

RICHMOND AND ALLEGHANY RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE OF TRAINS IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 12th, 1883. Table with columns for West Bound, No. 1, No. 2, and East Bound, No. 2, No. 1.

Sleeping car attached to Nos. 7 and 8 between Lynchburg, Lexington and Richmond. Trains Nos. 1 and 2 stop at Maiden's Adventure for Supper and Breakfast.

PURE FINE WHISKEY. H. ROSENHEIM, Wholesale Liquor Dealer.

Springdale Pure Rye Whiskey. No. 375 W. Baltimore St., between Entaw and Paca Streets, BALTIMORE, MD.

The purity and careful manufacture of this fine Whiskey is attested by the Editor.

XANTHINE. THE BEST PREPARATION. For restoring gray hair to its natural color.

From Rev. Mr. CAMERON, Minister of the Presbyterian Church, South.] Mossy Creek, TENN.

WEST, JOHNSTON & CO. 911 Main Street, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

AGRICULTURAL, MISCELLANEOUS, BOOKS. And all kinds of Stationery and Fancy Goods.

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, VA. Instructions in the usual academic studies.

J. O. HARRIS, WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, MARION, VIRGINIA.

Having permanently located in this place I offer my services to the citizens of Smyth and surrounding counties.

J. S. EWERS, with WATKINS, COTTRELL & CO., Importers & Wholesale Dealers in HARDWARE, CUTLERY, AND SADDLERY GOODS.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY. JOHN H. TYLER & CO., 1003 Main Street, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

BOOKS. BOOKS. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH, RICHMOND, VA.

Have on hand the largest stock of LAW, SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE. Seventy-five (75) acres of superior Blue Grass land for sale in Smyth County, Va.

Paynes' AUTOMATIC Engines. 2 to 100 Horse Power. Reliable, Durable, and Economical.

FARMERS' AGENTS, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. For the sale of all kinds of Produce.

FARMERS who are interested in Growing Crops cheaply and successfully.

BROWN CHEMICAL CO. Manufacturers of Powell's Tip-Top Bone Fertilizer.

WASHBURN & GORHAM. A well made at home by the Industrials. Best business now before the public.

WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, VA. Instructions in the usual academic studies.

The Patriot and Herald. THURSDAY, OCT. 14, 1883.

Entered at the Postoffice at Marion Va., as Second-class matter.

SHAMEFUL FINDER PRACTICES. A Humble Readjuster of Bedford Tells his Troubles.

I am a white, native Virginian, but am a laborer. I have a wife and five children—the wife and the children also white, native Virginians. In 1879 I voted the Readjuster ticket; but it was found out, and I was warned not to do so any more.

Daniel the Funder Prophet. Major John W. Daniel, who is an author of the Funder platform recently adopted at the Lynchburg "Swarmy."

Daniel on Free Suffrage: "I move to amend the joint resolution so that no one shall vote who has not paid his poll-tax for the next preceding year."

Daniel on Taxation: "I voted against submitting the McCulloch bill to the people because I could never consent to have that measure passed upon by the Black Horde of Eastern Virginia."

Daniel on Free Schools: "It is wrong in principle for one class of men to be taxed to educate the children of another class!"

Daniel on Negroes: On the 5th of February, 1878, Daniel offered a resolution proposing to increase the rate of taxation from 50 to 60 cents.

The Advantage of Being Slow. One of the advantages the South possesses is that she has been late entering the industrial field.

WISDOM. People are always on the lookout for chances to increase their wealth; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty.

KNABE PIANO-FORTES. TONE, TOUCH, WORKMANSHIP & DURABILITY. WILLIAM KNABE & CO.

A. PICKEN, JR. WATCHMAKER, JEWELER, DESIGNER AND ENGRAVER. ABINGDON - VIRGINIA.

Out This Out. Agents Wanted for NAVAL BATTLES. Agents for the sale of the new and improved NAVAL BATTLES.

All for Love of a Child. In a pottery factory here there is a workman who had one small invalid child at home.

In a pottery factory here there is a workman who had one small invalid child at home. He wrought at his trade with exemplary fidelity, being always in the shop with the opening of the day.

Somewhere in Georgia there is a church, which is called, "The Sister's Church;" all the members are women. The chief work of their missionary society is to send Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to the Indians, who suffer largely with coughs and colds.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT! We are candidates for public patronage at our house.

Now receiving a new stock of desirable goods, consisting of Dry Goods AND NOTIONS, DRESS GOODS, PIECE GOODS, WHITE TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, HOSE, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, ETC.

BOOTS AND SHOES. HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

By virtue of a trust deed executed to me by W. H. Sprinkle, which is of record in Smyth county, to satisfy to C. & G. Cooper & Co., the payment of a note of \$425 with interest from Dec. 15th, 1880.

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J. L. THORNTON Successor to C. E. Iron & Co.

At the old stand on Main Street, opposite Post Office, Marion, Va., CROCERIES FANCY GOODS.

I shall always keep on hand a complete assortment of FRENCH CANDIES, PLAIN CANDIES, CANNED GOODS, TOILET ARTICLES, JEWELRY, TOYS, CIGARS, CHEWING & SMOKING TOBACCO.

Photographs! Photographs! Now is the time to get your picture taken. J. L. Thornton is prepared to put up work in the best style of the art, and will do any work you want in the picture line.

Now receiving a new stock of desirable goods, consisting of Dry Goods AND NOTIONS, DRESS GOODS, PIECE GOODS, WHITE TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, HOSE, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, GLOVES, ETC.

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H. JONES, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office on Court-house Square, formerly occupied by Judge Richardson.

D. C. MILLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Practices in the Circuit court of Smyth and in the courts of Washington, Wythe, Grayson and Putnam. Also in the Federal courts and the Court of Appeals.

A. G. PENDLETON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Will practice in the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Grayson, Tazewell and Washington counties.

