



THE PATRIOT AND HERALD.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1882.

Printed at the Postoffice at Marion, Va., as Second-class matter.

SNOW.

Soft in the keen, clear morning
Gleams the untrodden snow,
Its diamond crystals sparkle
Before me as I go;

Like light on far hills it leth,
In vale and on level lea
It hath stung, a fairy-artist
Frost jewels o'er spray and tree.

The leaves of a silvery foliage
Are thick in the branching pines,
And the bars of the village steeple
Stand out in clear white lines.

And on each little mound in the churchyard,
Where the children gently sleep,
A stainless cushion of ermine
It resteth smooth and deep;

Pure o'er the pure; but yonder,
O'er the ruin, and blight, and decay,
It hath fallen a merciful Presence,
And buried them softly away.

O clean, cold snow, thou liest
So chaste o'er the dross and the slime,
We greet the a tender token
For the sacred Christmas time--

A symbol of heavenly affection,
That yearns, as with loving wings,
To hide the pollutions which sully
The face of all human things.

Far away in you murky city,
In a maze of street and wall,
The spotless flakes down-dropping,
With a silent cleansing fall;

They fall with a hastening piny
On the foul and filthy lane,
And loathsome court and alley,
Corruption's rot and stain.

And noisome blots of squalor
'Neath their gentle touch grow bright,
And the dens of crime and contagion
Seem to gather a long-lost light.

G snow, in the dark days thou cometh,
Meet sign of the Christ above,
Who shall hide all the world's imperfections
'Neath the white robes of His love.

A WIFE'S CONFESSION

I did not marry for love. Very few people do, so in this respect I am neither better nor worse than my neighbors. No, I certainly did not marry for love; I believe I married Mr. Cartwright simply because he asked me.

This was how it happened. He was the rector of Doveton, and we lived at the Manor house, which was about ten minutes' walk from the church and rectory. We had daily service at Doveton, and I nearly always attended it, and it came to pass that Mr. Cartwright invariably walked home with me. It was a matter of custom now, and I thought of it; it pleased him, and on the whole it was rather pleasant to me also.

I must confess, however, I was rather surprised when, one morning as we got up to the Manor house, Mr. Cartwright asked me to be his wife.

I have never been able to find out why I said yes, but I did; perhaps I thought it a pity to throw away so much love; perhaps it was because he was so terribly in earnest that I dared not refuse him; perhaps I feared his pale face, and his low, pleading voice would ever haunt me if I rejected his love; or perhaps it was because he only asked me to marry him—he did not ask me if I loved him, for I think he guessed I did not perhaps it was all these reasons put together, but anyhow I said yes, and in due time we were married.

I ought to have been very happy, for he was a most devoted husband; but I was not, and though I did not know it then, I know now that for the first six months after our marriage he was not happy either.

It was all my fault. Either could not or would not love him; I accepted all his devotion as a matter of course, but I made no effort to return it, and I am sure he had found out that he had made a mistake in marrying a woman who did not love him.

One morning, about six months after our marriage, he told me at the breakfast table that he intended leaving me alone for a few weeks, to stay with his mother, who was not very well. He watched the effect of the announcement on me, but though I was really displeased I con-

cealed my annoyance, and asked carelessly when he would start.

He replied, the next day if I had no objection, and so it was settled.

He was more affectionate than usual that day, and I was colder than ever; I only once alluded to his journey, and that was to ask if I might have my sister Eva to stay while he was gone.

The next morning I was anxious to avoid a formal parting, so I drove to the station with him; as the train moved off I remembered that this was our first parting since our marriage, and I wished I had not been so cold.

When I got home the house looked so dreary and empty, and there was no one to meet me; presently one of the servants came for the shawls, and with her Nero, Mr. Cartwright's retriever, which, when he saw I was alone, set up a howl for his master. I petted him, and tried to comfort him, feeling rebuked by grief, and he followed me, whinnying into the house. Every room was empty, and each spoke of the absent master. At last I wandered into his study, where he spent his mornings, and liked me to sit and work; and now I remember how often I had excused myself, saying I preferred the drawing room; and this reflection did not add to my happiness.

There was a photograph of me standing on the writing table, and another on the chimney piece; on the wall hung two or three of my drawings, which he had begged of me when we were engaged; indeed, the room was full of little remembrances of me, I opened a book I had given him, and in it was his name in his handwriting, and underneath in his own, "From my darling wife." I laid it down with a sigh, as I thought how carefully he treasured every thing I had given him, and how little care I took of all his gifts to me.

Every thing I attempted, every thing I looked at, reminded me of his goodness to me. At last I went to bed, where, after working myself into a fever of anxiety lest he should not have reached the end of his journey in safety, I at length cried myself to sleep.

The next morning I went down to breakfast with a heavy heart, for I knew I could not hear from him till the next day; it seemed so strange to breakfast alone, and Nero appeared to think so too, for he was most unhappy, sniffing round his master's chair in the most melancholy manner.

My plate, for the first time since my marriage, was empty as I sat down to breakfast, for my husband, who was an early riser, always had a little bouquet to greet me with every morning, frequently I forgot all about it, and left it to be put into water by the servant; this morning I would have treasured it most carefully if he had gathered it.

After breakfast I determined to rouse myself, and go and visit some of the poor people in the village, so I filled my basket with some little delicacies for the sick, and set out.

Where ever I went it was the same story, all held forth on my husband's goodness and kindness for all had been helped by him in some way or other, listened with burning cheeks, I felt as if I was the only person on earth who had treated him with cruel ingratitude, and I was the very person whom he most loved and cherished.

At last I went home, tried and sick at heart; but there was no one to notice I was pale and worn out, no one to make me lie down and rest, as he would have done had he been there! Oh, how I missed him! What a fool I had been! Was there ever woman loved and cared for as I had been? Was there ever friend so ungrateful? Oh, why had I ever let him love me? I was sure he would never come back. Why had he gone away?

"You drove him," answered conscience; "he gave you all he had to give, and in return you gave him nothing but cold looks and unkind words; and so he has left you to seek love and sympathy from his mother." This thought almost maddened me; in fancy I saw her sitting in my place by his side loving and caressing him; I pictured her receiving tenderly, the little loving acts I had received so coldly, and now I was seized with jealous anger against her. I mentally accused her of estranging my husband from me, and of trying to win his love from me, as

though his heart was not large enough for both of us.

When Eva arrived in the afternoon, I treated her to a long tirade of abuse against mother-in-laws in general, and my own in particular, and I vented all the anger I really felt against myself, on the innocent Mrs. Cartwright.

"Why, Nellie," said Eva. "I thought you like Mrs. Cartwright so much, and thought her so nice, that you only your husband very properly, as mamma says objected."

"So I did," I answered; "but I did not know then she would ever entice my husband away from me in this way, or, of course, I never should have liked her."

"Really, Nellie, you are very hard on the poor woman; for as I understand, Mr. Cartwright went to her at his own free will, because she was well, and he thought his company would do her good," said Eva.

"Nonsense; I am sure he would never have left me alone, unless she had put him up to it," I replied rather crossly.

"The truth is, Nellie, you are so much in love with your husband that you are jealous, even of his mother, and you are making yourself miserable about nothing. Why, Mr. Cartwright will be back in a fortnight, and I dare say you will get a letter from him every day; so cheer up and let go for a drive," said Eva.

I agreed to this plan, and giving Eva the reins I laid back and thought of her words. Was she right after all? Was I jealous? Was I really, as Eva said, in love with my husband? Had I only found it out, now that I was deprived of his company? Was this the reason that I could do nothing but inwardly reproach myself for my conduct to him? And the longer I thought the more convinced I was that Eva was right, that I was jealous, and that I was in love, as she called it.

This knowledge did not make me happier, for I no sooner knew I loved him than I longed to tell him so, and make up, as far as I could, for all my former cruelty; for I could call my conduct by no milder word. I passed a sleepless night, and as I lay awake I composed various letters of confession, which I resolved to send the following day. But when the morning came my pride stepped in, and I began to feel that it would be impossible to write, and I decided I must wait till my husband came home, and then tell him how his absence had altered me.

I got up early and walked out to meet the postman, so anxious was I to get a letter from him. It was the first I had ever received from him since our marriage, and no girl was ever so anxious or so pleased with her first love letter as I was over this.

It was a long letter, full of loving messages and terms of endearment, all of which touched me to the heart, for they sounded like so many reproaches; in reality I think there was a tone of gentle reproach throughout the letter. He gave me an account of his journey and of his mother's health, begged me to write to him a few lines every day, but he said not a word about returning.

I spent the morning in answering it, much to Eva's amusement, who, of course, thought I was pouring out volumes of love and complaints of my temporary widowhood; after tearing up about a dozen sheets of paper, I at last sent a short note, cool, and with no allusion to my misery. The more I tried the more impossible I found it was to write any expression of love or penitence, though I was longing to do so.

For a whole week I went on in this way, suffering more and more acutely, every day, and every day receiving long letters full of love from Mr. Cartwright and writing short, cold answers.

