutters at \$2.75. General stock of Hardware at reduced prices; We call particular attention to our stock of BOOTS for men and boys, and SHOES for men, ladies and children. We should think cheap and will sell them cheaper than they have ever been sold in Marion.

HILL & VENABLE, Marion Depot. A. J. SALE, WITH S. H. MCKINNEY, J. S. NICHOLAS, JR., Late of McK. & Hall. Buckingham, Va. MCKINNEY & CO., WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

142 Main Street, LYNCHBURG, VA. All orders and consignments promptly attended to. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. sept19-3m

T. H. Kelllogg, J. W. Gibson, KELLLOGG & GIBSON, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS. Stock Large. Prices Low. No. 1207 Main Street, Richmond, Va. mh-10 1y

Home Shuttle SEWING MACHINE. No. 1, price, \$25; No. 2, price, \$37. This UNQUALLED MACHINE uses a straight needle, makes the "Lock Stitch" (alike on both sides) has a self-adjusting tension, and is adapted to every variety of sewing from the heaviest cloth, and will even sew leather.

It will hem, fold, bind, cord, braid, seam, tuck, ruffle, hemstitch, gather, and sew on at the same time, and will work equally well on silk, linen, woolen, and cotton goods, with SILK, LINEN OR COTTON THREAD. This Machine is adapted to the wants of tailors, dress-makers, seamstresses, manufacturers of clothing, skirts, corsets, ladies' boots, umbrellas, &c., &c.

The HOME SHUTTLE Sewing Machine is presented to the public as the most simple, compact, and durable machine in use. It is simple in construction, certain in its results, durable in all its parts, and is adapted to a greater range of work than any other machine.

A great many machines have been offered to the public, a few of which possessed sufficient merit to give them a wide-spread reputation. The manufacturers of these machines have been obliged to sell them at exorbitant prices, on account of their complicated mechanical structure. It has been our study to produce a machine so simple as to be readily understood, and at the same time be offered at a low price.

PRICE WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL. We claim that our object has been accomplished and the universal favor with which our machine has been received is proof positive on this point.

WARRANTEE. Every machine is warranted perfect in every respect, and if any part fails from any imperfection within five years, we will supply the part FREE OF COST. AGENTS wanted in every town and village in this State. J. P. BELL, General Agent, 108 Main street, Lynchburg, Va.

J. P. BELL, WHOLESALE BOOKSELLER, STATIONER AND PRINTER. ALSO State Depository for Public Free School Books.

108 MAIN STREET, LYNCHBURG, VA. Goods sold to the trade as low as any Northern house. sept5-6m

LYNCHBURG, VA. MARBLE WORKS. Also a large assortment of fine marble Monuments, Tombs, &c. aug13-1f J. B. GADESSE.

JOB WORK NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE. sept-1f

A SECRET.

It is your secret and mine, love! Ah me! how dreary rain. With a slow persistence all day long, Dripped on the window-pane! The chamber was weird with shadows, And dark with the deepening gloom, Where you in your royal womanhood Lay waiting for the tomb!

They had robbed you all in white, love, In your hair was a single rose; A marble rose it might have been, O, paler than yonder carved saint, And calm as angels are, You seemed so near me, my beloved, You were, alas! so far!

I do not know if I wept, love, But my soul rose up and said: "My heart shall speak unto her heart, Though there she's lying—dead! I will give her a last love-tokend! That shall be to her a sign In the dark grave—or beyond it!— Of this deathless love of mine."

So I sought me a fit scroll, love, And another's eye should read them, Some mystic words I traced, Then close in your clasped fingers, Close in your waxen hand, I placed the scroll as an amulet, Sure you would understand.

The secret is yours and mine, love! Only we two may know What words she dear in the darkness Of your grave so green and low. But if, when we meet hereafter, In the dawn of a fairer day, You whisper these mystical words, love, It is all I would have you say! —The Allure for Nov.

DOED BEEN AFRAID.

When all der world was looking so blacker as blue, Und der voices of men was gruff, Yoost look on der sje dot was shueck full mit light, No matter of on dink it was tuff, But doed been afraid.

Reckermeyer dot life couldn't been prite all der while, Nor dem clouds could been siffered all o'er, But keep me down a steiff upper lip, und never give up.

Und run, oder you got beat in der shtrie, But doed been afraid. Ofer you doed was out out, mit plenty of strength, To fit mit der bottle of life, Yoost stand up your ground, like a plenty strong man.

Und run, oder you got beat in der shtrie, But doed been afraid. Dake der side of der right in tings vat you do, Und shum out der tings vat was wrong, Shtand ub for your honor, und shander oppose Und victory was gone mit der shtrog, So doed been afraid. —Hans Breitman.

LOOKING BACK.

The following are the opening paragraphs of Dr. Holland's new serial, "Arthur Bonnicastle," begun in Scribner's "Novelists' Magazine." The incident is a beautiful one from both extremes in life might be named the same. The incident is a beautiful one from both extremes in life might be named the same.

