

The Patriot and Herald.

VOL. XI. MARION, VIRGINIA, THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1881. NO. 8.

THE PATRIOT AND HERALD.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1881.

ABOUT MAHONE.

[From the Abbeville (S. C.) Medium (Dem.)]

William Mahone, the distinguished United States Senator from Virginia, voted with the Republicans in the organization of the Senate. The newspapers are in a terrible commotion about the matter. We publish elsewhere a number of extracts to show what a hubbub has been stirred up.

The claim that Mahone owes anything to the Democrats is absurd. He has been vilified and slandered by them ever since he had the temerity to assert himself against the "ring" Democrats of Virginia. In that State, just as it is in this, there exists a class of men who cannot make a living in any of the usual trades or professions. Before the war this crowd lived, without work, from what their negroes made. When the war started they sought safety by joining the "City Battalion" of Richmond, or the cavalry commands of W. H. F. Lee or Gen. Ingham. After the surrender they levied tribute upon the country through a wild cat Express Company. Then they kept up an outward show of decency by robbing the country through the Piedmont and Arlington Insurance Company. Years ago Virginia very foolishly entered upon a system of internal improvements and incurred a bonded debt of about \$33,000,000. The Kanawha or Pan Handle is inhabited by a set of traitors who got out of fighting in the war by securing bomb-proof positions with the blue-bellied Yankees upon a pretence of loyalty to the "old flag." Thad Stevens and his fellow conspirators fixed up a plan and made the Pan Handle into a new State called West Virginia. This took about one-third of the taxable property of the Old Dominion away from her. When the war ended the West Virginians thought they ought to make something out of their pretended loyalty and refused to pay any part of this old Virginia debt. The Express Company broke all to pieces in a very short time. This threw the "ring" men on their backs. They were too proud to work and afraid to steal in the common way. They, however, had no conscientious scruples against plundering the people under the disguise of legal forms.

This is how we understand the matter now. The pretended Democrats who assailed Mahone for years because he would not join hands with the plunderers of his own State are the same as those who now denounce him. He can well afford to look with contempt upon all their railings.

But, for the sake of argument, admit that Mahone is under obligations to the Democratic party, and was elected by it,—has he done any more than others who have been upheld? How does it happen that this one solitary vote is of such importance? Who voted to keep Kellogg in his seat? Wasn't it reputed Democrats? If Mahone is to be held to his duty, why not make others equally responsible? Didn't Lamar go back on his party on the "Silver Bill"? Hasn't Bayard voted with the Radicals nearly every time on money questions? If Mahone is to be held out, let us do the same for those pretended Democrats who vote with the party when it suits their own convenience? "Fair play is a jewel."

GENERAL REQUESTS.

[Charleston Courier.]

The real estate belonging to the late Miss Maria T. McHugh was sold at auction Friday, realizing the sum of \$20,435. The entire estate of the lady is valued at about \$35,000, the bulk of which is left to four of the Catholic churches in this city. During her lifetime she gave about \$6,000 in real estate for the establishment of a Catholic hospital to be called St. Xavier's. In her will about \$15,000 is given in annuities to her relatives, and the rest of the estate, estimated at from \$18,000 to \$20,000 is left to the residuary legatees, who are: 1, St. Xavier's Hospital; 2, vestry of Cathedral Chapel; 3, vestry of St. Patrick's Church; 5, vestry of St. Peter's Church. Each one of the legatees will receive about \$3,000.

ACCIDENT TO REV. DR. DIX.

The Rev. Dr. Morgan Dix, rector of Trinity Church, New York, is confined to his bed by a severe sprain of the right ankle. On Tuesday last he went with friends to Long Beach, with a view of securing accommodations for the summer. In walking through the new hotel he slipped on the polished floor and fell heavily. His right ankle was twisted under him and partly dislocated. Dr. Dix was raised up, but was unable to put his foot on the ground. The ankle swelled greatly, and he suffered much pain. With the assistance of a cane and a friend's arm he got back to the city. He at once took to his bed, and his doctor says there is little prospect of his leaving it for two or three weeks.