I lost my appetite. I could not sleep at night, and the torture I was enduring made me look so ill that Eva became frightened and said she would write and summon my husband home, and tell him I was pining away for him, I forbade her doing this so sternly that she dared not disobey me, for I was determined he should never hear from any lips but mine that at last his heart's desire was obtained, for I loved him.

At last, when he had been ten days away, I could bear it no longer, for I felt I should have brain fever, if I went on in this way, so I determined to go to Melton, where Mrs.

Cartwright lived and see my husband. I came to this decision one night, and went to Eva's room early the next morning to tell her my intention. I expected she would laugh at me, but think she guessed something was wrong, for she seemed glad to hear it, and helped me pack a few things and set off in time to catch the morning train.

It was three hours' journey, but it seemed (three years to me, for the nearer I got to him the more impatient I was to see him. At last we got to Melton, a largeish town. Of course, as I was not expected, there was no one to meet me, so I took a fly to Mrs. Cartwright's house and arrived at 3 o'clock.

I learned afterwards that Andrew was with his mother in the drawing room when we drove up, but thinking it was only a visitor, he escaped into another room, so I found my mother-in-law alone. By her side was some of my husband's socks, which she was darning, socks which I had handed over to the servants to mend, and which I now longed to snatch away from his mother. His desk stood open and a letter to me which he was writing lay on it.

The servant announced me as Mrs. Andrews, my voice failing as I gave my name, so that Mrs. Cartwright held up her hands in astonishment when she saw who it was.

"My dear Nellie! Has anything happened? How ill you look! What is it?" she exclaimed.

"I want my husband," I gasped, sinking into a chair, for I thought I should have fallen.

Without another word Mrs. Cartwright left the room; I felt sure now she guessed all about it, and I can never thank her enough for forbearing to worry me with questions as to what I had come for.

She came back in a few minutes with a glass of wine, which she made me drink, saying she would send him to me at once if I took it. I complied and she went to fetch him; in another moment I heard his step outside the door and then he came inside the room.

"Nellie, my love, my darling, what is it?" he cried as I rushed into his outstretched arms and hid my face in his breast, sobbing bitterly.

For some moments I could not speak; at last I recovered myself enough to sob out:

"Oh, Andrew, my love, my darling, can you ever forgive me? I came to ask you, and to tell you I can not live without you."

I would have said more, but his kisses stopped my mouth, and when at last he let me go, there were other tears upon my cheeks besides my own.

That was the happiest hour of my life, in spite of my tears, and before my mother-in-law again joined us which she discreetly avoided doing till dinner time. I had poured out all I had to tell into my husband's ears, and I had learned from that he had left me to try what effect his absence would have on me; for he had felt for some time that my pride was the great barrier he had to overcome to win my love.

He had judged rightly. He was too generous to tell how much he had suffered from my indifference, but I know it must have grieved him terribly. He is a different man now he looks so happy, and I know he would not change places with any on earth.

We went to the rectory the next day, but we could not persuade Mrs. Cartwright to come with us; she said we were best alone, and I think she was right.

There is never any time that seems convenient for the mother of little children to leave home, even for a day; but with a little kindly help from her husband, and a little resolution to herself, she may go and be so much better for it that the benefit will overflow from her into the whole household. She will bring home some new idea and will work with enthusiasm that comes from a fresh start.

Not to be Sneered at.

That pure, sweet, safe and effective American distillation of which hazel, American pine, Canada fir, marigold and clover blossom, called Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh. A few doses instantly relieve the most violent sneezing or head cold, stop all watery discharges from the nose and eyes, cure headache and nervousness, and banish all danger of fever. Complete treatment for one dollar.

People Who Whine.

There is a class of persons in this world by no means small, who prominent peculiarity is whining. They whine because they are poor, or if rich because they have not health to enjoy their riches; they whine because they have no luck, and others' prosperity exceeds theirs; they whine because some friends have died and they are still living; they whine because they have aches and pains, and they have aches and pains because they whine; they whine no one knows why.

Now a word to these whining persons: First, stop whining—it is of no use complaining, fretting, fault finding and whining. Why, you are the most deluded set of creatures who ever lived! Do you know that it is a well settled principle of physiology and common sense that these habits are more exhausting to nervous vitality than almost any other violation of physiological law? And do you know that life is pretty much as you make it? You can make it bright and sunny, or you can make it dark and shadowy. This life is meant only to discipline us—to fit us for a higher and purer state of being. Then stop whining and fretting, and go on your way rejoicing.

John W. Guitreau Indignant.

WASHINGTON, February 2.—To the Public: I did not hear of the Philadelphia refrigerator man's proposition to apply to my brother's body a "patent process for preserving meats" until I saw it in print a day or two ago, and supposed it was a joke or a clever advertising dodge. It was never submitted to me, nor did I know that Mr. Scoville was seriously entertaining such a bargain until to-day, when I heard of his reply, which I have just now seen in print. I shall never have anything to do with such an exhibition, and I do not think it can be accomplished without my consent. When my brother is dead, whether he dies by legal process or in an insane asylum, his body will be submitted to a proper post-mortem examination, in the interest of truth and medical science, which being accomplished it will be disposed of in a manner that will not offend public decency and morality nor stimulate a depraved and vicious curiosity. If I am favored with prosperity I had rather assume the payment of his debts as my own than for any purpose use the proceeds of so repulsive and pernicious an exhibition. Mr. Scoville deserves and has my sympathy and admiration for the sacrifice he has so manfully endured and the heroic devotion he has exhibited in my brother's defense.

John W. Guitreau.

Shortly after five o'clock yesterday morning George Fox, a gymnast, native of Australia, nineteen years of age, and known in the profession as one of the Zorrello Brothers, died from the effect of injuries received the day before while practicing on the aerial ladder in the pavilion at Woodward's Garden. An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Weeks, and the following facts were brought out: The aerial ladder is ten feet long, suspended from the roof of the pavilion, and from a bar at each end is a short trapeze. There was stretched under the ladder, eight or nine feet below, and about twenty feet above the floor, a heavy safety netting, in which was a piece of carpet, to save the performers from bruising themselves if they fell on the ropes of which the netting was made. On Thursday morning, at half-past nine, Fox and George Zorrello were practicing for the performance to-morrow and Sunday. Zorrello hung by his toes on the independent trapeze, preparatory to catching Fox when he came from the ladder. Fox swung himself from round to round of the ladder, then to the short trapeze, and from there turned a somersault toward Zorrello, calculating to be caught by him. In marking the turn he miscalculated his distance, came down too low, and struck Zorrello on the elbow with his fingers, and in such a manner that his brother performer could not catch him. He fell in the netting, the piece of carpet covering him after he struck. As he remained motionless in the netting, Zorrello and an assistant went to him and raised

him up. He was bleeding from the nose, and when he was raised up he said, turning to his companion, "Oh, George; I am dead this time. I'll never do anything in the air again." Fox was removed to a dressing-room, where he was attended by a physician. He died of cerebral hemorrhage at the hour already stated. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.—San Francisco Cal.

A Checkered Career.

The life of Anson Barber, found frozen to death in the cemetery at Lee Tuesday morning, aged ninety years, has been a checkered one. He was born in Canaan, Conn., in June, 1792, at which place some of his ancestors were buried. When war was declared with Great Britain he enlisted in a Connecticut regiment. He fought in the battles of Lundy's Lane, Lake Champlain, and other places. The time of his enlistment is unknown, but as related by himself he did garrison duty at New London, Conn., and in 1814, when the British blockaded and attacked the sea-coast towns, at Stonington, with other militia he resisted the invaders and lost an eye. At the close of the war he went to Becket and was married. He made a good fortune by farming and woodland speculation, but wishing for greater wealth sold out his farm, after living on it for several years, and became a dry-goods peddler, dealing in silks and costly goods. He lost his property and went to Lee forty years ago, where his wife died. He has a son and two daughters who were willing to care for him, but he preferred living in Lee, and twenty years ago became an inmate of the poor-house, giving his pension of \$26 each year to the town. He was a well-read man an excellent singer, and a favorite in the village. When found frozen in the cemetery the snow looked as if he had made a desperate effort to arise after falling down. Judging from the position of the remains and features he did not die without a struggle.—Great Barrington dispatch to Boston Globe.

A Phenomenal Fiddler.

Harry P. Cain, a violinist of some note, has recently come into possession of a rare treasure. It is nothing less than a violin made of wood that grew before the flood. Some 40 years ago workmen engaged in digging a mill-race through the farm owned by Daniel Bulla discovered, at a depth of 6 or 8 feet beneath the surface, the trunk of a tree in a good state of preservation. It was lying across the line of the race and they had to cut out a piece of it several feet long before they could go on with their work. Local geologists say that the wood is many thousand years old.

Recently the wood was taken to A. B. Clark, who was engaged in repairing a Cremona that was captured in the siege of Mexico. Clark was delighted. It was the very thing. He made models of the old Cremona, and in the course of three months had given the finishing touches to the new violin. The belly was of the old antediluvian wood and the back and neck of wavy maple, cut in Pennsylvania fifty years ago and rafted down the Ohio to Cincinnati, and carried on to Dayton for an old cabinet-maker, who was never able to use it. The figure of the old instrument was followed exactly, and when the new one was finished it was an exact *fac simile* of those built by Stradivarius.