Now that they are all gone, I wrap myself in dreams of them, and live over the old days with them. Even the feeblest memory, that cannot hold for a moment the events of to-day, keeps a firm grasp upon the things of old, and rejoices in its treasure. It is a curious process—this feeling one's way back to childhood, and clothing one's self again with the little frame—the buoyant, healthy, restless bundle of muscles and nerves—and the old relations of careless infancy.

The growing port of later years and the ampler vestments are laid aside; and one stands in his slender young manhood. Then backward still the fancy goes, making the frame smaller, and casting each year the shadow of growth, until, at last, one holds himself upon his own knee—a ruddy-faced, wondering, questioning, unsteady youngster in his first trousers and roundabout, and handles and kisses the demure fellow that he was!

When Judge Marshall lived in Richmond, his opposite neighbor was Colonel Pickett, father of the Confederate General Geo. E. Pickett, of Gettysburg fame. Colonel Pickett was a man of wealth, lived well, and was not content unless everything about his household bore the marks of good living. His horses were his pride, and were conspicuous everywhere for their splendid appearance, being sleek, fat, and high-spirited, as abundant food and excellent grooming could make them. Judge Marshall's horses, on the other hand, were notorious for their leanness and unkempt. Everybody but the Judge had long remarked this. At last it was brought to his notice, with the suggestion that his carriage-driver neglected the horses, sold much of the food, and appropriated the money to his own use, a good deal of it going no doubt for liquor.

The Judge called him without delay. "Dick, what is the reason Colonel Pickett's horses are so much preferred to your own, while mine are almost skeletons? I am afraid you neglect them, don't you care for them, and don't half feed them?" "Dick, not expecting the attack, was fairly posed. He hemmed and hawed while till he could gather his negro wits about him, and then said: "Marse John, look at you—is you fat?" "No," said the Judge, "decidedly not."

"Well, look at old miss," (Mrs. Marshall), is she fat?" "No." "Den look at me, is I fat?" "No." "Den look at yo' hosses—is dey fat?" "No." "Now den, you jes' look at E unkle Pickett. He fat, his ca'dge-driver fat, his hosses fat, his dogs fat—all fat. De troof is, Marse John, fat run in de Pickett family, and it don't run in our'n. Dat's all!"

"Well," said the Judge, after a little reflection, "there is a good deal in that. It never occurred to me before." He turned back into his study, and Dick was never bothered any more.—Lippincott's Magazine.

A correspondent says:—"Going to Cape May the other day, I saw a young man leaning over the railing of the upper deck, and with considerable violence giving to the winds and sea the contents of his stomach. Just at this juncture one of the boat officials, walking briskly by, asked him, taking his breath, 'Stick sir?' 'You don't suppose I'm doing this for fun do you?' asked the poor fellow, indignantly, as soon as he could recover his breath.

NAPOLEON II. DUKE OF REICHSBART.

There is something exceedingly touching in the history of the unfortunate duke, who, during his final illness, thus composed his own epitaph: "Napoleon Francois Joseph Charles Bonaparte: born King of Rome—the lieutenant in the Austrian artillery." Had some accomplished man, the inheritor of a splendid name and dazzling glory; loved almost to idolatry by the country in which his childhood was passed; a magnificent future stretching before him—late frowned upon his brilliant prospects, gave him a weak constitution; wretched health, bitter disappointment, and was only kind in leading him to an early grave. He breathed his last at Schonbrunn, in the chamber once occupied by his father, and in the neighborhood of the imperial chateau where he was wont to take his solitary walks.

He seems to have been completely blase from his childhood, and of so melancholy a temperament that scarcely any thing gave him pleasure. Every thing was done to cure him of his gloomy indifference, and, when all else had failed, he met in one of his lonely rambles a beautiful peasant girl, with whom he fell in love at first sight. She appeared to return his affection. Her society aroused him from his lethargy, and endowed him with new life. She first taught him, it is said, the nature of happiness, and by her presence the emptiness of his being was delightfully filled. Peasant as she was, she was graceful, accomplished, witty, and to his fond fancy, she was as goddess on the earth. He revealed to her all the sources of his discontent, poured into her confiding ear the secrets of his thoughts and the sacredness of his feelings. She was the single break of blue in his clouded sky, and in that blue was set the star of hope.

One evening he was in the city, and attended the opera. When the ballet came on, among all the dancers suddenly flashed a form of wondrous beauty and grace, agile as a fawn, lithe as a spirit, and the theatre echoed and re-echoed with welcome to the new divinity of the dance. The pale youth flushed and his heart beat quick.

Was he dreaming, or was the sylph-like creature bounding and whirling on the stage his beloved Marie, whom he had preferred before all the ladies of the court? He rubbed his eyes and leaned forward, his very soul burning in his face. He could not be mistaken. The lovely and guileless peasant whom he had worshipped and admitted to the innermost sanctuary of his spirit and the magnificent dance of the opera were one and the same. The incident was so great that the tumultuous applause was no longer heard; the unhappy prince gasped, struggled, swooned, and amidst much excitement was borne to his carriage.