FRANK T. BARR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Will practice in the Courts of Smyth, Co. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

DR. JNO. S. FENDLETON, MARION VIRGINIA. Offers his professional services to the citizens of Marion and vicinity.

R. E. LINBAUGH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, WYTHEVILLE, VA. Will attend the courts of Smyth County regularly, and give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him.

MACRAME SEINE THREAD—All numbers from 6 to 32—at Levy, Davis & Drake's, 1017 and 1019 Main street.

CHECKS EFFECTS IN DRESS GOODS—the novelty of the season—in various qualities at Levy, Davis & Drake's.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S HATS—Kerchiefs—for great bargains, go to Levy, Davis & Drake's.

AN ENTIRELY NEW STOCK of gentlemen's suits and ties just received at Levy, Davis & Drake's.

ALL THE NEW STYLES and NEW COLORS IN DRESS GOODS at Levy, Davis & Drake's.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND BEST assortment of Hamburg edging and inserting in all colors at Levy, Davis & Drake's.

SPRING WRAPINGS just received in Jersey jackets, all sizes and colors; Pen-and-ador Shetland Shawls at Levy, Davis & Drake's.

TOWELS at GREATER BARGAINS than ever before offered in this city. Special prices on several large lots, to which we invite attention. Levy, Davis & Drake's.

IN OUR MATTING DEPARTMENT we show a splendid assortment of first-class goods at lowest prices; white, red-checked and fancy matting in quantities and prices to suit.

LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE'S Successors to Levy Brothers, m-1-f. 1017 and 1019 Main St. Richmond, Va.

Established in 1838. S. O. FISHER, [Successor to Cyrus Fisher] Manufacturer and dealer in BREACH-LOADING and DOUBLE BARREL GUNS, PISTOLS, CUTLERY, CANES, KEYS, Fishing Tackle;

and everything in the Sporting Line. 176 Main St., opp. Novel House, LYNCHBURG, VA.

All kinds repairs promptly executed, except P. O. box 2313 138 So. 8th Street, jly26-6m PHILADELPHIA, PA.

JOSEPH M. BLAIR, Eleven years experience in the City of Richmond.

GROCER No. 826 Main Street RICHMOND, VIRGINIA. mh23ts

PERSONAL! TO MEN ONLY! THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall Mich., will send Dr. Dye's celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed. Feb 9 1883

P. J. GREGORY, MANUFACTURE OF FASHIONABLE Boots and Shoes, AND DEALER IN SHOE FINDINGS, Main St., MARION VA.

I have a heavy coat fitted up by Shoy to make all kinds of work in my line to suit all—and you can be accommodated just by calling. But if you don't want to call—you can go to somebody else where they only have a horse hair and a mullin stalk to work with. There is one thing you will forget, and that is when your boots and shoes begin to hurt your feet, you will call and have them stretched on my machine, so that they will be easy on your feet. Respect, &c. P. J. GREGORY, July 10-18.

ON CAR at MARION. Send orders to, or address E. S. HUTCHINSON, Sale Agent,

On 30 days Trial THE VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL MICH., will send Dr. Dye's celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for 30 days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality and kindred troubles, guaranteeing speedy and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred as 30 days' trial is allowed. Feb 9 1883

Payson's SINK. In the BEST. No preparation. Used with any clean pen for marking any fabric. Popular for decorative work on linen. Received Gold Medal & Diploma. Established 50 years. Sold by all Druggists, Stationers & News Agents.

NAVAL BATTLES. Agents Wanted for the sale of the new and improved NAVAL BATTLES. Agents for the sale of the new and improved NAVAL BATTLES.

WILLIAM C. PENDLETON, Editor and Proprietor.

Readjuster Nominee for the House of Delegates from Smyth and Island, S. P. Mustard, of BLAND COUNTY.

Public Speaking.

William C. Pendleton will address the people of this county at the following time and places:—

Edge School House, in Rich Valley, Thursday the 25th day of October, 1883 at 2 o'clock p. m.

Hubble School House Friday, October 26th, 1883 at 2 o'clock p. m.

Lick Creek School House Friday night, October 25th, at 6 o'clock.

WHAT THEY ARE DOING!

What the virtuous Funders in Smyth are doing ought to be known of all men.

They are handing around a circular of "Big 4" Lybrook as a campaign document. Among those who are distributing these documents is one who is a preacher of the gospel, but who is now occupied chiefly as a Funder or a Newberry striker. Does this preacher, these Funders, know that Lybrook is a drunkard and an atheist, a scoffer of the worst sort? Do they not know that he voted for the very caucus rules adopted by the Readjuster members of the Legislature (that he now complains of)? Do they not know that Lybrook voted for all the State officers (except Auditor Allen) that he now abuses? Do they not know that he declined to vote against the Richmond and Danville Bill that he now criticises, and that Hale and Newberry of the "Big 4" combination voted for it as did a large number of Funders so-called Democratic Senators and members of the House of Delegates? Do they not know that he wanted the Readjusters to elect him Judge of his District and that he would never have gone over to the Funders if the Readjusters had been willing to select the old whiskey soak?

We will tell these truths to the preachers, virtuous Funders, and anti-whiskey men who are now circulating the document of Lybrook and see whether it will deter them from using the paper which is not only an impeachment of Lybrook's own course but which is intended to injure Readjustment. If these virtuous men will continue in their course and methods, let it be known that they have cast aside all regard for religion, virtue and sobriety, and have become reckless partisans.

They uttered the same old false cry of "Democracy and Republicanism" in 1870, 1880 and 1881, that they are using now. They were trying to deceive you then, they are trying to fool you now.

O'FERRALL was neither flesh, fish nor fowl in 1872. He ran as an independent candidate against Jno. T. Harris, the nominee of the Conservative party for Congress. Now is not O'Ferrall a sweet scented Democrat?

THERE is an organized effort on the part of the Funders to buy the poor men who are Readjusters in Smyth. Let the laboring men resent this impudent effort of the Funders.