When the bow was drawn across it the two compositors went into ecstasies of delight. The glue was barely set and the varnish was still green, but when they played the room was filled with the richest, sweetest melody. There was an absence of the thick, raw quality that makes a new violin. The notes came out sharp and clear, and when the lower strings were set vibrating they gave out rich, mellow music that reminded them of the violins of Amati and Guarnerius.

The most assiduous parental will frequently fail to prevent Coughs, Colds, Croup, etc. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is a most valuable remedy to have convenient when needed. Price 25 cents.

Surg. J. A. Tanner, U. S. Navy, Boston, Mass., says: "Cain's Emulsion is the best combination with which I am acquainted,

What May Be Done With Guitreau's Corpse.

WASHINGTON, February 2.—There is little if any news in the Guitreau case this morning. The motion for a new trial will be argued to-morrow morning, and will undoubtedly be denied by Judge Cox. The district attorney will then move for immediate sentence, and it is generally believed Judge Cox will call the prisoner upon Saturday to receive the sentence of the court. That the assassin will be sentenced to be hanged is a proposition that admits of no discussion, but the date of the execution, and the disposition of the body after death, are elements which depend upon the discretion of the court, and so far as can be ascertained Judge Cox has not yet intimated what his action will be. The impression prevails, however, that the execution will take place not later than June 30, and in view of the recent proposition to make a public spectacle of the murderer's remains, it is thought highly probable that Judge Cox will exercise the discretion given him by the Revised Statutes, and include in the sentence the disposition also of the body. Section 5340 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides that "the court before which any person is convicted of murder may, in its discretion, add to the judgment of death that the body of the offender be delivered to a surgeon for dissection; and the marshal who executes such judgment shall deliver the body after execution to such surgeon as the court may direct; and such surgeon, or some person by him appointed, shall receive and take away the body at the time of execution." As both the sisters and brother of the assassin have expressed a strong desire for a post-mortem examination, and have in terms denounced any speculative disposition of the body, the court may feel more disposed to gratify their wishes in respect by a course which will at the same time make it impossible to shock the public sense of decency and propriety as would be done if the remains were made the subject of a peripatetic side-show.

Important Decision.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 2.—Soon after the arrest of the Italian bandit Esposito, Gayetano Ardito waylaid, shot and killed Tony Labrazzo, who was charged with having betrayed Esposito to the police and hence became the victim of revenge. Ardito was tried and convicted, receiving a sentence for life. On appeal to the Supreme Court the verdict was set aside, and yesterday a new trial was ordered on the ground that under the law all cases should be allotted by hazard between two Judges of Criminal courts. This decision rendered illegal every conviction in the New Orleans Criminal Court since the adoption of the constitution of 1879, although some of the convicts have suffered death. Chief Justice Bermeiz rendered the decision several weeks ago. The same jurists decided that Dr. J. C. Beard was not a coroner of the Parish of Orleans, because he had not filled his oath of office within a given time after his election, and therefore had forfeited the office.

In the trial yesterday of the son of Addison Commack, who shot young Borno for calling him a negro, the defense, under the Supreme Court ruling decided, that none of the criminal judges, clerks of the court, jury, commissioners or sheriff were legally in office, they all having committed the same "laches" for which Dr. Beard was deprived of his office. Much consternation has been caused by the application of the facts to the law. The criminal Judge took the case under advisement, and a consultation has been had with the Executive and Chief Justice with a view to extricating those concerning from the grave dilemma.

A Troy lawyer asked a woman on the witness stand her age, and she promptly replied: "I sold milk for you to drink when a baby, and I haven't got my pay yet."

A clergyman who has been lecturing on "The Four Johns of History" and doesn't mention either John Smith or Demi John. And he calls that history.

Perhaps there is no sadder sight than to see a maiden lady of forty or thereabouts, sneak off by herself for the purpose of rocking an empty cradle.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 15th, 1882.

By accident I have seen a copy of the last issue of the Conservative Democrat, and have read the contemptible piece of malignity by which it endeavors to injure me, while affecting to criticize the conduct of the Board of the Virginia, Agricultural & Mechanical College.

I had hoped to be with you all again before this, but have been detained by various matters of importance.

The Legislature, notwithstanding the conduct of obstructionists, has accomplished a good deal of important legislation during the past week.

Our delegate, Mr. HONAKER, has introduced a bill for the relief of the estate of Geo. W. HENDERLITE and his securities.

It has been determined by the caucus of the Readjuster party, to go into the nomination, on next Friday night, of Judges of the Court of Appeals.

The few supporters of Mr. MASSEY in the General Assembly still continue their evil work. Last night the four recalcitrant Senators again bolted the caucus and were followed by a few of the Members of the House.

Judge D. C. Miller arrived here on Monday evening, and will spend several days in the city. He tells me that the Readjusters of Smyth universally condemn the conduct of Mr. MASSEY.

I am necessarily brief in this communication. Will be at home in a few days.

EFFECT OF CONRAD'S ELECTION.

The following is an extract from a private letter received by a gentleman in Pulaski from a lawyer in Marion:

"Dr. John L. Buchanan, our Blacksburg ex-President, called at my office a few days ago. His removal from the Presidency which he was so successfully filling causes much dissatisfaction among the better class of Readjusters here.

At Georgetown, Col., on Monday night two Italians named Peter Chiarero and Domingo Massey were severely injured by an explosion of gun powder in a cook stove, placed there maliciously by another Italian.

readjust the State debt we didn't know our party was going to engage in things of this sort."

"Not less than a dozen young men in this county were fixing to attend Blacksburg, but they will not go now."

We see this copied first in the Pulaski People and then in several Funder sheets in the State. We do not know who the Lawyer is but this we will say—we bet it is Funder authority. We bet the "dozen young men" were all Funders—well they had better stay at home and let some of our Readjuster boys have a chance.

FEMALE NORMAL COLLEGE.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature looking to the establishment of a Normal College for young ladies. We cannot too highly commend this measure. We have numerous Female Colleges in different parts of our State but these do not answer the purpose.

TENNESSEE DEBT.

We see reported in the telegraphic columns of the papers that the Supreme Court has declared the Funding act of 1881, unconstitutional.

Virginia and Maryland.

In the Maryland House of Delegates Thursday Mr. Stanley moved to reconsider the vote taken Wednesday, nonconcurring in the message from the Senate in reference to the increase of the Senate committee to visit the Virginia Legislature.

In the Senate a message from the House of Representatives was received concerning in the message from the Senate, to add Senator Cooper to the committee to visit the Capitol of Virginia and concur with the committee of the Virginia Legislature in reference to legislation in regard to citizens in catching oysters in Potomac river and Pocomoke Sound.

A warrant has been granted by the Mansion House Justices' Court, London, against the Marquis of Hanly, for obtaining £2,418 from Benjamin Nicholson under false pretences.

Three pan slavist agitators from Russia were arrested at Jaroslaw, Austrian-Galicia, on Wednesday, and conveyed to Lemberg. The Ruthenian Cathedral has been searched by the police.

The British and French controllers general have protested to Maymoud Baroudi, the Prime Minister of Egypt, against the terms in which the ministerial program mentions the European control.

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TRAGEDY IN A NEWSPAPER OFFICE.

Attack on an Editor and the Deplorable Result.—A. M. Stoleto, Jr., Mortally Wounded.—Clarence M. Barton Painfully Wounded.—Cause of the Affair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9. The Republican of this morning contained an article commenting on A. M. Stoleto a well known journalist, in a manner considered offensive by him. Several years ago Mr. Stoleto was the managing editor of the Republican, but of late has been correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle and clerk of the Senate committee on railroads.

The younger Stoleto is not able to give an intelligent account of the occurrence, though he says neither he nor his brother had pistols, and that Barton had two. Attachments of the Republican office say Barton's pistol was found with all the charges in it.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

An associated Press dispatch from Washington gives the following account of the affair: Between nine and ten o'clock to-night, while Mr. Clarence M. Barton, news editor, and Mr. Frank Conger, business manager of the Republican, were alone in the editorial room, Stoleto and his younger brother Charles entered and took seats by Mr. Barton.

A New England Lady's Plea for Virginia Girls.

I have read with interest your editorial in the Whip of to-day (February 8th) as well as the articles that have preceded it on the subject of the establishment of a Normal College for females in the State of Virginia.

During a residence of many months in the Old Dominion I have found much to admire in its public institutions. The generosity with which your State has endowed her colleges for males is wonderful, but truth compels me to say that it is quite as astonishing, nay, even more so, that so little has been done in the way of higher education for females.

The object of the Normal College seems not to be understood by many people. It is simply this: Thoroughly to prepare young women for the successful performance of the duties of teachers in the public schools of the State.

While your State can boast of many fine private schools and academies at which the highest education is obtainable, remember you have thousands of females whose circumstances are such as to preclude them from availing themselves of such opportunities as these afford.

As an additional argument in favor of this project, allow me to say that all intelligent ladies whom I have heard express an opinion on the subject favor it most heartily, and if you also desire popularity, they will not only not obstruct, but will in every way urge the passage of this important measure.