The charming dancer who had fascinated him was the famous Fanny Essler, then at the beginning of her extraordinary conquests and career. She had allowed herself to be used by his relatives as a bait to insure the young duke's affections, in the hope that through her some interest in life might be awakened. The incident was so great that the tumultuous applause was no longer heard; the unhappy prince gasped, struggled, swooned, and amidst much excitement was borne to his carriage.

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TELEGRAPHING BY SOUND THROUGH WATER.

In 1828 Sturm and Colladon made a series of experiments at Lake Geneva, Switzerland, to determine the rate of transmission of sound through water, produced by striking a bell suspended from a boat at a suitable depth in the water, while the observers were stationed in another boat at a distance, and received the sonorous impressions through a long metallic tube, the lower end of which was closed by a membrane and immersed at a considerable depth in the water. In these experiments the bell weighed about one hundred and thirty pounds and the sound was heard at a distance of about 14,000 yards.

During the recent siege of Paris the attempt was made to obtain telegraphic communication with the provinces by this device of transmission of sound through the water, and the Minister of Public Works confided the necessary experiments to M. Lucas, who reports the following results: The experiments were conducted as follows: The former instance and made in the River Seine. Two bells were employed, one of about eighty pounds and the other of seven hundred pounds weight. In the case of the first the sound was transmitted to a distance of about 1,800 yards, while in the case of the second or larger bell only 1,500 yards. There was therefore no advantage gained by the increase in the size of the bell—in fact there was a loss.

The great diminution in the distance to which the sound was conveyed in his experiments is accredited by M. Lucas to want of depth in the waters of the Seine as compared with those of Lake Geneva. Scribner's for December.

SHOOTING STARS.

M. Silberman advances the following curious hypothesis concerning these cosmic bodies: The celestial spaces are traversed in every direction by an immense number of comets, which are divided by astronomers into two groups, viz., those which move in the same course as the planets direct, and those equally numerous that move in the opposite direction retrograde. Admitting these results of observation of the direction of the shooting stars, and the results of the works of many eminent astronomers, we are led to believe, 1st, that there are streams of currents of shooting stars which produce movements in celestial bodies; these streams correspond to and are dependent upon comets of the first or direct order; 2d, streams of shooting stars corresponding to comets of the second order, and moving in the opposite direction to the first; and 3d, streams of shooting stars corresponding to comets of the third order, and moving in the same direction as the first.

The shooting stars, which are produced by the force of rotation and propulsion into heat.—Scribner's for December.

Painting on tin-foil has reached so high a degree of perfection as to constitute a new and beautiful decorative art. The tin-foil is stretched on a moistened plate of thick glass and carefully smoothed, the design is painted in oils on the tin, and when perfectly dry it is varnished.—The foil is then removed from the glass and transported to the wooden rollers to be attached to the movement and transformation of the force of rotation and propulsion into heat.—Scribner's for December.

The last man—a cobbler. The husbandman sows wheat, while the household wife sows "tares." —He that cannot forgive others breaks the bridge over which he must pass himself. If you would not have affliction visit you twice, listen at once to what it teaches. A Maryland horse-fancier is importing Arabian stallions from Egypt. Never take the crooked path while you can see a straight one. It is with man's soul as it was with nature; the beginning of creation is light.—Carlyle.

Genius without taste will often commit enormous errors; and what is worse, it will not be sensible of them. Volatility of words is carelessness in actions, words are the wings of action.—Lactantius.

A western girl exclaimed, when she saw a Thomas Jelinek elevate his back: "Oh! wouldn't he make a lovely buck!" The height of politeness is, passing round upon the opposite of a lady, when walking with her, in order not to step upon her shadow. One of the proverbs of Solomon says: "The King by judgment establisheth a land; but he that receiveth gifts overthroweth it." The Vermont Legislature has by a large majority refused to pass a bill abolishing capital punishment. A case is being tried in London to determine whether a man can recall, when sober, what he decided upon when wildly drunk. It takes only twelve hundred dollars worth of lace to trim a velvet cloak properly, and yet men grumble at female extravagance in dress. It must be a happy thought to a Jersey lover that his blood and that of his sweetheart mingle in the same

JOHN GATEWOOD, Editor. M. P. VENABLE, Editor. Marion, Va., Thursday, December 5, 1872.

WOODHULL AND CLAFFIN. The recent arrest of Mrs. Woodhull and her sister, Miss Claffin, upon the charge of having uttered a libelous article in the columns of their paper, involving the good names of Henry Ward Beecher, Theodore Tilton, and Mr. Chellis, a banker, all of the city of New York, has given those would-be reformers that which they seem to have labored for and coveted above all things, a world-wide notoriety.