Did you hear O'Ferrall, the Grant and Wilson Democrat, say he was for Wickham, the man who eats at the same table with "niggers," and who says he is not ashamed of it?

They admit that the Readjuster party gave a free ballot again to the people of Virginia, and yet try to make us believe that the Readjuster party is dangerous and corrupt.

THE Democratic party so-called, resolved itself into a party of whiskey-soaks on Monday. These be the men who claim to represent the worth, merit and virtue of Smyth.

Did you hear O'Ferrall, the so-called Democrat, champion the cause of Wickham, the man who voted for a negro man for Lieut. Governor of Virginia, and who says he is proud of it?

THE assertion that E. G. L. Faige, a negro man, recently said in a speech at Richmond "I do not want schools for WHITE or BLACKS, but for American children," is absolutely false. He is reported to have said it more than two years ago.

If the workingmen of Virginia state the Funders to get control of the State they will never cease to regret it. The hide-bound Bourbon is the natural enemy of the laboring man, and will not fail to strike him when he gets him down.

ONLY TRYING TO DECEIVE.

Every cry the Funders utter in this campaign is made to deceive. They tell the people that the debt is settled only to fool them into assisting the restoration of the Bourbon-Funder faction to power, when they will proceed to undo what Readjustment has done toward an equitable settlement of the debt. Can any Readjuster doubt that there is a perfect understanding between the bondholders and the Funder leaders in Virginia? Do you ever see or hear a published complaint of the bondholders at the acceptance of the Funders of the Riddleberger Bill, which they had heretofore denounced as repudiation, and which gave such dissatisfaction to the bondholders? Not one! On the contrary the bondholder is remaining quiet, is uttering no words of complaint, is waiting in the language of the London Money, a bondholders organ "for a political change in Virginia," by which they hope and expect to have their bonds paid, or recognized as provided for in the Funding Bill of 1871 or 1879. The Funders will not pledge the people to pass any supplementary bills that may be necessary to complete the settlement under the Riddleberger Bill. They will not promise to use further forcible readjustment legislation to force the creditors to fund under the Riddleberger settlement. They only promise that they will do nothing by appeal or otherwise to disturb the present Readjuster settlement. That is their idea. They will do nothing, but remain silent and inactive and let the settlement fail by refusing to do even the smallest thing that may be necessary to defeat the assaults that the railroads and individual Funders are now making on the settlement.

But even if the debt was permanently settled should the people trust the faction, which said it could not be adjusted on the basis proposed by the Readjuster party, and that it should not? Would it be wise to entrust the completion of a job to a workman who has refused to work upon it at first because the job was degrading, and because it could not be done by any human skill, even though, after the job was half completed, he would acknowledge that he was wrong in saying that it was degrading and in asserting that it was impossible of accomplishment? On the contrary would you not rather trust the honest bold workmen, rude and unlettered though he be, who from the first said the job was honorable and could be done? The Funder party said the Readjuster job was degrading and could not be done. The Readjusters said the job is both honorable and could be accomplished. The Funders now say that "the job is honorable and we (the Funders, Democrats-so-called) are the ones who should complete the job." What say the people? Will they let the Funders take hold and spoil the job, or will they let the Readjusters go on with the good work?

So it is with the schools. The Funders tried to destroy them, and the Readjusters saved them. Will the people trust them again to the mercy of such bitter bold enemies as the Funders proved to be?

And the same thing may be said of free suffrage. Funderism tried to keep a price upon suffrage, and the Readjusters made it free. Will the people trust the Funder faction again with the keeping of a right that belongs to every freeman?

No, when the Funders cry out that they are Democrats, they are only trying to deceive! When they express horror at colored trustees they are simply hamming. When they talk of mixed schools, they are only playing at their old game.

They are warring all the time on true Democratic principles. They condemn their own leaders and conduct—for ten years or more they had niggers on school Boards. When they cry aloud against mixed schools they only call attention to the fact that they mixed the schools by placing white teachers over colored schools that the Readjusters unmixed schools that Funderism mixed.

The Funders always try to deceive. We charge it that Funders are now trying to buy men in this county with money. They are actually going to poor men, and some who are not poor, and offering them large sums to quit the Readjuster party. We charge it, and can prove it.

What think you freemen of this? What kind of principle moves the party of "virtue and honesty"?

Did you hear O'Ferrall, advocate the cause of Forbes a Radical Republican the Funders are running in Buckingham county? Forbes who was turned out of the post office at Richmond because he was a defaulter.

Hats have high crowns and small brims, or else moderate crowns and broad brims.

People of sedentary habits, and all who are subject to constipation, can keep in good condition, by a moderate use of Ayer's Pills—the surest, safest, and most reliable Cathartic.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

NEWBERRY whiskey was more abundant on Monday than Newberry votes.

"INTIMIDATION and bribery!" These are the principles of the Smyth Funders.

THE Funders of Smyth are better yellers than they are bulldozers, as they realized last Monday.

THE FUNDERS "HAD JUDGE" STAPLES HERE, BUT DID NOT PUT HIM UP TO SPEAK.

WHY WAS IT THUS? THE drummers and bidders did most of the shouting for the Funders on Monday.

If you want to protect your interests working man vote always the opposite way the Funders vote.

THE Newberrites alias the Whiskoyites had a fine time yelling on Monday. They did the yelling, and the people will do the voting.

REMEMBER the Readjuster candidate is in favor of repealing the present unjust road law. This is one reason why the Funders are so opposed to Mustard.

DID O'Ferrall tell the people that that his party had a hundred white teachers in the "nigger" schools, and that the Readjusters turned them out?

DID you hear O'Ferrall, the so-called Democrat, praise Wickham who voted for a "nigger" for Congressman at large last year, and who says he is proud of it.

GRANGER SAM was here on Monday trying to get the sixteen who voted for him in Smyth last year for Congress, to vote solid for his brother Harman. That's business! Sam has always been strong in Smyth.