With earnest wishes for its success.—Bay State, cor. Whip.

Destitution in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 10.—The Times-Democrat publishes the proceedings of a meeting held at Columbia, Caldwell parish, and an appeal for assistance for the people of Orleans, Richland, Franklin, Caldwell, Hinn, Grant, and portions of Jackson and Concordia parishes.

Resolved, That common humanity dictates that aid should be afforded to prevent the probable starvation of a large part of the population of North Louisiana, and we deem that the destitution of a large portion of the important classes of our fellow citizens challenges the attention and should command the aid of the government to avert the imminent calamity.

The resolutions further state that a large section of the country is suffering from an overflow, and that stock and people are on the point of starvation.

The Times-Democrat says editorially that this condition of affairs was predicted in its columns some months ago, when it was found that the people of that section were selling off their stock and cattle at a sacrifice, but thinks the situation exaggerated, and suggests that the people of Louisiana should be called on before appealing to others for assistance.

M. Joseph Decoise, the distinguished botanist is dead.

M. Peyrat has been elected a vice-president of the French Senate.

Louis Achord, East India merchant of Mincing Lane, has failed. His liabilities are \$200,000.

Twenty-seven lives were lost on the steamer Cosmo, which foundered off Killia. The Cosmo was bound for London.

Russia will not recall this year any vessels from the Pacific, but will dispatch thither two frigates now in the Mediterranean.

THE JEANNETT'S CRUISE.

Lieut. Danenhov Narrates for the "Herald" What Was Seen by the Crew.

The following is furnished by the New York Herald: PARIS, February 8.—The following dispatch from Lieut. Danenhov, dated Irkutsk, February 4, has been received here.

De Long's party is between station Buleur (Bolinsk) and Sisteronck (Ustolonsk), in a narrow wilderness, eighty miles long, devoid of habitations and game. Jerome J. Collins volunteered to stand by the dying seaman, Hans Erickson, and let the others of DeLong's party push south.

We visited Nordenskjojd's winter quarters, and found that he was safe before we entered the ice near Herald Island. The general health of the crew during the twenty-one months' drift was excellent.

The result of the drift for the first five months was forty miles. There was a cycloidal movement of the ice. The drift during the last six months was very rapid. The soundings were even. They were eighteen fathoms near Wrangell Land, which was often visible seventy-five miles distant.

The first winter the mean temperature was 38 below zero. The second winter it was 39 below zero. The first summer the mean temperature was 40 degrees above zero.

The telephones wires were broken by the ice. The photographic collection was lost with the ship. The 2,000 amora observations of Lieut. Chipp were also lost.

Lieut. Chipp's boat did better than ours (Melville's) during the afternoon of September 12 the three boats having got clear of the ice off Semizovsky island at noon of that day.

Jack Cole's mind is not wholly alienated. He has not been violent for twelve days, but is happy and harmless. Getting home may restore him to health.

Large Fire in Lynchburg.

LYNCHBURG, VA., February 11.—A fire occurred on Main street this morning, between Eighth and Ninth, destroying the following property: The Carroll and Anderson buildings, totally destroyed, fully insured; J. M. Bobbitt's stock of merchandise in the Carroll building, totally destroyed, fully insured in the Lion, Scottish, Union, Connecticut Star, London, Lancashire and other companies; S. D. Hillman & Co.'s clothing in the Anderson building slightly damaged, fully insured in the Western, Virginia State, Hamburg and Bremen, and other companies; O. Accorsine, confections, loss \$600, insured for \$500 in the Lion; H. H. Watts & Co., drugs, in an adjoining building damaged by water \$2,000, fully insured; J. W. Edward, photographs, heavily damaged by water no insurance. The fire originated in Bobbitt's store; cause unknown. Trott fell through a trap-door and injured his ankle and hip. He was rescued by the firemen.

The London News denies that the Queen's proposed visit to Mentone is necessitated by failing health.

Executive Mansion.

Several of our Democratic cotemporaries are worrying themselves over the appropriation by the Legislature of \$20,000 for the repair and renovation and refurnishing the Governor's house in Richmond. This is more fault-finding. The facts of the case will show that the expenditure was entirely proper.

An exposure of the manner in which the furniture and apartments of the Governor's Mansion had been abused by the predecessors of Governor Cameron would reflect much more discredit upon them than the expenditure of the necessary funds to make the building inhabitable would justify complaint.

It is not desirable that a discussion of the reasons of the \$20,000 as may be found necessary for the proper repair of the Executive Mansion be made through the newspapers. The members of the Legislature, without regard to party, understood them, and voted for the bill making the appropriation.

The Virginia Whipping-Post.

RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 9.—In the Corporation Court of Lynchburg to-day, Judge Garland sentenced Lewis Powell, a white man, to receive 156 lashes on his bare back, on two counts for horse-breaking and robbery. This punishment was ordered to be inflicted in instalments of 78 lashes each.

Mr. Stillman, correspondent of the London Times, has been murdered by a party of Aruants near Ipek, in Albania. The Pall Mall Gazette says Mr. Stillman was formerly American Consul in Crete.

Advices have been received that the natives have burned the town of Fouarrical, on the west coast of Africa, and plundered the British and factories. Several of our owners and clerks are missing, and is feared that they have been killed.

M. Gobelet, French Minister of the Interior, replying to a deputation of licensed stockbrokers who waited on him yesterday to urge the expediency of introducing in the Chamber of Deputies a bill for the prohibition of time bargains, said the government is disposed to lend its aid in support of any measure not interfering with private enterprise, which would prevent it from straying into courses full of peril and contrary to the republican spirit.

An Acknowledged Witch.

CINCINNATI, February, 10.—A dispatch from Little Rock, Arkansas, says: "In one of the precincts of Pulaski county, this State, there is a negro justice of the peace. Yesterday Martha Hodges, a good-looking young negro girl, was brought before this colored magistrate, charged with witchcraft, which had been preferred by Jackson Holmes, a young colored man. The justice entertained the case and proceeded to try it.

Jackson Holmes testified that she had bewitched him in various ways, depriving him of sleep, visiting him in dreams and haunting his mind when awake. He had loved Martha until he observed blue flames of fire dart from her nostrils. Then, becoming convinced she was a witch, he abandoned all thought of marrying her and told her so. She swore vengeance, and on that night he was awakened by a choking sensation, and was then impelled by some irresistible, invincible power to the door, where he found on lying on the step a rabbit foot. This he picked up, when a mocking laugh burst out. On repetitions of like experiences, he found bird claws and horse hoofs, and that sort of thing had utterly wrecked him.

Martha testified that Jackson had professed love and won her heart. He engaged to marry her and then testified with her. After that she went to her grand-mother's who endowed her with mysterious powers of witchcraft, of which she had till then remained in ignorance. For the purpose of reclaiming her lover, she had at times laid spells upon him. The justice decided that the only way to satisfy justice in this case was for the plaintiff and defendant to marry, and after issuing orders of the court to that effect he married them and sent them away man and wife.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—A conference of some forty or fifty extreme Democrats of the House was held this evening. The subject of a tariff commission and the question of receiving the national bank charters were discussed, and resolutions against a commission outside of Congress and in opposition to a renewal of bank charters was adopted.

The Baskner bill to substitute legal tenders for the notes of retiring banks was endorsed. There being but forty or fifty members present, a committee of five on each subject was appointed to report to a full caucus to be called hereafter. The matter of refunding bills was not discussed.

Stilson Hutchins of the Post, gave a banquet at Willard's to-night, to representatives of the press here. More than a hundred correspondents were present.

There are rumors of a misunderstanding between J. Bancroft Davis Assistant Secretary of State, and Chief Clerk Brown, of the State Department. As the story goes, Brown volunteered some advice to Davis which was not kindly received by the latter, who intimated that he knew his own business. Brown intimated that his long familiarity with the business of the Department led him to suppose that he might suggest to the Assistant Secretary. It is further stated that as a result of the trouble between these gentlemen Brown will likely retire from the Department, where he has been for nearly a quarter of a century.

Clements of Saratoga, brother-in-law of R. M. Stoleto, arrived here to-day, and has asked Charles H. Reed to defend Charles Stoleto when he is tried. Clements did not arrive at hospital, which is a long distance from the hotel, until after the death of his brother-in-law. He was much affected on reaching the hospital and learning the fact of his death.

Those persons who denounce vaccination in the human subject may have their doubts removed by studying the paper on the "Protective Effect on Vaccination," read by Dr. Henry Tomkins the other day at Owen's College, Manchester. He showed that the most striking evidence of the efficacy of vaccination came from the small pox hospitals themselves. During forty years' experience at Highgate, no nurse or servant who had been revaccinated was ever attacked. The students who attended the hospital for clinical instruction were favored with a like immunity from the disease. This last circumstance gave Dr. Tomkins the opportunity of combating an argument often put forward by the opponents of vaccination—namely, that nurses and others attached to small pox hospitals become insured to the disease from constant exposure to infection; therefore they are safe. The students referred to only attended the hospital for a few hours once a week, and yet not one of them was attacked. The doctor, in conclusion defied anti-vaccinators to produce any half-dozen unprotected persons, who could go through the same ordeal unharmed. Might not some of the anti-vaccinators themselves be induced to undergo the experiment? —Chambers' Journal.