We do not propose to perform the dirty work of answering these queries; for it would involve the recital of such enormities as would cause every refined man and woman in the land to blush with shame and turn away with unspeakable loathing. Let it suffice that the reader shall know that the unseemly names that stand at the head of this article have come to be regarded as enemies to society, even in the city of New York, where it is conceded social virtue does not command a premium. The crimes of these women must have been rank indeed to have offended the moral sensibilities of a people among whom the grossest irregularities and flagrant violations of the moral code are unblushingly committed, not only among the ignorant, the poor and the degraded, who more readily fall victims to the so-called "social evil," but among the educated and wealthy, who cannot put in the plea of necessity. Mrs. Woodhull's great crime, (and a great crime it is, against human and divine law,) consists in openly advocating and justifying the horrible and abominable crimes secretly committed by thousands of men and women, who otherwise have a respectable standing in society, and some of them in the church. They are the whited sepulchres, full of dead men's bones and all uncleanness; Mrs. Woodhull is the cage of filthy birds, defiling their own nest, at once disgusting and abhorrent to the beholder. They do in secret what Mrs. Woodhull justifies, practices, and proclaims upon the house-top. If they are secretly unfaithful to their solemn vows, she discards all vows and all moral and legal obligation, lives openly with two husbands, and claims the right to have as many more as she chooses, in defiance of the conservative mandates of the civil law, against the usage and conventionalities of society, and in violation of the solemn obligations of the religion of the Bible. She would annul the obligations of the civil law, dissolve the civil compact, substitute licentiousness for virtue, and turn the world into chaos. They are none the less guilty because Mrs. Woodhull becomes a martyr for their sakes.

In the eye of the law, as well as in the judgment of every friend of social order and public and private virtue, Mrs. Woodhull and her sister have committed a great crime, for which they deserve the severest punishment, even if the charges she brings against the parties before named should be true. Yet, in the end, her wicked purposes may result in good. She has, in her own chaste language, "stirred up a stink." She has caused a tossing and a commotion among the elements that may result in their purification. As the deadly miasms of the atmosphere, which carry disease and death to the body, are neutralized by the thunder, the lightning, and the hurricane, though sad disaster may sometimes follow in their wake, so the agitations and convulsions in the moral world frequently result in ultimate good to society.

"IT IS DONE!" Such was the last utterance of Horace Greeley, the particulars whose death will be found in this paper. She has been a life of earnest, arduous and continuous labor, mentally and physically. As a journalist, he stood at the head of his profession. As a partisan, he was eminently a representative man, and probably had more influence in forming and controlling the public opinion of his section than any other man. He was intimately attached to the peculiar political creed of Henry Clay, and published several elaborate essays in its defence. The Whig party ceased to exist, Mr. Greeley employed his great powers in making war on the institution of slavery—earnestly and consistently, and sometimes with too much bitterness. The reader has been made acquainted with his mainly course toward the South since the war; and his position before the people as a candidate for the presidency is too well known to require comment in this connection.

Greeley's afflictions came upon him in rapid succession. First, and more crushing than all, came the death of his beloved wife, at whose bedside he had watched with the most devoted tenderness for weeks, until the golden bowl was broken, and the silver cord loosened, and was awakened to the consciousness that the light of the household had been extinguished forever. Then came the disastrous result of the election, the alienation of friendships, and the unnatural distrust of those for whom he had spent the strength of his manhood and the wisdom of his maturer years. Under the weight of the accumulated ills nature broke; his powers had ceased and his mission had been accomplished; the pulse had ceased to beat, and the living spirit had gone to its final account. Earth to earth, ashes to ashes, and dust to dust.

O. A. & H. RAILROAD.

The following abstract of the proceedings of the late annual meeting of the stockholders we copy from the Richmond Enquirer of Friday:

The stockholders of this road held their annual meeting in Alexandria Wednesday, N. H. Massie, of Charlottesville, chairman. The report of the President of the road, John S. Barbour, gives a general view of the business and condition of the company, and policy of its management.

The earnings of the road are in excess of any other year. The President states that the receipts for September, the last month of the fiscal year, would have far exceeded the aggregate result, if the rolling stock of the road had been sufficient to meet the prompt transportation of freight offered and which had to await the receipt of the succeeding month, and that the present equipment would be adequate to meet the demands of freight could be distributed uniformly through the year.

The company is gradually enlarging the capacity of its equipment as its means will permit, to meet the increasing demands of its freight traffic, and expects hereafter to be prepared for its necessities for prompt transportation as offered.

The gross revenue for 1871-72 was \$988,871.34; for 1870-71, \$913,295.92—\$75,575.42 increase.

Working expenses for 1871-72, \$384,772.70; for 70-71, \$553,760.22—\$181,012.48 increase.

Net revenue for 1871-72, \$604,098.64; for 1870-71, \$359,535.71—\$244,562.93 increase.

Total number of passengers transported for 1871-72, 106,304; for 70-71, 179,118—decrease 17,276.

Total number of tons of freight transported for 1871-72, 101,344; for 1870-71, 144,311—17,123 increase.