BANK OF ENGLAND—HOW THE GREAT MACHINES IS MANAGED.

[From the Richmond State.]

A banquet given by the Lord Mayor of London to the directors of the Bank of England on the evening of February 28, Mr. Birch, the governor of the bank made some interesting remarks on the management of the bank. The business transacted by the Bank of England had no parallel with that of any other establishment in the world, inasmuch as combined with an ordinary banking business the management of the national debt and the issue and payment of the greater portion of the note circulation of the country. Some idea of the magnitude of that work might be formed when he told them that there were no less than 236,500 accounts open in the public funds; that the number of bank notes issued during the last year was above 15,250,000, representing a sum of \$338,600,000, and a similar amount canceled, an accurate register of each operation being kept, so that any note paid into the bank during the last five years could be produced within a minute or two, with information as to the channel through which it had found its way back to the bank, although the register represented 77,000,000 notes, stored away in 14,500 boxes. It is estimated that these notes would extend to 12,500 miles. It was generally thought that the bank was extravagant in canceling the notes which came in, but the matter had been well considered, and it was calculated that if they were to keep a register of the notes in the way it was the custom of the bank to do, the system they followed was the cheapest. The last four years had not been without moments of anxiety to the banking world, and the autumn of 1878 must be fresh in the memory of most of them. The Bank of England was in a very satisfactory position at the time, and the knowledge that they could lend a hand to outrage credit in case of need might not have been without its influence. From the position he had occupied he naturally watched with anxiety the crisis produced by the failure of the City of Glasgow Bank, and he could but congratulate the banking community in general upon the admirable manner in which they had weathered the storm.

FRANK J. WRIGHT NOT A VICTIM OF LYNDERS.

[Washington Star.]

It was stated in yesterday's Star that friends in this city of Mr. Frank J. Wright, recently a member of the bar here, and who left Washington last May for the West did not credit the sad news of his death by violence at the hands of so-called vigilance committee in Colorado. Rev. Dr. David Wilson, formerly pastor of the Ninth-street M. P. church here but now a chaplain in the United States army and stationed in Colorado, heard that young Wright had purchased two mules and started to the mining districts; that the mules proved to be stolen, and the owners, forming themselves into a vigilance committee, followed him, and notwithstanding Mr. Wright assured them he did not know they were stolen when he purchased them, had hanged both him and his servant to a tree and there left them. The only thing that gave a ray of hope to the family was the fact that a letter had been received from the postmaster at Hancock, Col., in January stating that Frank Wright was there on 11th of November, which time dated after the supposed lynching; that he had sold a part of his mining claim to a man who had accompanied him to Alpine, paid him the money and left him, and that was the last time he was seen alive by any friends. The following telegram from the missing man is printed in the Baltimore Gazette this morning: "Silver City, N. M., March 14, 1881.—To Isaac Wright: Read to my horror an account of my death in the New York Herald. Arrived here after perilous adventure. "FRANK."

VENOR'S PROBABILITIES FOR APRIL.

[Richmond State.]

Henry G. Vennor, the Canadian weather prophet, makes the following weather predictions for April: "There will be a sharp frost in the beginning of April, with a snowfall on the 4th or 5th, but the spring will open favorably, and everything will be pretty well advanced by April 15. Floods may be expected in April, high winds also prevailing in the early part of the month. Snowfalls are probable about April 5. Navigation is likely to open on Lake Ontario about April 7.

"The St. Lawrence will be open about the 9th or 11th, and the first steamship will probably arrive about the 17 or 18th. The weather will be very stormy in the lower provinces about the 20th, with very high water prevailing, but in the West April will be a dry month. There will be warm weather just following the 20th, ending in thunder storms on the 24th and 25th. Snow storms are probable in the far West on the 25th and 26th, and snowfalls are not unlikely to occur in England at the close of the month. The month will end wet and cold, but, on the whole, will be like a May month."

A VICTORY FOR RICHMOND.

[From the Richmond State.]