DID O'Ferrall ever explain to the people how he and his party after denouncing the Riddleberger Bill as theft and highway robbery, are now willing to participate in what they have denounced as theft?

DID O'Ferrall tell the people that Barbour, the Funder "Boss" voted for the very tariff bill that he criticized on Monday? That Abe Fulkerson and Geo. D. Wise also voted for it?

"I VOTED for a negro for Lieut. Governor of Virginia. I sat down at a table and ate with "niggers." I voted last year for a negro man for Congressman at large. I am and will continue to be a Republican." Williams C. Wickham, candidate of the so-called Democratic, white man's party in the counties of Hanover and Caroline.

Those School Trustees.

While Governor Kemper was President of the Board of Education, which consisted of himself, as Governor, of Dr. Ruffner, as Supt. of Education and of R. T. Daniel, as Atty. Gen'l, he and his board appointed the following colored men Trustees of schools:

John Cox, Lafayette Johnson and Wm. Langley of Chesterfield county; Wm. H. Taylor and Beverly Sparks, of King and Queen county; Henry Robinson, of Middlesex Co.; P. G. Morgan, Geo. Washington and J. H. Hill, of the city of Petersburg. These three for Petersburg were appointed Nov. 2, 1874, and the proceedings are given in great detail over Governor states that they removed the old board which had "2 colored men" on it and appointed the new one with three colored men.

This was a crusher when it was read in the ex-Governor's presence last Tuesday at Greene C. H., where we in his opening speech declared it has infinitely worse to put colored men on school boards than to mix the children in the schools.

And then and there that audience sat down on the ex-Governor, whose old cry came was that he was a mere dummy on the board and turned the whose matter over to Ruffner and he merely endorsed his action. But the proceedings say "Board met, all members present."

The Governor forgets. Homer Nodded.—Bristol News.

It is reported that the Funders have invited Boss Wickham to Harrisonburg next court-day to speak for them. Every Funder-Democrat on that interesting occasion is to wear a badge on the lapel of his coat with the words printed thereon, "We are for Wickham because Wickham is for us."—Harrisonburg Spirit.

Capt. Fudge, the Bourbon nominee of Tazewell, is out in a card, written for him no doubt by Col. May, or some other town Funder. He endorses the Lynchburg Daniel platform and regrets that he is kept from seeing the good people of Tazewell by the severe illness of a second cousin to one of his aunts.

No use, Captain. You may Fudge all you can, and yet you will get badly left.—Buchanan Vidette.

ADDRESSES

Of the Readjuster State Executive Committee.

PETERSBURG, VA. Sept. 25, 1883. To the Voters of Virginia: On the 6th of November next (now near at hand), you are to determine, by your ballots, which of the contending parties in this State shall administer your public affairs.

One is a party of your immediate creation—formed from your own ranks—consisting of the very body of the people, who had been exhausted, fatigued and outraged by the rule of a self-assumed leadership and controlling oligarchy, that had illustrated no higher ambition than to perpetuate their dynasty of extravagance, plunder and oppression even upon the ruins of the Commonwealth and the wreck of popular liberty.

The intolerance; the manifest lack of capacity for affairs; the insolent dictation as to men and measures; the supercilious indifference to the interests of the people; the contempt for the popular will; the cruel carelessness with which burden were stacked upon the backs of the masses; the studied purpose to circumvent the rights of manhood—all of which so significantly characterized the Bourbon-Funder faction;—these awoke you to indignation and aroused you to resistance. The efforts of this faction to shake the suffrage; to suppress general public education; to saddle you with a fraudulent and intolerable debt, and to drain your very substance, by taxation,—while at the same time it maintained a sectional attitude towards the National Government which at once forbade the growth of the Commonwealth and the welfare of the citizens, by repelling the inflow of capital and immigration,—were all met by the courage and the courage of your just displeasure to the ultimate point where you revolted and resumed the mastery and direction of your own government.

For over three years you have held the political fortifications which you stormed in 1879, and on every hand you behold the blessed fruits of your patriotism and valor.

Yet you are confronted by the reorganized enemies of the public weal whom you so righteously overthrew and hurled from place and power. Their inspiration and purpose, if possible, to regain their lost dominion and subject you, and your fortunes and your liberties anew to their greed and tyranny. Assuming and avowedly to be the friends of the people, their gross insincerity only approaches the degree by the insult they thus offer to your intelligence.

You, the sovereigns of the State, are to decide between this audacious faction and the party which is bone of your bone and flesh of your flesh—a party which has administered your affairs with scrupulous fidelity to your wishes, and which has inaugurated a great reform and public policy that already has placed the Commonwealth on a new basis of life, liberty, prosperity and happiness to all her population. Amicable relations have been restored between Virginia and the Federal Government, and once more we rejoin the common brotherhood of American citizens, with no sectional animosities to be cherished and the States at peace with each other.

That you know no South, no North, no East, no West—only the Union, one and inseparable. The party of State reform and National restoration is the readjuster party. You behold its works—works to be defended. You behold its unfinished designs—yet to be completed. It is for you to say which of the two parties you will support and material redemption of the Commonwealth from your own hands!

We speak to you in behalf of this great party and policy, declare to you most solemnly that only in its faithful guardianship are you safe, and only by its strong and willing aid can you be placed beyond the reach of the evils from which you have been so recently delivered. To go back to Bourbon-Funder rule is not only the revocation of all that is now so happily established, but is slavery and ruin. Will you—can you—again trust those who have heretofore so shamefully abused your confidence? Are you to be deceived by the shallow arts of pretense and fraud, and have your misdeeds fed into the old bog of misfortune and misery? Citizens of Virginia, you cannot afford to risk the invaluable blessings you have won to the tender mercies of the crew whose mock friendship for you but covers implacable malice and revenge. They stoop to conquer, they "acquire" only because they have no other way of getting their power through a false popular credulity. You dare not commit your measures, nor yourselves to these political pretenders; and it requires no political prophet to foretell that, if you could do so, you would bitterly rue the day in which folly gave mad led you into fresh bondage.