The company owns twenty-five locomotives all in running order, besides the following other equipments, viz: Passenger cars, 21; baggage and mail cars, 3; postal cars, 3; freight train passenger cars, 7; box cars, 217; conductors and boarding cars, 6; platform cars, 78; stock cars, 80. Total, 420 cars.

A Living Microscope. In a recent copy of the Birmingham (England) Register there is an interesting account of a lad whose powers of vision entirely eclipse anything of the kind ever heard of before. He is no less than a living microscope, and possesses the facility of seeing minute objects magnified to a marvellous degree. When quite young he was afflicted with a disease peculiar to the eyes, and fears were entertained that he would lose his sight. He recovered gradually, but it was noticed that the disease had materially affected the organization of the eye—in fact, changed its internal structure, the cornea being greatly enlarged, the crystalline lens being divided into three different parts, each part surrounded with a light blue circle, and in the centre of each appears the iris, but greatly diminished in size, being about the circumference of a small pin-head. He cannot distinguish objects at a distance, they appearing to him as distinct objects too ordinary eyes when viewed through a telescope drawn out of focus, blurred and misshapen. His case is exciting great interest among scientific men, who have formed various opinions as to the causes that have wrought such a change.

Added to this wonderful talent of microscopic sight, the lad exhibits that of being able to sketch the objects he examines, and by an admirable finish of water-colors can give to the world the result of his studies. He has within the last year examined and sketched quite a number of beautiful specimens of diatomacea polyestina and sponge spicules, that were kindly loaned him by several gentlemen of learning, their object being to compare them with other published views of some of the same objects, in order to test their truthfulness, and the result has been altogether satisfactory. A copy of one of the papers photographed in Paris during the late siege was shown him, and he immediately read the lines and pronounced the words which, however, he did not understand, not being versed in French. Scientists who have paid attention to this case state, as the result of their experiments, that the magnifying power of his vision is about 500 diameters. One curious fact connected with his vision is that he will never examine water, having once sworn off it, in order to recover, discovered the vast number of organisms contained in some he was in the act of drinking, which had the effect to thoroughly frighten him, since which event no inducement can make him repeat the experiment.

The Arizona Diamond-Field Sensation.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 26.—A meeting of the directors of the San Francisco and New York Commercial and Mining company was held yesterday afternoon to receive reports from the geological survey sent out under Clarence King, and consisting of Mr. King, D. D. Cotton, Surveyor East, and Mr. Frey. Voluntary reports from the survey were received and denouncing the whole pretended discovery as a gigantic fraud. The trustees at once adopted a resolution to the effect that the fraud be at once fully exposed, in order that the public may be protected; also that no more stock be issued or transferred, and that the corporation be dissolved as soon as practicable. The public are warned against any further transactions on the faith of alleged discoveries. All the stock thus far sold is still held by W. C. Raiston, at the Bank of California, and the original incorporation will assume the entire loss from operation of the company. The report of Clarence King gives the particulars of his surveys in detail. In the vicinity of Table Rock diamonds and rubies were found on the surface and in crevices, but in every instance of a find there was evidence that the soil had been tampered with. In crevices where there were no traces of the work of man no evidence of the existence of precious stones was discovered. Some diamonds were found in what were evidently artificial holes.

The conclusion arrived at by Mr. King is that the gems found were in positions where they would have been deposited by the hand of man, and that some exist where, if their occurrence had been genuine, the inevitable laws of nature would have placed them. Finally, he asserts that the reported diamond fields have been salted or scattered over with stones for the purpose of deceiving chance or unskilled searchers. Reports of other explorers corroborate Mr. King. The Bulletin of the company since published a partial expose of the operation of Arnold, the man who sold the original discovery to the Harpending Company for \$150,000. It is said that the directors at the time of this publication became satisfied of fraud, but obtained the reports mentioned to satisfy any doubts upon the subject, and to detect, if possible, the originators of the swindle. With this view the stock has been held back until the genuineness of the reports from all quarters could be tested.

Military Called Out in Alabama. MONTGOMERY, ALA., November 30.—This morning a detachment of the Seventh United States cavalry marched in front of the capitol grounds and bivouacked. This created great excitement, but on learning that the troops were merely intended as a posse comitatus, and not to eject the Legislature from the capitol, the excitement subsided. The Legislature passed a bill to send to Governor Lewis, but he refused to receive it, whereupon a joint resolution was passed raising a committee to communicate the facts of the situation by telegraph to the Government at Washington, and appointing delegates to present a written statement of the case to the President. The Legislature expresses the greatest confidence that the President will sustain them when the facts are laid before him.

In answer to the committee of the capitol (Conservative), Governor Lewis, yesterday, replied that there were two bodies claiming his regard, and in the members of the other body (rump) had received a majority of the votes cast, and that he could not recognize the capitol Legislature because if the persons whom he said did not receive a majority were included that body would be without a quorum.