Advices from Fort Custer state that orders have been received from General Terry by Colonel Hatch, of the Second Cavalry, commanding at Fort Custer, directing him to immediately remove from Crow reservation all persons cutting ties for the Northern Pacific road. The Crows have rich mineral lands, and it is believed this is but the beginning of a raid to get possession of them by whites.

It seems to satisfy a family want, and I wonder how we ever got along without Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cured me of nervous prostration, and I have used it since for all sorts of complaints in my family. —Mrs. J. J. Albany.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT

Next Monday will be court-day. Tuesday was St. Valentine's day. Very little sickness is reported by our physicians.

Several weddings will come off in town in a short time. The Depot has been opened at 7 Mile Ford for business.

Mumps are still prevailing in the neighborhood of 7 Mile Ford. At Mr. Bonham's Hotel, (Jail) there are several female boarders.

There has been 10 conversions since the revival began in the M. E. church. There is a minister in our town who keeps the skeleton in the garret instead of the closet.

Mr. Eugene B. Jones has opened a stock of goods in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Maury. The Milwaukee (Wis.) Evening Wisconsin says: "In all of our experience we have never heard so many favorable reports from all classes as we have concerning St. Jacobs Oil."

Mrs. Gilmer (nee Kelly) is at her father's Judge Kelly's. Press Francis, Jno. Hull and the Hon. W. D. Wilmore are getting over the Texas fever.

We received a call from Col. Helm, editor of the Morristown (Tenn.) Gazette on last Wednesday. Miss Bettie Harrison and the Miss Prestons have been visiting friends in Marion during the past week.

S. F. Ewald of Wytheville will be at the Exchange Hotel on court-day with a full line of Boots and Shoes. Rev. Dr. David Sullins and wife arrived in town on last Wednesday. The Dr. will assist Rev. French in the protracted meeting in the Methodist church.

Maj. and Dr. Pendleton, returned from Tazewell Tuesday evening. They report that Miss Katie daughter of the Maj. is in fine health. She had the mumps instead of the fever. They tell us Prof. Evans' school was never in a more flourishing condition.

The Babylod (L.L.) South Side Signal quotes from a Missouri paper: Mr. Wm. F. Quinlan, Crystal City, Mo., suffered occasionally from rheumatic pains in his knees, for which he successfully tried St. Jacobs Oil.

Our town is now out of debt. The Reservoir Hill has been paid for, and all the taxes received can be spent on improving our streets, which, in many places are in a bad way. We hope the council at its next meeting will order the street committee to have stepping-stones placed at the principal crossings in town. In some places the mud is so deep it is almost impossible for men to cross.

Dr. Jubilee Smith, of Richland, Ga., says Camm's Emulsion, in my hands, did well and I recommend it. A Quiet Wedding.

Mr. Geo. W. Wilmore, and Miss Virginia N. Henritze were united in the bonds of matrimony on last Thursday evening by the Rev. Mr. French. Even the local, who is a fellow workman of Mr. W. did not know any thing about the affair until it was all over, and the citizens of Marion were taken as much by surprise. We wish them much happiness.

The Lee County "Sentinel." This paper has again changed hands, Mr. Fred E. Stickleby now becomes its editor and publisher. It will be run in support of the cause of Readjustment in State politics and Democratic in National. We wish the paper much success under its present owner. Mr. Stickleby enters the editorial "Sanctum" for the first time, and we trust he may meet with few obstacles in the profession he has chosen.

Camm's Emulsion will positively arrest Consumption, if used in time. For sale by druggists everywhere. Religious Service Sunday.

Services were held in the M. E. Church last Sunday morning and night. In the morning Rev. Dr. Sullins preached a most powerful sermon. At night, Rev. Mr. Frieron, of the Presbyterian church preached. The revival is still in progress, and much interest is manifested.

More Houses Wanted. Several times have we called attention to the scarcity of houses in our town. The men of means own nearly all the vacant lots, and we think if some of them would build on the same, they would not only get their money back, but help to build up the town. Men who will not invest one dollar without seeing two coming in, are of very little use to a town, and their room is better than their company. Lumber is cheap and we have good mechanics who would like to have work, so the cost would be small and the profit large. Let those who have lots build on them as soon as the spring opens and we guarantee they will find it a paying investment.

Dr. L. R. Bratton, Yorkville, S. C. says: Decided and satisfactory results must follow the use of Camm's Emulsion.

Too Late for Publication.

We have received a communication from Saltville giving an account of the Teacher's Institute. We are sorry it reached us too late for publication.

A Cold—A Cough—Consumption—Death.

This is the road, and how many have followed it. Grave-yards are filled with those who have passed that way, many innocently, but some with the full knowledge that by using Symphyx they could avoid the terrible end. Let their fate be a warning, and before it is too late try this universal remedy, Symphyx.

Closing of Public School

The public Schools of the town closed this week. They are now closing all over the county where they only run for five months. We think when the Readjusters get full control of them there will be an 8 or 10 month's session instead of 3 months.

PURCHASING AGENCY

Anybody in need of Clothing, Books, Pianos and Organs, Sewing Machines, Parlor and Chamber Furniture, Jewellery, etc., will do well call on C. H. MAURY before buying elsewhere. A nice line of samples on hand. Office in Mayor's Office, Continental Hotel. Orders by mail solicited. feb. 16, 1882

Andrew Carson, aged 62, who has been in the country thirty years, and who was a hopeless invalid, and has been in the Hospital for Neurables on Blackwell's Island, N. Y., committed suicide by cutting his throat on Monday.

An educated Boston lady, Miss A. C. Fletcher, 25 years of age, of rather prepossessing personal appearance, stout and well built, has been living among the Omaha Indians for seven months with the hope of learning something of their inner life and traditions.

My wife said I was a fool when I brought home a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. But when it broke up my cough, drove away her neuralgia and cured baby's dysentery, she thought I had made an excellent investment.

STATEMENT Under Oath

I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease called by some M. D.'s Psoriasis, and others Leprosy, commencing on my scalp, and in spite of all I could do, with the help of the best of the doctors, it slowly but surely extended all over my body, and covered my entire person in dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any work, and suffered intensely all the time. Every morning there would be nearly a disrupstion of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of these half as large as the exvelove coat in this letter. In the latter part of the winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost that could be thought of without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr. treated me about two weeks but did me no good. I thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracks through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs, feet badly swollen, toe nails came off, finger nails dead and hard as bone, hair fell dry and lifeless as straw. Oh, my God! how I did suffer!

"My sister, Mrs. E. H. Davis, had a small part of a box of Cuticura in the house. She wouldn't give up; said 'we will try Cuticura.' Some was applied on one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier), Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures). I commenced by taking one tablespoonful of Resolvent three times a day, after meals, had a bath once a day, water about blood heat; used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura morning and evening. Result, returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper.

H. M. E. CARPENTER. Henderson, Jefferson Co., N. Y. Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1881. A. M. LEFFINGWELL. Justice of the Peace

OUTIGOURA

Remedies for sale by all druggists. Price of CUTIGOURA, a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes, 50c, large boxes, \$1. CUTIGOURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, \$1 per bottle. CUTIGOURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP, 25c. CUTIGOURA SHAVING SOAP, 5c. in bars for barbers and large consumers, 50c. Price paid for adulterated goods.

WEEKS & POTTER, BOSTON, MASS.

CATARRH

A single dose instantly relieves the most violent Sneezing or Head Colds, clears the head as if by magic, stops watery discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents ringing noises in the head, cures Nervous Headache and Subdural Chills and Fever. In Chronic Catarrh it clears the nasal passages of foul mucus, restores the senses of smell, taste and hearing when affected, frees the head, throat and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, sweetens and purifies the breath, stops the cough and arrests the progress of catarrh towards consumption.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Dr. Sanford's Inhaler, in one package, of all druggists, for \$1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

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WEEKS & POTTER, BOSTON.

COLLINS' PLASTERS

100 times more effective than any other plaster or electric battery for pains and weakness of the lungs, liver, kidneys, and Urinary organs. Partial Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Female Weakness, Nervous Pains and Headaches, Malaria, and Fever and ague. Price 25c. Sold everywhere.

\$1000 a year to agents and expenses. \$6 000 outfit free. Address F. SWAIN & Augustus, Me.

Happenings in the Two Months of the Central Assembly Yesterday.

ROCKMONT, VA., Feb. 14.—A leave of absence for five days was yesterday granted to Mr. Fitzpatrick, of the House. Mr. Nichols, of Prince William, who was granted a leave of absence last week, was in his seat yesterday.

Among the visitors on the floor of the House yesterday were Mr. Henry K. Holt, of Texas, and Robert J. Holt, Esq., of Kentucky.

The House met at 11 o'clock, as usual yesterday, but it was half an hour afterwards before a quorum was called. The speaker of the Senate yesterday Mr. Walker, of Chesterfield, offered the following:

Whereas an awful disaster had befallen the miners of Chesterfield, whereby a large number of families have incurred the greatest bereavement known to humanity, therefore,

Resolved (the House of Delegates concurring), That a committee of five be appointed, consisting of two members of the Senate and three of the House of Delegates, to consider the circumstances of this and other disasters, and to report their findings in a bill which shall guard our miners against future perils.