Let your wisdom and attestation of what we have said, be called to your most serious attention the following summary of facts, figures, and reasonable conclusions. Hear us for our cause—the cause that is yours and Virginia's:

THE STATE DEBT. The Bourbon-Funder faction as early as 1871 had contrived to fully fasten itself upon your shoulders. It had confided the Governor and had folded upon the judiciary men mostly from its own body, or bound to its interests by the ties of office. Although a minority of your General Assembly, it won its title to the aid of other factions; and, without your consent—without even consulting you—it enacted the measure known as the Funding bill to take effect July 1st, 1871. You remember the years of strife that ensued; but it is our only purpose here to point out to you that the Funding bill, under a scheme which purposed to relieve you and to set apart a third of the public debt to West Virginia (yet which really exceeded your just obligations) it was sought to bind you and your posterity to a principal of over \$31,000,000, with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum in tax-revenue bonds.

Eight years after (in 1879), having vainly endeavored to undo their policy, they exhibited a deficit of nearly a million dollars a year, the Bourbon-Funders were forced to a new adjustment, devised by one Hugh McCulloch, and known as the Brokers' bill. It is enough to say here that you were bound to ratify this bill by a majority of over 5000 votes, and called to power the party of Readjustment, whose plan of relief had won your approval as not only necessary, but just and equitable. Yet it was not until 1882 (with a Readjuster Governor), that it is plan was put into effect and forced as the Riddleberger bill, to take effect on the 1st of July, 1882. In contrast between Funderism and Readjustment at that date to which we wish particularly to call your attention. We refer to the official reports as our authority for the statements we make.

Upon a stated official account (which predated the Riddleberger bill) between the Commonwealth and her creditors—an account which remains wholly uncontroverted and unchallenged—your just indebtedness, after deducting one-third as the fair amount for which West Virginia is liable, was found to be \$12,473,120.70. This included the principal interest, including the Literary fund, \$21,035,377.15; and this is the sum which our settlement (the Riddleberger bill), assumes and obligates you to pay. To the same date under the old Funding bill and the Brokers' bill (as far as the latter had taken effect) the principal interest, including the Literary fund, which Readjusters regarded as the most sacred portion of the debt, amounted to \$35,874,859.37. But if, under the scheme of the Brokers' bill, the whole Funder debt had been funded to July 1st, 1882, the amount of interest which they recognized as due being fully repaid! And now we behold the difference as to the debt between Funderism and Readjustment at the date when the Riddleberger bill took effect; the Funder debt exceeding the Readjuster debt (as fixed by official uncontroverted figures) by \$1,737,736.66. That is, the saving effected by Readjustment, without repudiation of a dollar of just obligation. And if since July 1st, 1882, there has been an accumulation of interest, that interest itself is greater or less, in the same proportion (as indicated above), according to the account, Funder or Readjuster, upon which it is to be estimated and settled.

Not only have we thus saved \$12,473,120.70 in principal to July 1st, 1882, as between the Brokers' bill and the Riddleberger bill, but we have scotched if we have not killed the tax-coupons; and we have fixed the interest at a uniform rate of 3 per cent. a year. Without estimating the worth of the exemption from taxation accorded the bonds of interest which has been secured (worth 2 per cent.) under the Brokers' bill, we find that the average rate of interest which it provided for is 4 per cent. Upon the Brokers' bill debt of \$35,808,407.55, therefore the average annual interest would be \$1,340,339.91, while the interest on the Riddleberger debt of \$21,035,377.15 is only \$631,061.31—the annual saving of interest thus being \$709,278.60. But the debt under the Riddleberger bill is to run fifty years unless sooner redeemed. We may be sure (judging from the past) that at the expiration of that period, under Funder rule, the debt instead of being paid or diminished, would be increased; but assuming that under the Riddleberger settlement the debt at the end of the century of fifty years, then the saving in interest under the Riddleberger bill for the whole period is \$35,463,350, which, added to the principal of \$12,473,120.70 saved, makes a total saved under Readjustment of \$47,936,470.70. It will be observed that in all these figures and calculations we make as favorable an exhibit for the Funders as possible, making no allowance against them for the exemption of bonds and coupons from taxation, and considering the Funder debt as under the Brokers' bill at 4 per cent. instead of under the Funding bill at 6 per cent. Yet the saving, as we see, is \$17,937,050.70—with not a dollar of interest repudiated or put in a tax-coupon! The annual saving is \$709,278.60; and the saving annually for fifty years, including the principal saved, is \$35,463,350.

When the State Government was restored in 1870 there was no floating debt at all. After ten years of mismanagement (with \$1,815,000 in the Treasury when payment of interest under the Funding Bill began), the Funders surrendered the administration to the Readjusters on the 1st of January, 1880, with \$133,394.80 due upon outstanding warrants, \$239,000 due and unpaid on the 1st of January, 1880, for the unpaid in fines to the Literary fund, \$84,482.89 due to interest on college endowments, and \$1,504,245 due the public free schools—making a total floating debt of \$1,960,122.69, with only \$22,494.99 in the Treasury. Besides, at that date, the Funder administration, was in arrears of interest on the State debt to the amount of \$3,888,670. There is now no floating debt at all except a remainder of \$715,950 of the \$1,500,000 diverted from the schools by the Funders.

ANNUAL EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT. For the five years beginning with 1871-72, and extending with 1878-79 (the annual average of regular expenses of government under Bourbon-Funder rule was \$1,381,664.74. For the four years of Readjuster rule, beginning with 1878-79 and ending with 1882-83, the annual average of regular expenses of government was \$822,254.14. The annual average of saving in expenses of government under Readjuster rule, as compared with the expenses under Funder rule, is thus \$559,410.60.