Saturday evening 26th ult. the authorities of the Richmond and Danville railroad completed the lease of the Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line railroad. The Atlanta and Charlotte road is 209 miles in length and extends from Charlotte through South Carolina to Atlanta, Ga., making connection with the Richmond and Danville road at Charlotte. For this line both the Richmond and Danville and Baltimore and Ohio companies have been competing. It was understood that the Baltimore and Ohio intended to extend the Midland road from Danville to Charlotte, and to look for consolidation with Atlanta and Charlotte, in which event Baltimore would have been a most formidable rival of Richmond for the great southern trade. At the annual meeting of stockholders, on the 9th of this month, the Richmond and Danville offered to lease the Air-Line, guaranteeing the interest upon all its bonds and 5 per cent. dividend upon its stock, payable in scrip for five years, and after five years in cash; also, to spend \$100,000 per annum over and above earnings in improving and equipping the road for ten years. This proposition was declined. Since then various negotiations have been pending and on Friday a direct proposition was made by the Air-Line directors to lease the road to the Richmond and Danville upon the terms above mentioned, except that the 5 per cent. dividend on stock should be paid in cash and \$500,000 security put up as a guarantee that the terms would be complied with. Saturday the 26th ult., the Richmond and Danville company accepted this offer. At 4 p. m. the stockholders met, and Mr. Garrett, representing the Baltimore and Ohio company, appeared in person and proposed to lease the Air-Line upon the terms offered by the Richmond and Danville company, raising their bid to 6 per cent. dividend on the stock. The contract being already closed, he was informed that his bid came too late.

A NEW RAILWAY SCHEME.

[A dispatch from Fayetteville, N. C., to the New York Herald says:]

"Quite a ripple of excitement was created here Friday by the appearance on our streets of Mr. L. W. Humphrey, a former railroad president in this State, who was understood to represent Jay Gould, and was said to be negotiating for the purchase of the Fayetteville and Florence Railroad. Rumor says that Gould proposes to build a road from Norfolk, Va., via Fayetteville to Florence. Should such a road be consummated it is said this would give Gould the shortest and most direct through railroad route from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which line will run through the whole cotton belt, with a direct outlet to Europe at Norfolk. There is a charter for the Fayetteville and Norfolk Railroad, grading on which was done eight or nine years ago from Fayetteville to Shoe Heel, on the Carolina Central road. Mr. McKean, of this city, is the president of the road. There is also a charter for a road from Fayetteville to Goldsboro', and another from thence to the Virginia State line in the direction of and in an air line with Norfolk. There two charters were consolidated by the North Carolina Legislature last winter. Mr. Humphrey says that money has been raised to build the road from Florence to the Virginia line, but whether he really represents Gould or has succeeded in his negotiations has not been divulged."

HUGGED TO DEATH.

[From the Keokuk (Iowa) Gate City.]

About 10 o'clock last night the family of John J. Rail, living two miles east of this city, was thrown into intense excitement and despair by the sudden death of an only daughter, Miss Minnie Rail, 16 years of age. The young lady was in the parlor at the time in company with Charles Gray, her affianced. It seems from the statement of Mr. Gray, which was given with broken sobs and tears, that the two were seated on a lounge and he was urging her to name an early day for their wedding. The girl was coy and bashful and hesitated about it. But the lover was importunate, and sought in every way to induce a compliance with his wishes. At last she consented, saying: "I will marry you in April." In the excitement and joy of the moment Mr. Gray threw his arms around her waist and drew her to him with a quick, passionate embrace. He was not conscious of exerting unusual strength, and does not believe he did. But the girl gave a short, sharp scream, and, exclaiming "Oh! Charlie, I'm gone!" fell dead in his arms, her head resting on his shoulder. His frantic cries alarmed the family, who came rushing into the room to find the pitiful sight of the dead girl lying pale and inanimate in her lover's arms. A messenger was dispatched post-haste for Dr. Hale, who arrived within an hour. But nothing could be done. The young lady was beyond all human aid. It is the opinion of the physician that heart disease was the immediate cause of the girl's death. She was frail and had long complained of trouble with her heart. The excitement incident to her conversation with her lover had probably superinduced the attack which led to her premature death. Naturally the family are overwhelmed with grief, and young Gray is almost beside himself with horror and despair. Miss Minnie was a very handsome young lady, and was well known in the society circles of this city. She was extremely delicate and possessed a slender frame which succumbed to the slightest attacks of ill-health.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT NORFOLK, VA.