The Riddleberger Debt bill was taken up by the Governor yesterday to be signed. The Senate Committee for Roads and Internal Navigation has reported favorably the Senate bill proposing to amend the charter of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Company. It has been made the special order for to-day.

There were comparatively few visitors at the Capitol yesterday, and the proceeding, of both branches of the Legislature were dry and uninteresting.

The Senate yesterday passed the bill introduced by Senator Jones, of Mecklenburg county, to repeal so much of section 12 and 13 of chapter 3 of the criminal code prescribing punishment by stripes. It provides "that so much of sections 12 and 13 of chapter 3 of the criminal code, prescribing punishment by stripes, approved March 14, 1879 is hereby repealed, and that no offender shall be punished as other misdemeanors, at the discretion of the jury. This act is not to deprive the jury of inflicting any other punishment mentioned in section 12."

When the motion was made in the House yesterday to place the resolution allowing county Boards of Supervisors of Chesterfield county to appropriate \$1,000 for the relief of the Middleburg suffering from the cholera came up. Mr. Terrill, the venerable member from Orange, offered a substitute that each member of the House give one day's salary for this purpose. The substitute was declared out of order, and the resolution was referred to the Committee for Courts of Justice.

The bill introduced by Mr. Farr in the House yesterday, entitled a bill to amend and re-enact section 56 of chapter 78 of the Code of 1873, in relation to public schools, provides:

1. That section 56 of chapter 78 of the Code of 1873 be amended and re-enacted so as to read as follows: Section 56. No school district shall receive any part of the State school fund, unless it has made provision for school-houses, furniture, apparatus, text-books for indigent children, and all other means and appliances needful for the successful operation of the schools, and shall have provided against any unnecessary misappropriation in favor of or against white or colored pupils in respect to number of scholars, school-houses, and all other needful means and appliances.

2. This act shall be in force on and after August 1, 1882.

When the bill making sequestration a felony was reached on the House calendar yesterday, Mr. Dickinson, of Russell, said as the committee to whom the bill was referred had recommended that it do not pass, he would move to dismiss the bill.

Messrs. Stuart, of Alexandria, and Lyons, of Richmond, thought that the offence should be made a felony.

Mr. Frazier was surprised that any member on the floor of the House should object to the bill. He did not think any punishment so great as that having attached to the bill.

Mr. Terrill said that having attended the sessions of the Medical College of Philadelphia in 1818-19, he had some knowledge of the subject, and said that there was no trouble in getting dead bodies for the dissecting table; they could be gotten without sealing them.

Finally, after the matter had been discussed at considerable length, Mr. Duff Green, of Stafford, arose and offered the following amendment to the bill:

"Provided that the body of W. J. Dickenson be exempted from the operations of this bill and that the body of James Lyons, Jr., be the same is hereby, specially appropriated in the interest of science."

Subsequently Mr. Ross Hamilton moved that the name of A. W. Harris be added to the amendment offered by Mr. Green. [Renewed laughter.]

Mr. Dickenson (good-humored) moved to dismiss the amendment, as it was not germane to the question under consideration. The speaker decided that the amendment was out of order.

The bill as introduced was ordered to be engrossed.—Whig.

The Power of the Courts.

We have never denied that the courts have the power to decide the constitutionality of a law in a proper case for its jurisdiction. But we denied that the general duty of construing the Constitution is conferred by that instrument upon the courts exclusively. A clear understanding of that distinction will bring the argument within narrow bounds.

The article and section of the Constitution cited by the Dispatch confers no such general power, but only regulates the exercise of a power already existing of construing the Constitution in a proper case—a power the origin of which we have already referred to in the opinion of Chief Justice Marshall in Marbury vs. Madison. And Chief Justice Chase, as quoted by the Dispatch of yesterday, says the acts of both the executive and legislative departments, when performed, are in proper cases subject to the cognizance of the courts. The Dispatch very adroitly assumes that proper cases means when constitutional questions are involved.

The Supreme Court of the United States takes a different view; for it decided that it had no jurisdiction over the question of the validity of the Reconstruction Acts of Congress, although a constitutional question, and no other, was involved. It decided in effect that political questions, being exclusively to the legislative and executive departments of the Government, and over them the courts have no jurisdiction, whether the Constitution be involved or not.

In ex parte Meredith, 33 G., 120, Judge Staples says: "The petitioners are merely nominal parties; the real question, which is of an amicable nature," who is the lawful judge of the county of Prince William. To sustain the jurisdiction of the Court of Appeals in a case of the kind numerous cases from the Western and Southwestern States were cited by

the learned judge, but they are not in point to the present controversy, as they are cases upon which the Legislature had not passed and claimed no right to do so, the offices in question having been filled by elections by the people. And the Constitutions of those States, for aught we know to the contrary like that of Maine and unlike that of Virginia, may have conferred this general power of construing the Constitution on their courts of last resort.

In the same opinion Judge Staples also says (Id. 120), that the joint resolution of December 18, 1872, has no weight as a contemporaneous exposition of the Constitution. He can find a contemporaneous exposition of this portion of the Constitution on page 303 of the journal of the convention, where, on the motion of Mr. Hine, it was decided to strike out the provision that judges to fill vacancies should be for the full term. This is an authoritative and final exposition to which Judge Staples, by his own argument, is bound to yield. And the Dispatch virtually admits the decision in that case to be wrong, but declines to discuss the question. If the judges of the Court of Appeals were to decide that they held office for life, would the Dispatch decline to discuss the right or wrong of that decision? This, it is true, is an absurd supposition, but it is an absurdity to which the position of the Funders on this question directly leads. The line where lawful authority ends and usurpation begins is often an indistinct one, and the cases now under discussion are instances of it; but the absurd conclusions to which the position of the Funders in these cases inevitably leads make it very clear that the courts have herein transgressed the limits of their powers.

The Dispatch says: "Wonders never cease." We are confident of this, when, as the exponent of the Democratic party, it quotes Alexander Hamilton, the author of the Federalist, against Thomas Jefferson, the father of Democracy. And Mr. Jefferson, as we have before mentioned, after showing the fallacy of the position of the Federalist, uses this strong language—such views as are put forth by the Federalist (and we may add by the Dispatch and the Funder lawyers of the Legislature) would place us under the despotism of an OLIGARCHY.—Whig Correspondent.

The Virginia People, of Pulaski county, published in its issue of January 26th a scurrilous attack upon Professor Conrad. Mr. Heerman, its late editor, at once wrote a letter to the editors, showing the injustice of such an attack. He was refused admission into its columns.

This is but a demonstration of the wisdom of the Legislature in reorganizing every institution in the State. It demonstrates that the friends of education—the real friends—are not to be found in the ranks of Bourbonism. Mr. Heerman's position as former editor of the People, as canvasser and public speaker in behalf of the so-called Democratic party, at least entitled him to be heard, even if he differed from the present editors of that paper. But even he who has labored so long for the old party must keep silence lest the people should know the truth and fail to fall to the ground and worship and cry: "Great is the Democracy of Bourbonism!"

If the editors of the People honestly desire the success of public education, why do they attack a college and its president, and then refuse one word in defense? Ah, Mr. Wysox has lost his position as County School Superintendent of Pulaski county—a position he has held for years—and he, no doubt, feels nettled that the revenues that have supported him and his so long have been cut off. He imagined that salvation (education) was of the Bourbons. But he will now learn that the sceptre has departed from Judah, and that the gospel of education will be preached to the Gentiles—those who need it.—Blacksburg News.

Cuteann's Life in Jail.

Guiteann, according to Warden Crocker, has become as docile as a lamb, doesn't insist upon having his own way as he did during the trial, and does what he is ordered to without a murmur. He has lost much of his accustomed bravado, and does not become so excited when in conversation. Crocker states that he does not believe that any man under the sentence of death ever more fully appreciated the awful sentence than Guiteann. He has become very much depressed in spirits, and shows it. He behaves with perfect decorum and there is not a sign of insanity in his conversation.

He is denied the privilege of seeing visitors now altogether, and this seems to worry him. Yesterday, however, his brother called at the jail to arrange about the prisoner's clothing, but it being late he did not go to the cell. The latter will have an interview with his brother this morning previous to his departure to-night for Chicago.

Crocker says that the conduct of the prisoner is, and has been since the verdict of the jury, entirely different when only the jail officers, his brother or Scoville have been with him, and when newspaper reporters have been present. At no time except in the presence of reporters has he assumed the air of confidence and bravado that he did before the verdict was rendered. When conversing with his brother alone, the warden, or any of the attaches of the jail the prisoner talks quietly and earnestly.

He yet clings to the hope that something may be done in the court of banc, but Gen. Crocker thinks he is fast losing this hope.—Washington Post, 11th.

Surj. J. A. Tanner, U. S. Navy, Boston, Mass., says: Camm's Emulsion is the best combination with which I am acquainted.

St. Jacobs Oil. THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

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A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF SMYTH COUNTY. Cyrus Young, et al. vs. Plaintiff. W. Y. Perkins, adm'r for &c. et al. vs. Defendant.