THE STATE REVENUE. The following statement shows the assessments of taxes on the principal subjects of taxation for the years named:

Table with 3 columns: Year, Subject, Amount. Rows include Real Estate, Personal Property, Poll Tax, License, and Income for 1870 and 1882.

The total assessments on the six principal subjects were, therefore \$2,590,000 for 1879, and \$2,462,095.46 for 1882. It is to be remarked that there is an increase on every item in 1882, as compared with 1879, except on lands and personal property where considerable reductions have been made in the reassessment of lands (in 1880) and the lowering of the rate of taxation on the same. The decrease in the assessment of lands made in 1880 was over \$12,000,000 in valuation and over \$61,000 in taxes. The increase for 1882 is \$854 in assessed taxes on polls over 1879; \$57,427.50 on licenses, notwithstanding the repeal of numerous Mottet law; \$97,856.98 on railroads; \$7,404.23 on income; total increase \$123,673.93.

The revenue received from miscellaneous sources, not included in the table of assessments, was, \$133,469.43 in 1879, and \$218,356.74 in 1882—the increase being \$84,887.26, which added to the increase on polls, licenses, railroads, and incomes, (as above) makes \$248,544.19—or only \$82,083.38 less than the sum of the decrease in the assessment of taxes in 1882 (as compared with 1879) on real and personal property. The assessment in 1879 being received before the reduced reassessment of land made in 1880 and at the 50 cents rate, while the assessment of 1882 is upon the reduced assessment of lands and at the reduced rate of 40 cents. But, on reference to the Reports of the State Treasury, we see that its receipts in 1879 (including \$61,000 tax on coupons) were \$2,649,809.07, while for 1882 (including all incidental revenue) the receipts were \$2,718,454.55. The decrease in the taxes on lands was \$318,778.66; on personal property \$11,845.91—making a total of \$330,624.57 in reduction of those general taxes which bear most heavily on the people. To-day your taxes are lower by 20 cents in the dollar; your lands are at greatly reduced assessment for taxation; your expenses of government are largely reduced; you are bound to pay no more for the unjust within your easy and certain means of payment; and you have an accumulation in your treasury of \$1,543,712.21. What a difference from the bankrupt and woe-filled condition to which Funderism had brought you by financial mismanagement and corruption! Surely the great changes your votes have wrought your ballots will maintain!

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THE FREE SCHOOLS. The public free schools of the State were established by a mandate of the Constitution in 1869, that at the first session of the General Assembly held under its provision a uniform system of public free schools should be provided for, the full introduction of the system to be accomplished by the year 1876, or earlier. Accordingly, the Legislature in 1870 passed the Riddleberger bill, under which the system had its first year of practical operation in 1871. That year there were 3,047 schools, of which 769 were colored; 131,688 pupils, of whom 38,976 were colored; 3,084 teachers, of whom 594 were colored; and the expenditures amounted to \$587,472.39. In 1879, under the rule of the Funders, with their tax-coupons and other results of

the school, if not wicked legislation, the whole had decreased to 2,491—a falling off of 556 schools, of which 89 were colored; the pupils had been reduced to 108,074, a falling off of 23,014, of whom 3,208 were colored; the teachers had diminished to 2,501, a falling off of 586, of whom 100 were colored; and the expenditures had shrunk to \$514,902.53—a falling off of \$75,569.86.

So much for the friendship of the Funders for free popular education as shown by the results for nine years.

In 1879 the Readjusters gained their first great victory, and they came into power on the 1st of January, 1880, when the Funder went out. Under Readjustment the schools last year were 5,587—an increase of 3,006 over 1879, of which 850 were colored; the pupils, 257,362—an increase of 149,288, of whom 49,550 were colored; the teachers, 4,538—an increase of 3,033, of whom 614 were colored; and the expenditures had grown to \$1,137,142.05—an increase of \$645,239.59.

In the meantime the school term has been lengthened and the average of teachers' salaries increased. Nor is it to be forgotten that whereas in many parts of the State school warrants were unmarketable at 50 cents in the dollar, they are to-day as current as greenbacks, except where some Funder treasurer holds to the old practice, in defiance of all laws, of shoving the warrants and certificates with school-money in his hands.

Of the arrears to the schools, amounting to over \$1,000,000 on the 1st of January, 1880, not a dollar was ever paid by the Funder; and now the Readjusters have already paid \$758,000 of these arrears—\$400,000 of this sum being derived from the sale of the State's interest in the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio railroad. And here let it be known that the interest on this debt, which in that railroad had been utterly neglected by the Funder administration, unless we except an unwise and ill-directed proceeding by the late Attorney-General Field, which resulted in nothing, even Gov. Holliday wholly ignored the interests of the State, direct and indirect, in the great case of the lines of transportation; at no time did he call legislative attention to the enormity in which the road stood, or suggest any action of rescue or defence; and when the Atlantic Mississippi and Ohio Railroad Company had made a contract with the purchasers of the road that they should pay the State \$500,000 for her interest in it, he, as a member of the Board of Public Works, refused to notify the Legislature and sought to deprive the Commonwealth of the money which had been secured to her by the foresight

From the Whig. NEWPORT, VA., Oct. 6, 1883.

As I have not seen anything from old Giles in your interesting columns...

The Democrats have come out loser in every discussion during the canvass. They are howling "nigger," "mixed schools," and "who are you going to vote for?"

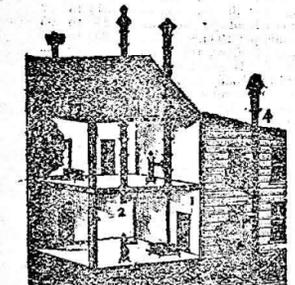
In the discussion between Col. Wm. C. Pendleton and Judge Rhea (the Rex Maggus of Bourbonism of the Ninth district)...

The howl of the Funders that the Southwest is going back to them is utterly false and unfounded. It is true that there is a few weak-kneed and unstable men who are going to vote with the party that called them thieves and highway robbers...