The court house body, did nothing today, but has been in secret session a considerable part of the day. The Advertiser, the Liberal-Democratic organ of the State, in its issue tomorrow says, in view of the death of Mr. Greeley, "We recommend that all the Greeley electors cast their votes for Grant and Hayes, and elect the kind and amount of his election unanimous, and in no case let us ask only for peace, for protection against vagabonds and scoundrels, or at least that the Government allow us fair play and maintain the supremacy of law and order. Our struggle has not been for men, but for safety, law, and civilization."

The second session of the present Congress began last Monday, and will end on the 4th of March. The term will consequently be a short one, and the two Houses are likely to have their hands full with the routine measures of the session. The appropriation bills, which have been prepared in advance by the committees, and such other legislative measures as are necessary to keep the wheels of Government in motion for the ensuing year, beginning on the 1st of June, will claim attention in the short interval of three months between the 2d of December and the 4th of March. It is to be hoped that they will be disposed of in the early days of the session, and not left to take the risks of the hurry and confusion at the close. Should the law be revived under which Congress assembled on the 4th of March immediately upon the heels of the retiring Congress, General Grant, in addition to his inaugural, may have on the 4th or 5th some special recommendations to make to the two Houses. Opposite to the 1st of December, the 1st of the first Monday in December a year hence. In any event, however, the new Senate will assemble and organize on the 4th of March, in order to install the new president of the body, the Vice-President elect, Wilson, and to act upon such nominations for office as the President may have in readiness to submit for confirmation.

New Theory of Consumption. Dr. Henry MacCormac, of London, in a new book, puts forth the theory that tubercular disease of the lungs is caused solely by breathing air which has already passed through the lungs of either brutes or human beings, or air that is deficient in oxygen. Assuming the quantity of air in the chest at about two hundred and thirty cubic inches, and that from twenty to thirty cubic inches are changed and removed during each respiration, about ten breathings will suffice to renew or exchange the gaseous contents of the chest cavity. At each inspiration four to five per cent. of the oxygen inhaled is, or should be, replaced by about the same quantity of carbonic acid, an amount which at low hours would be represented by an appreciable weight of solid carbon. If any portion of the inhaled air be prebreathed nine humanity, until the starting point and goal was reached, when the gas lastly inhaled on terra firma, and aid bursts of laughter from the spectators they both disappeared together toward the western section of the city.

It costs a quarter now for a visitor to get into the penitentiary free—unless he has an invitation from a jury, and has the sheriff for an escort.

The Boston Fire Attributed to the Labor Reformers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The Herald prints two communications signed "Chemist," in which the writer, who says he is one of the Paris Communists, states that the Boston fire was the work of the labor-reformers; that the explosions heard during the fire, which were attributed to other things, were but the explosion of a powerful chemical combination, lately invented, and known only to himself and his confederates, larger than an ordinary apple, and costing only ninety-two cents each. He says their work at Boston was but the beginning, and he intimates that the capitalists still further suffer if the rights of labor are not respected.

Survivors of the "Missouri." NEW YORK, November 30.—David North, one of the four survivors of the Missouri, who arrived here to-day on the New Castle, relates a very harrowing story. "The ship," he says, "while floating about the sea in an open boat and her companions had to lock their legs under the seats and clasp arms to keep from being washed overboard by the heavy sea. They were without food for many days. The boilerman, Mark Anthony, went crazy the first day. William Stear, the barber, afterwards died, and the porter, who jumped overboard from the boat, which was surrounded by sharks.

NO! FOR CHRISTMAS! F. P. STALLEY, MILL-FORD, Has for sale Candy, Cakes, Cheese, And Squibs for the Pharmacy. WM. FARMER, D. D. S., Demonstrator of Operative Dentistry in H. C. UHLEIN, D. D. S., OF BALTIMORE: DENTISTS, WYTHEVILLE, VA.

DR. UHLER will be in Marion on Monday and Tuesday, (Dec. 16th and 17th), of December Court. Office at "Considential Hotel." Ideas NOTICE. OFFICE A. M. & O. R. Co., Lynchburg, Nov. 18, 1872.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Atlantic, Mississippi & Ohio Railroad Company will be held in the city of Norfolk, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of DECEMBER, at 12 o'clock, M. The Trustee Book will be closed from 1st proximo until adjournment of such meeting. By order of the Board of Directors. N. M. OSBORNE, Secretary. dec5-3t.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF LAND. PURSUANT to a decree of the circuit court of Smyth county, entered on the 24th day of April 1872, in the case entitled M. B. Tate vs. G. F. Barton et al., the undersigned, who was appointed a special commissioner for the purpose, will, at the front door of Smyth court house, in Marion, on the 10th day of December next, (court day,) proceed to sell at public auction, all or a portion of a certain tract of land lying and being in said county, the land of J. M. Scott, containing about

ONE HUNDRED ACRES, and lying in the county of Smyth, Virginia. Cash sufficient to pay costs and expenses of suit and sale, and for the residue a credit of one, two, three, four and five years will be given; the purchaser giving bond with approved security, bearing interest from date, for the deferred payments. CLARENCE DERRICK, Commissioner. nov21-1w