Extract from decree entered in this cause 21st September 1881. Whereupon it was adjudged, ordered and decreed that H. C. Jones, one of the Commissioners of the Court proceed to take and state an account and settlement of the administration of the personal estate of Wm. Carson, dec'd, that came into the hands of the adm'r, or of any person or persons by his order or for his use, and ascertain the distributive share to which each heir is entitled and report any other matter deemed pertinent by himself or that may be brought before him by any of the parties interested.

Commissioner's Office. Marion, Va., January 30, 1881. To Cyrus Young and Jane Young his wife, John Gosnell and Mary Gosnell his wife, Andrew Carson, A. L. Phipps and Mary Epps his wife, Mattie Carson, Nannie Carson, Victoria Carson, Bird Carson, and Robert Carson, plaintiffs.

And W. Y. Perkins, administrator of Wm. Carson, dec'd, G. W. Sprinkle and Jno. M. Carson, defendants.

You are hereby notified that I have fixed upon the 8th day of March next, at my office to take and settle the account required to be taken by the said decree, at which time and place you are required to attend. Given under my hand as Commissioner in Chancery of the said Court the day and year first aforesaid. H. C. JONES, Feb. 2—1w Commissioner.

COLONNADE HOTEL, ARLINGTON, VA. CHAS. HARRIS, PROP. ROOMS BY THE DAY OR WEEK.

Having leased the above-named Hotel, I respectfully invite my friends and the traveling public, to give me a call, and I promise to do all I can to make their stay comfortable and pleasant. may 11-1f CHAS. HARRIS.

DANDRIFUGE. Eradicates Dandruff, prevents its return, arrests falling out of hair, stimulates new growth, and prevents it from turning gray. The best hair dressing in the world. Ask the Druggist for it.

Dr. J. A. DICKEY, Prop'r, Bristol, Tenn. PAINLESS EYE WATER. Relieves inflamed or weak eyes at once. Cures in a few hours. For granulated lids nothing better. Ask for it and have no other. Dr. J. A. DICKEY, Prop'r, Bristol, Tenn.

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Soleets consignments of Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Flour, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, to the sale of which they promise prompt and faithful attention. They fully appreciate the importance of prompt returns. Dec. 1, '81, 6m

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Returns thanks to his many friends for their patronage, and solicits a continuance of same. All work made in his establishment guaranteed, both in workmanship and style, to give satisfaction. Careful attention given to cutting work for ladies to make. Prices fair. Give him a call. Shop-one door east of Mary's.

J. A. MILLER & CO., Wholesale and Retail BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS and dealers in PIANOS, ORGANS AND SHEET MUSIC.

Wall Paper, Window Shades, Etc., Etc. We make a specialty in Pianos and Organs. In Pianos, we will sell the Kranich & Bach, Hardman, Hale and others. A full line of 73 octave Pianos from \$200 to \$500.

In Organs we sell the superb Estey, Woods, Pichouet and Waters, at \$50, \$75, \$80, \$100, \$125 and up.

Both pianos and organs at the lowest cash prices or on the installment plan. Persons wishing to buy will consult their interest by calling on or addressing us. We are sole agents for the celebrated Rock Crystal Spectacles and Eye Glasses—Fitted by correspondence. J. J. AMBLER & CO., 148 Main Street LYNNBURG, VA. splits

DR. J. E. BENTLEY, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Has permanently located here and offers his professional services to the afflicted. All calls in town and country promptly attended to. Office: Marion House. Jly25y

A. G. PENDLETON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Will practice in the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Grayson, Tazewell and Washington counties. MARION, VIRGINIA.

ROBERT A. RICHARDSON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Practices in the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Grayson and Tazewell, and the Supreme Court of Appeals, at Wytheville. my1 176

FRANK T. BARR, ATTORNEY. And Counsellor at Law, ABINGDON, VA. Will practice in the Courts of Smyth Co. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him. sep30ft

R. E. LINDAHOOD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, WYTHEVILLE, VA. Will attend the courts of Smyth County regularly, and give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. He practices in the courts of Wythe and the adjoining counties. ap22ts

JAMES H. GILMORE, GEORGE E. PENN. GILMORE & PENN. ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, MARION, SMYTH CO., VA. Will practice in the courts of the counties of Smyth, Wythe, Washington and Grayson, in the Federal Courts, at Abingdon, and the Court of Appeals at Wytheville. feb 10 y

M. MILLER & PHIPPS, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, MARION, VIRGINIA. Will practice in the Circuit Court of Smyth; in the circuit and county courts of Washington, Wythe, Grayson and Pulaski. Also in the Federal Court and Court of Appeals. PARK PHIPPS will also practice in the county court of Smyth. Office on Reservoir street south of Sprinkle corner. june23ts

W. L. YOST, D. S. PIERCE, Late of Seddon, Va. Late of Terry & Pierce. YOST & PIERCE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA. Practice in the Court of Appeals of Va., at Wytheville, the U. S. District Court, at Abingdon and all the County and Circuit courts of Smyth, Abland and Pulaski.

Claims collected in the counties of Roanoke, Craig, Montgomery, Floyd, Carroll, Giles, Grayson, Washington, Tazewell, Blaine, Lee, Scott and Wise. Office opposite Bank Building. mh2178ts

TOO MANY GOODS FOR THE SEASON. We call attention to our stock of Lawn at 5c, 6c, 8c, 10 and 12c per yd. Printed corded Pique at 5c per yd. worth 8c. White corded Pique at 6c, 8c and 10c per yd. Striped Victoria Lawns at 8c, per yard worth 12c, at 12c worth 20c.

White Organza Lawn, with colored side band for trimming at 20c, per yard worth 35c. Victoria Lawn at 10c worth 12c, at 12c worth 17c, at 16c worth 25c. Printed Cambrics at 10c per yd worth 12c. Checked Muslin at 10c worth 12c, at 16c worth 25c. Worked Curtain Muslin at 20c worth 25c per yard.

Nottingham Lace Curtains at \$2.50, \$3 and up to \$20 a set for two windows. Linen, Moline, and Grass Cloth Dusters in great variety at lowest prices. Gingham, Lawn and Linen Suits for Ladies at great bargains. Ready-made Garments of our own manufacture. Parasols and Umbrellas at the very lowest prices. Hoop Skirts in the latest styles. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods in great variety at lowest prices.

Goods for Boys' and Men's wear. Bargains in Carpets, Oil-cloth, Rugs, Mats and Window Shades. LEVY BROTHERS, 1017 & 1019 Main St. Richmond, Va. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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J. M. PAGE, Proprietor. MY HOTEL AT CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA. (THE CENTRAL) WILL NOT BE CLOSED. In my absence Mr. T. V. GODWIN and my son, W. L. PAGE, JR., will be pleased to see our friends.

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Offers to the trade a full line of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Fancy Articles a specialty. Merchants are respectfully requested to examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as I propose to sell as low as the lowest. Price lists sent promptly on application. I mean no business. mel24y S TRIO L A WEB

BEATTY'S ORGANS 27 Steps 10 Sets Reads only \$80. PIANOS \$125 up. Rare holiday inducements ready. Write or call on Beatty Washington, N. J.

JOHN A. BLOUNT, ARCHITECT AND BUILDER, MARION, VIRGINIA. I return my sincere thanks to my former patrons, and respectfully solicit the continued patronage of the public. I guarantee that all work entrusted to me will be promptly attended to, and executed in the most workmanlike manner. All kinds of work, line or plain, done at short notice. Office on stairs, a specialty. I will contract to furnish material for building houses, etc., if desired. JNO. A. BLOUNT. 11of-15b.

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Real Estate AGENTS AND AUCTIONEERS. RESERVOIR STREET, Marion, Va.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

The Cabbage Worm.

[American Farmer.]
No doubt we may expect a visit from this pest again next season, but this is not exactly the meaning of my title. A remedy given by our Alabama correspondent has been called into question by the gentleman who writes up the *Vegetable Garden in The Farmer*, on account of the difficulty of applying scalding water to the plants to destroy the stripped cabbage worm. We have our correspondent's word for it, that by means of scalding water applied from a watering pot once a week, directly upon his cabbage, he succeeded in saving two acres which netted him four cents per pound, while not one hundred heads were saved, to his knowledge, in his neighborhood. Our great need in this matter is actual experience. We may have to abandon the culture of cabbage for a few years to come, which means the absence from the tables of rich and poor alike of this popular vegetable. It then follows that whatever of practical experience we may obtain from others should be gratefully accepted, especially when no better remedies are suggested. Mr. Watson recommends hand-picking, but had he come in this section last September he would never have made the suggestion.

Now for experience in this matter, nearly every grower of cabbage in Ann Arundel county attempted this until forced to give it up in despair. One large grower told me of his attempt to keep one plant clear of worms by daily hand-picking. This was kept up until the plant disappeared from view. Now for a little figuring in mental arithmetic. If it takes one hand more than he can do to keep one plant clear, how many will it take to hand-pick a field of fifty thousand or more?