Let us "Strike till the last armed foe expires; Strike for our alters and our fires; Strike for God and our native land."

We understand that seal-skin coats are going out of style, and in consequence, colds are increasing among the fair sex.

SAVE THE EXPENSE OF BUILDING A BRICK CHIMNEY.



Our Fire Clay Chimney Pipe does not rust nor crack by heat nor erode from frost. It has been used ten years for dwellings, schools, churches, &c.

CHAS. H. TORSCHE & CO. 32 E. Cor. Pratt and Charles Street Baltimore

A CARD.

To the Re-Adjusters

SOUTHWEST VIRGINIA.

GENTLEMEN—You have given much of your time to Readjusting politics, the public debt and other important matters; we are Readjusting too.

Furniture & Mattress

BUSINESS.

Look around your house and see if your Furniture don't need readjusting.

PARLOR

CHAMBER SUIT.

Respectfully,

DICKERSON & THOMPSON.

"THE FURNITURE MEN"

LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA.

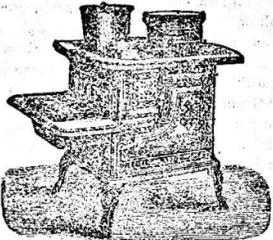
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Has the largest and best assorted stock of

COOKING AND HEATING STOVES

'EXCELSIOR' COOK STOVE.



'FRANKLIN' AND 'BOX.' Heating Stove

AT PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERY ONE.

TIN EMPORIUM.

My Tinware department is complete in every particular and at prices which defy competition.

Will give my personal attention to all Out-door work, such as Roofing and Guttering and guarantee satisfaction.

R. M. HEPTINSTALL, MARION, VIRGINIA.

J. N. O. A. ROWE, Wytheville, Va. H. M. CROSBY, Roanoke, Va

ROWE & CROSBY,

Marble & Granite Dealers

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

MONUMENTS & HEADSTONES

IN EVERY VARIETY OF DESIGN.

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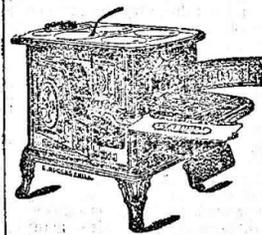
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Brackets, Mouldings,

DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES

FLOORING, CEILING, WEATHERBOARDING AND DRIED LUMBER,

KNOXVILLE, TENN.



Stoves. Stoves.

Thos. B. Dornin & Son, MAIN STREET, LYNCHBURG, VA.

FARMER GIRL COOK STOVE.

First-class Heating Stoves, 127 and House Furnishing Goods

FALL NOVELTIES!

LYNCHBURG'S LEADING

GENT'S FURNISHING

NOW DISPLAYS NOVELTIES IN

Neckware, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Fancy Hosiery, Silk Suspenders

New Style Linen Collars, Argosy Suspenders, the Finest and Cheapest Linen and

Percale Shirts in the world. The Celebrated King and Pearl Shirt. New Importations in Woolens for Skillful Tailoring.

Silk faced and Satin-lined Business and Dress Suits. New Style Spring Overcoats.

In fact everything needed to complete a Gentleman's wardrobe at

Prices Lower

Than ever before offered in this City by

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GENTS' FURNISHER, TAILOR

AND CLOTHIER

Orders by Mail promptly filled and Goods Warranted as Represented.

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116 and 118 Main and 47 9th St.,

Main Entrance, Corner Store of the Lynch Building.

LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA.

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T. S. PRUNER'S LIVERY AND SALE STABLES, MARION, VIRGINIA.

Stables on Staley's Creek a few yards south of Math street.



Horses, Carriages, Buggies and Wagons of every description to hire. Good Teams. This is the nearest point on the N. & W. R. R. to North Carolina, Grayson, Tazewell and Russell counties.

Special attention paid to the Purchase and sale of Stock.

Look for the Sign of the Red Star.

BOOT, SHOE & HAT HOUSE!

STEPHEN F. EWALD, Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, TRUNKS,

A large stock always on hand.—These goods are all bought direct from the manufacturer, and will be sold at the lowest price.

Ziegler and other makes of Shoes kept in stock.

Orders from adjoining Counties carefully attended to.

ap12y WYTHEVILLE, VA.

J. R. VENABLE, WITH TUCKER, SMITH & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS'S SHOES AND BRGANS,

250 W. Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MD

GEORGE GIBSON, JR., Successor to James W. Gibson.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE

AND

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

1207 Main Street,

Richmond, Virginia

Spring Goods for 1883.

CHEAP GOODS

G. G. GOODSELL,

At the old Thurmon stand is now getting in a Large and Complete stock of

NEW GOODS

Which will be sold as low as they can be had anywhere in the country.

DRESS GOODS.

NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHING, HARDWARE,

GROCERIES,

CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE

And in fact everything to be found in a first-class store.

Come and see the Goods now in stock and see if we will not give you good bargains.

We keep no shoddy goods on our shelves and what you buy from us may be relied upon as first-class.

Don't Forget

GOODSELL

At Thurmon's old stand,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

sp2-dro 17

NEW FIRM.

Goodell & Rice,

Dealers in

STOVES!

TIN-WARE

Roofing and Sheet Iron,

Near the Depot,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

Having just purchased a large lot of Stoves at reduced prices, on account of the fall in Iron, we are able to offer them to the trade cheaper than they have ever been offered.

Call at the old stand of G. G. Goodell, near the depot for anything you want in our line.

A choice lot of the Iron on hand, at our shop.

Dec. 7-18. GOODSELL & RICE.

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,

JEWELRY

AND SILVERWARE.

The largest and most complete stock in Lynchburg.

Prices guaranteed as low as any house in the United States.

Send your orders to

H. SILVERTHORN,

LYNCHBURG, VA.

sp21-p

PURE WHITE LEAD.

We have secured the agency for Lynchburg from one of the oldest and best manufacturers of White Lead in the U. S. and are prepared to furnish in any quantity at best rates. Builders and contractors using large quantities will find it to their interest to consult us before making their Spring purchases.