Duty of Feas! EXTRA Inducements. Clubs! Send for new club circular which contains full explanations of Premiums, &c. The way to obtain our goods! Persons living at a distance from New York can club together, and get them at the same prices as we sell them at our warehouses in New York. In order to get up a club, let each person wish to join say how many clubs he wishes to be in, and the price from our price list, as published in our circulars. Write the names kinds & amounts plainly on a list, and when the club is complete send it to us by mail, and we will put each party's goods in a separate package, and mark the name upon them, with the cost, so there need be no confusion in distribution. In said circular, exactly what he orders, and no more. The funds to pay for goods ordered can be sent by drafts on New York, post-office money orders, or by express. Or we will, if desired, send the goods by express, to "collect on delivery." THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY, 11 & 33 N. Y. P. O. Box 6648. sc26-1w

JURUBA BLOOD PURIFIER. It is not a physic which may give temporary relief to the sufferer for the first few days, but which, from continued use, brings relief, and cures the disease, by weakening the invalid, and is a doctor's liquor, which under the popular name of "bitters" is so extensively palmed off on the public as sovereign remedies, but is a most powerful and alternative, pronounced by the leading medical authorities to be the regular physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results. Dr. Wells' Extract of Jurubeba retains all the medicinal virtues peculiar to the plant and must be taken as a permanent curative agent. Is there want of action in Your Liver & Spleen? Unless relieved of once, the blood becomes impure by deleterious secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, blotches, Pimples, Pustules, Canker, Fluxes, &c. Take Jurubeba to cleanse, purify and restore the vitiated blood to healthy action. Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly effected, the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the Blood, Dropsical Tendency, General Weakness or Lassitude. Take it to assist Digestion without reaction, it will impart youthful vigor to the weary sufferer. Have you Weakness of the Intestines? Or are you indignant of Chronic Diarrhoea or the dreadful Inflammation of the Bowels. Take it to allay irritation and ward off tendency to inflammations. Have you Weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You must procure instant relief or you are liable to suffering worse than death. Take it to strengthen organic weakness or it becomes a burden. Finally it is frequently taken to keep system in perfect health, which is otherwise in great danger of malaria, and contagious diseases. JOHN L. KELLOGG, Platt St., N. Y., Sole agent for the United States. Price one dollar per bottle. Send for circular. P. oct1

THE NEW DOUBLE STORE OF LEVY BROTHERS.