Mr. Watson also suggests air-slaked lime. This may do for the common green worm the larva of the white and yellow butterfly but had no effect under my observation with the latest enemy. They bore into the centre of the heads and are quite out of its reach, even if they cared for the application. Besides, the lime heading up with the cabbage imparts an unpleasant look and flavor when cooked. It may not be out of place to state here that several growers near Baltimore, in desperation, at last applied Paris green, with little or no effect. Thus it will appear that all remedies were exhausted in the attempt to save the crop. We are convinced that the best plan is to cease growing them for several years, when having nothing to feed upon, the worms will naturally disappear. In regard to the difficulty in applying scalding water to a large patch, we think it can be done quickly and conveniently, by having near the patch one or several large swinging iron kettles holding a barrel or more each of water, under which a brisk fire may be kept up. Nothing short of an application which will be instant death to the worms will be of any avail. The scalding water will kill them instantly without injuring the cabbage. Probably the best remedy is the destruction of the brown miller which deposits the eggs. A friend of mine who noticed their habits closely, informed me that he had observed them more active at night-fall than at any other time; and suggests that large fires be kept burning around the fields for a few nights, which would attract and destroy large numbers. A half barrel, smeared well inside with tar and containing a lighted candle, would no doubt be of good service, besides being less expensive. There is no doubt but the eggs are deposited mostly at night, as I have never observed the miller at work during the daytime.

It is said by those that profess to know that the worm so troublesome the past season is the same that has destroyed the cabbage crops of the south during the past few years, and that its extension as far north was owing to the unprecedented long spell of hot, dry weather last summer. Perhaps some of your southern readers could give us some information on this point through the columns of *The Farmer*. The worm in question is about one inch in length, of a green color, striped along the back with bars of black and white. In crawling, it has the doubling up motion of the common measuring worm.

Terrible itching and scaly humors, ulcers, sores and scrofulous swellings cured by the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally. Ask about them at your druggists.
Death to rats, mice, roaches and ants; Parson's Exterminator. Barns granaries and households cleared in a single night. No fear of bad smells. Best and cheapest vermin killer in the world. Sold everywhere.

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"THE FURNITURE MEN"
Lynchburg, Virginia.

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Our friends have done their part WELL—we have TRIED to do ours.

We can come before you with the New Year with new pledges, and new hopes, with NEW FURNITURE and NEW STYLES at

OLD CHEAP PRICES

And ask a continuation of your friendship and patronage.

May yours be a happy and successful year.
Yours truly,
DICKERSON & THOMPSON.

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A New and Wonderful Perfume, Fragrant, Refreshing, and Cooling. It is the most valuable medicine known for the cure of all diseases of the Head, Throat, Chest, and Lungs. It is also a powerful and efficient remedy for the cure of all diseases of the Liver, Urinary Organs, and all Female Complaints. It is a most valuable and efficient remedy for the cure of all diseases of the Blood, and is also a powerful and efficient remedy for the cure of all diseases of the Stomach and Intestines.

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An elegant, agreeable Hair Dressing that never fails to restore Gray or Faded Hair to its Youthful Color. 50c. and \$1 size.

Use Lawrence & Martin's
TOLU
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For COUGHS, COLDS, SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, PNEUMONIA, CONSUMPTION, Diseases of THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS.

It has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the MEDICAL FACULTY against the encroachments of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, SORE THROAT, CONSUMPTION, and all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in the TOLU, ROCK AND RYE. Its soothing Balsamic properties afford a diffusive stimulant and tonic to build up the system after the cough has been relieved. Quart size bottles, Price \$1.00.

CAUTION! Do not be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU, ROCK AND RYE, which is the ONLY MEDICATED article—the genuine has a Private Die Proprietary Stamp on each bottle, which permits it to be sold by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers Everywhere.

WITHOUT SPECIAL TAX OR LICENSE.

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STOVES
AND TINWARE

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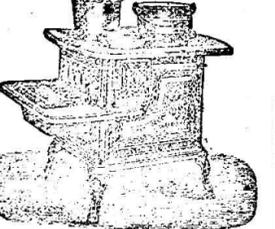
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\$125 up. Rare holiday inducements ready. Write or call on Beatty Washington, N.J.

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OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS
REDUCED.

No. A Light—1 horse, \$5.00
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" C&18 light 2 horse 10.00
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I have a nice stock of
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TOYS
FOR THE CHILDREN

Writing Desks Perfumery
And splendid assortment of
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And many other articles to numerous to mention. A fresh lot of beautiful ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.

Just come and see and you will surely purchase.

MRS. DR. A. A. SCOTT,
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IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
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STILL GREATER
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As stock-taking time approaches we are calling out Goods from each Department which we intend to close, and the reduced prices we make shall be the inducement to our purchasers.

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ODDS AND ENDS IN
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Among which are entire
Dress Patterns!

At One-half the former prices.
GUGGENHEIMER & CO.

REMNANTS OF
FLANNEL,
Table Linen,
GINGHAMS, &c. &c.

Arranged on our Bargain Counter daily,
GUGGENHEIMER & CO.

IN OUR FRONT CIRCLE
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New and choice colors up to 3 yards length Remnants of Lace Vellum Embroidery, Mull Ties, Lace Collars and Plush Collars at prices to insure quick sales.
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ON OUR
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COUNTER

are Baskets filled with Ladies' and Childrens' Hosiery and Gloves bought as samples and offered at 33 cts on the dollar. Also remnants in

Dress Trimmings
At Heavy reduction,
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AND CURTAIN LACES.

Also some extra fine Lace Curtains for single window, that can be bought at a sacrifice.
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Our entire line of White Goods for the Spring is coming in, and we show in Turkey Red, Bleached and Unbleached Table Linens Hunting Scenes, Japanese, Game, Floral, and Fruit designs which are entirely New, and we guarantee 25 per cent. under former prices.
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OUR LINE OF
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has never been equalled in Variety or in Price. We show patterns to be found nowhere outside of our House. We still have a few cases of "Pride of the West"

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in pieces from 10 to 20 yards at 13 1-2 cts. This Goods can never be had again for less than 16 2-3 cts.

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EMPORIUM OF SOUTH WEST VA.
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OVERCOATS OVERCOATS
DRESS SUITS, DRESS SUITS. BUSINESS SUITS, BUSINESS SUITS.

BOYS' AND CHILDRENS' CLOTHING
WE CAN FIT ANY WEIGHT SIZE OR SHAPE PERFECTLY.

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Send for catalogue, and our prices.

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FALL 1881.

New Goods, Nobby Styles and low prices, in MEN'S, YOUTH'S, and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. Specialties in Fine Dress Shirts; only the best fabrics and best fitting Shirts on sale. The PEARL unlaundried Shirt has no EQUAL on sale anywhere; every Shirt guaranteed linen, lined, and only \$1.00—Try one and you will buy no other. Try the Elite and "All-ard" All linen Collars, entirely new.

A complete and fine line of SPRING WOOLENS now on sale, and will be made to order in artistic style and at popular prices. An inspection respectfully solicited and prices fully guaranteed by

JOSEPH COHN,
Lynchburg's LEADING CLOTHIER and TAILOR.
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Lynchburg's only Wholesale Clothing House:
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MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE CLOTHIER AND JOBBER OF GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

CONTRACTORS' AND MINERS' SUPPLIES A SPECIALITY.

Buying on Cash basis and from first hands only. I am prepared to duplicate bills as low as any Northern House will place them, on the same terms.
A trial order respectfully solicited by

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THE OLD FIRM OF T. H. THURMON & CO., HAVING CHANGED HANDS EVERYBODY WISHING TO BUY

CHEAP GOODS
EMBRACING ALL KINDS OF
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, HARDWARE,
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GREAT BARGAINS

Just arrived and will be sold at prices that DEFY COMPETITION. Only call and examine these goods and you will be sure to buy.

G. G. GOODSELL,
MARION, VIRGINIA.
FALL 1881

COWAN, McCLUNG & Co.,
OFFER
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS
TO MERCHANTS ONLY, AT EASTERN PRICES
KNOXVILLE, TENN.

China, Glass, Earthenware

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where, with More Room and all the Modern Improvements, having Four Floors, we want to increase our sales of CHINA, GLASS and EARTHENWARE, and would invite the merchants of Virginia to give us a call and examine our prices, or send for Catalogue. We import and buy direct from manufacturers all our goods, which enables us to sell as cheap as any house, North or South. Send for price list to satisfy yourself.

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Prices guaranteed as Low as any eastP4y house.

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THE WORKS
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Collier Company
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Which were totally Destroyed by Fire are rebuilt! Orders are solicited for Strictly Pure White Lead and Red Lead, Cold Pressed and pure Dark Castor Oil, Raw and Doible Boiled Linseed Oil.

\$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

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WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, DESIGNER and ENGRAVER,
(Opposite the Court-house)
ABINGDON - VIRGINIA.

Has just returned from New York with all the latest styles and designs in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverplate Tableware, etc., etc.

Everything suitable for a pretty and useful Christmas Gift can be found at his store.

Orders by mail will be as conscientiously filled and forwarded as promptly as though the customer were present. Goods not approved of will be exchanged with pleasure.

Established in 1828.
S. O. FISHER
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