W. A. STROTHER & SON,

LYNCHBURG, VA.

meby

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs; none so trifled with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has won its celebrity in a forty years' fight with croup, and lung disease, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured. "In 1857 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed nights after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL, a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and am an established fan of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. HON. J. FAIRBROTHER, Rockingham, Va., July 15, 1882.

Group. — A Mother's Tribute. "While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup. It seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my child's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude? Sincerely yours, Mrs. EMMA GIBNEY, 120 West 126th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

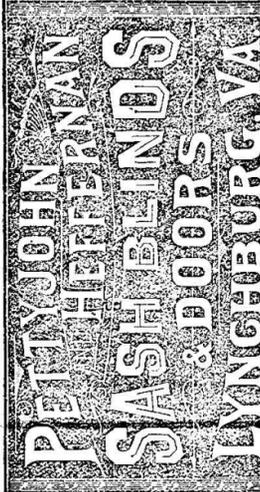
"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effective remedy for cough and colds I have ever tried. Lake Crystal, Minn., March 15, 1882. A. J. CRANE.

"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, after trying many remedies with no success. I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. Mythia, Miss., April 5, 1882. JOSEPH WALDEN.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung trouble. G. F. CRUSH, Palestine, Texas, April 22, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will always cure when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.



THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME

SEWING MACHINE

PERFECT IN EVERY PARTICULAR

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

CHICAGO, ILL. ORANGE, MASS. AND ATLANTA, GA.

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BEST GOODS!!

—TA THE—

LOWEST PRICES!

We have just received from New York a full stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS

Embracing everything in Ladies' Men's Youth's and Children wear. We have the prettiest line of Ladies'

Neck Wear, Cloves, Hosiery, Etc., Etc.,

—ALSO— GROCERIES, Hardware, Queensware

Kid Gloves, (warranted), for 75cts. Laced kid Gloves (every pair warranted) for \$1.25.

The long credit-system of selling goods should be abolished. We have adopted the pay-down system, and to those who believe that a trout in the hand is better than a black bass in the Holston, we say ours is the house you are looking for.

Buy from the only cash house in the South-east. We expect to gain your trade by Square dealings, Superior goods, and low prices.

GEO. F. CRUSH & CO.

Opposite the COURT HOUSE,

MARION, VIRGINIA.

N. B. We can furnish any of Buttericks Patterns at New York prices. G. F. C. & CO.

Having accepted a position in the house of G. F. Crush & Co. I would respectfully ask my friends to call on me, either in person or by letter, and I promise them best attention. Will send samples and prices whenever desired. I think from the large Stock carried by G. F. C. & Co. and their low prices, my friends will find it to their interest to buy from them.

Respectfully, (Miss) KATE MATS.

DRY GOODS.

Bleached and Brown Domestic Flannels, Waterproofs, Calicoes, Ladies' Fine Dress Goods, Blankets, Shroodas, Cashmeres, Dress Flannels, Dolmans, Coats, Shawls,

NOTIONS

A large assortment of Staple and Fancy Notions, Combs, Buttons, Pins, Ribbons, Hosiery, Scarfs, Laces, Hamburgs, Plaques, Picture Frames, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

In this department they still stand where they have always stood—at the head!

and complete line of Ladies' fine shoes, Gents' fine shoes and boots, Children Misses' and Boys'—they cannot be beat in this line—and defy competition both in price and quality of goods. If you want anything in the line of Boots and shoes call on us.

CLOTHING!

Their stock of Clothing is very large and carefully selected. All the latest and no shoddy. They do not propose to sell cheaper clothes than any one else. they do contend, that taking quality of grades into consideration, they have a decided advantage over any one else. A full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Hardware—Locks, Hinges, Carpenters' Tools, Knives and Forks, Knives, in fact, a complete assortment.

QUEENSWARE—The largest and best assorted stock of Queensware ever brought to this market. It cannot be described, but must be seen to be appreciated. If you need anything in the general line be sure and call at Geo. F. Crush & Co.

GROCERIES—It is needless to call attention to their stock of Groceries, everybody knows that they keep the best assortment and the cheapest. Coffee and Sugar at Northern prices.

This is only a brief outline of their large stock of goods, but everybody must call and see for themselves. No trouble to show goods. Every body invited to call.

Terms—STRICTLY CASH or good marketable PRODUCE. Strictly on profit—that the LOWEST—and no deviation. GEO. F. CRUSH & CO. nov30y

The Election of Wise over Massey,

you can believe the returns; but it is not a fact that any merchant in Southwest Va., does sell or will sell

Goods at the Same Figures

that I do. I have on hand

\$2,000 worth Clothing

Which must be closed out in the next

THIRTY DAYS!

Every dollar will be closed out at

COST & CARRIAGE

As I have determined to quit keeping Clothing. Remember that I have the largest and best assorted stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

in the town of Marion and they will be sold at figures that will astonish you. Every thing else sold cheap usually kept in stock. If you would secure bargains

CALL AT ONCE!

Highest cash price paid for all produce and I will pay cash for anything that you have to sell. Eggs are worth to-day 22c and butter 25c. sp27y

A. C. HILL, Marion Va.

W. W. WOODRUFF. W. E. GIBBONS.

W. W. WOODRUFF & CO.

KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE,

Wholesale Hardware!!

AXES, NAILS, HORSESHOES, STEEL & C.

Oliver Chilled Plows, Disston's Circular Saws, Belting and Racking, Hall's Fire Proof Safes, Railroad Contractors' Supplies,

Doors, Sash and Blinds, Platform and Stock Scales, Shoemakers' Saddlers, Blacksmiths' and Wagon Makers' and Tanners' Supplies.

BUCK'S RIFLE AND LASTING POWDER.

will cheerfully respond to all letters of inquiry, and it is a pleasure to give information, whether sales follow or not.</