1017-1019, Main St., Corner of Elyventh, RICHMOND, VA. Is the largest Dry Goods Establishment in the South, and has increased their force, stock, and facilities for purchasing, so that they offer greater inducements of Dry Goods than ever before. Selling such immense quantities of goods places them in a position to purchase their goods by the package of manufacturers, importers, and commission merchants, mainly in the auction rooms, which enable them to retail their goods at jobbers' prices. We enumerate a few of the many articles which they now offer: Black Alpaca at 30, 40, 45, 50, 60, 65, 75, 85c, and up to \$1.50 per yard; Black Australian, Cape for dresses at 50c per yard worth 75c; Lupin's Black Bombazines, at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2 per yard—all very cheap; Black Cashmeres, Black French Merino, Black De Laines, Black Ramble, and other goods suitable for mourning; Empress Cloths at 30, 60, and 75c; Satins at 50, 60, 75, and \$1c. per yard; Corried Polines at \$1 worth \$1.25 per yard; Black Silks from \$1.25 to \$3.50 per yard; Colored Silks at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, and \$2.25 per yard—all much below regular prices; Broadened Poplins at \$1.50 worth 2 per yard; Hosiery, Black, Striped, and Plain Dress Goods in endless variety, from 20c, to 75c per yard; Furniture Calico at 10c, worth 25c, per yard; Ginghams at 12c, worth 18c, per yard; Heavy Colored Blankets at \$2.30, \$3, and up to \$9 worth 75c; White and Red Blankets from \$1 to \$20 a pair; Honey-Comb Quilts (large enough for the largest bed) at \$1.15 worth \$3; Extra quality Double Honey-Comb Quilts at \$2 worth cheap at \$3; Great bargains in Marseilles Quilts for large beds, 60c, 75c, and \$1; Cotton Diaper at \$1.35 for a piece of ten yards; Linen Diaper at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, and up to \$3 a piece; Bird's-eye Diaper at 25c per yard worth 50c; Huckaback Towels at from \$1.25 to \$3 per dozen; Heavy Table-Cloths two yards long at \$1 worth \$1.50; Extra quality Table-Cloths from two to two yards long at great bargains; Colored Table Damask at \$1 per yard worth \$1.25; Linen Fringed Napkins at 60c, 75, and \$1 per dozen worth 75c, \$1, \$1.125; Colored Fruit Doilies at \$1.25 per dozen; Crash Towelling at 10c, 12c, 15c, and up to 30c per yard; Cassimers, in all styles and qualities, from 75c, to \$3 per yard; Satins at 50c per yard well worth 65c; Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, and Corduroy much below regular prices; Lamb's Wool and Merino Shirts and Drawers for gentlemen; Merino Shirts and Drawers for women and children; Wool Hosiery for men, women and children; Ladies' Garments of every description—ladies in this department to wait on customers; Silk Push; Black and Colored Velveteens; Satins and Trimming Silks, cut on the bias which we desire; Cords and Tassels, Gimps and Fringes, in great variety; Carpets, Rugs, Oil-Cloths, and Mats at prices to suit everybody; Ladies' Linen Collars at 50c per dozen worth \$1.50; Ladies' Linen Collars at \$1 per dozen worth \$3; A large assortment of Neck Scarfs, Neck Handkerchiefs, and Neck Ties at thirty per cent below regular prices; Kid Gloves of superior quality at \$1 a pair; Men's Herz Kid Gloves, the best manufactured, for which we are sole agents; Handsome Striped Shawls at \$3 worth \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$6, and \$8; Plain Shawls from \$2.00 to \$10; Breakfast Shawls at \$1, 1.25, and 1.50; Hoods for children, misses, and ladies, from 25c, to 1.00; Knit Sacs, all sizes, for children and ladies; Genuine hand-made Thread Bobbin Edge at 50c for a price of 8 yards worth 75c and it is just the article for edging ruffles; Crochet Edgings, Coventry Trimmings, and Pillow-case Laces very cheap; Lace Curtains, Window Shades, and Ties lower than ever; Full-width Unbleached Sheetting at 35c, per yard worth 50c; Full-width Bleached Sheetting at 40c per yard worth 55c; Pillow-case Cotton 1 1/2 yard wide at 10c, worth 20c per yard; Bed-Ticking from 15 to 35c per yard; Genuine imported Cheviot Shirting at 35c per yard worth 50c; A large assortment of Trunks, travelling Bags, Baskets, Jet, Gilt and Plated Jewelry; French Woollen Corsets all qualities; besides thousands of other articles; all of which we offer at prices that must prove satisfactory to the purchaser. Prompt attention given to orders. Goods sent cash on delivery or upon the receipt of the money. Store closed on Saturday. LEVY BROTHERS, 1017 and 1019 Main Street, Richmond, Va. VIRGINIA.—At rules held in the clerk's office of the county court of Lee county, on the 4th day of November, 1872; James M. Barker et al. vs. ... plaintiffs, against Campbell Thompson et al. ... defendants. IN CHANCERY. The object of this suit is to have a specific execution of the written contract filed with the plaintiffs' bill, as exhibit "A." In the case that the defendant, Campbell Thompson and Jackson Thompson, are non-residents of this commonwealth, they are therefore ordered to appear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this suit. A copy—Teste, nov21-1w JAS. W. ORR, CLK.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, FOR 1873.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. The Scientific American, now in its 28th year, enjoys the widest circulation of any analogous publication in the world. Its contents embrace the latest and most interesting information pertaining to the Industrial, mechanical, and scientific progress of the age, and are illustrated by the most successful engravings, new processes, new implements of all kinds; useful notes, facts, receipts, suggestions and advice, by practical writers for workmen and employers, in all the various arts. Descriptions of improvements, discoveries, and important works, pertaining to civil and mechanical engineering, mining and metallurgy; records of the latest progress in the application of steam, steam engineering, railways, telegraph engineering, electricity, mechanics, light and heat. The latest discoveries in photography, chemistry, and new and useful applications of chemistry in the arts and in Domestic or household economy. The latest information pertaining to technology, microscopy, mathematics, astronomy, Geography, meteorology, mineralogy, geology, Zoology, botany, and agriculture, and the various branches of natural history, house hold economy, food, lighting, heating, ventilation and health. In short, the whole range of the sciences and practical arts are embraced within the scope of the Scientific American. No person who desires to be intelligently informed can afford to be without a copy of this paper. Farmers, mechanics, engineers, inventors, manufacturers, chemists, lovers of science, teachers, clergymen, lawyers, and people of all professions, will find the Scientific American to be of great value. It should have a place in every family, library, study, office, and counting room, in every reading room, college, academy, or school. Published weekly, splendidly illustrated, only \$3 a year. The yearly numbers of the Scientific American make two splendid volumes of nearly 1,000 pages, equivalent in contents to 4,000 ordinary books. A complete list of all the contents is published weekly. Specimen copies sent free. Address the publishers, MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York. In connection with the Scientific American, Messrs. Munn & Co. sell the best American, cheap, and reliable, have had 25 years experience, and have the largest establishment in the world. If you have made an invention, write them a letter and send them a sketch; they will promptly inform you, free of charge, whether your device is new and patentable. They will also send you full and complete instructions to proceed to obtain a patent. Address Munn & Co., 37 Park Row, New York.

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