[Norfolk, Va., March 27.—]

To night about seven o'clock a most destructive fire broke out amongst the cotton stored in the store room of the Virginia Compress Works, on the Boston steamship wharf, and soon the whole establishment, together with eight hundred or a thousand bales of cotton, was destroyed. A gale of wind was blowing and all the property adjacent, including the officers of the coal yards and docks went with the Compress works. Across the street, on Main street, a brick block belonging to Major Edward Bradford was destroyed. The roofs of the Atlantic Hotel and the various residences between Granby street and the wharf, and on Main street as far up as the Landmark office, were on fire from the sparks, but were saved through the exertions of the firemen and others. The shipping near was more or less injured, but hauled out in time to escape destruction. The docks of the Boston Steamship Company were considerably damaged. The loss will be very severe, probably over \$100,000. The property is generally insured. The Compress Works belonged mostly to a New York company, and were erected at a cost of \$75,000. The losses are stated as follows: Harway's compress and cotton shed \$38,000; 800 bales of cotton belonging to the Greek cotton house of Kalli Bros., \$40,000; 150 bales of cotton belonging to the Greek cotton shipper Negroponte, \$7,500, and damage to the Boston Wharf and Warehouse Company's wharf, \$2,000.

The State of Mass., forbids pigeon shooting within its borders.

THE CLEAN NEWSPAPERS.

[Boston Herald.]

There is a growing feeling in every healthy community against the journals who make it their special object to minister to perverted taste by seeking out and serving up in a seductive form disgusting scandals and licentious revelations. There is good reason to believe that the clean newspaper is more highly prized today than it was four or five years ago. It is also safe to predict that, as people in all ranks of life who wish to protect their own at least from contamination, become more conscious of the pernicious influence of a certain class of journals, called "enterprising" because they are ambitious to serve up dirty scandals, they will be careful to see that the journal they permit to be read in the family circle are of the class that never forget the proprieties of life. Already men and women of refinement and healthy morals have had their attention called to the pernicious influence of bad literature, and have made commendable efforts to counteract the same by causing the sound literature to be published and sold at popular prices. These efforts are working a silent but sure revolution. The best authors are more generally read to-day than at any previous time. The sickly sentimental story paper, and the wildly rager and pirate story book, are slowly yielding the field to worthier claimants. To the praise of the decent newspaper it may be said, that where it has a place in the family, and has been read for years by young and old, it has developed such a healthy tone and such a discriminating taste that the literature of the slums has no admirers. Fortunately, the number of such families is increasing in the land, and as they increase the journal that devotes itself to sickening revelations of immorality will be compelled to find its supporters solely among those classes that practice vice or crime, or are ambitious to learn to follow such ways.

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CHAS. HARRIS, PROP. FORMERLY OF BALTIMORE, MD.

Having leased the above-named Hotel, I respectfully invite my friends and the traveling public, to give me a call, and I promise to do all in my power to make their stay comfortable and pleasant. may13-4t. CHAS. HARRIS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

MARION, VIRGINIA.

J. C. DAIKST, Proprietor.

The proprietor of this hotel desires to say that it is his design to keep a first-class house, and that his rates will be as liberal as possible. Hereafter the following rates will be strictly adhered to—no exceptions. Board day per \$1.50, per week \$7.—Single meals 40c, lodging 30c. Horses single feed 25c, per day 50c. I will keep my stable well supplied with feed. A 29th 6m. J. C. DAIKST.

ST. JAMES HOTEL.

Opposite Capital Square

Corner Twelfth and Bank Streets.

Richmond, Virginia.

TERMS PER DAY, \$2.00.

This house is most centrally located, being within three squares of either of the Depots Tobacco exchange or Warehouses.

First-class Table and Rooms.

A. B. MOORE, Proprietor.

Formerly St. Charles & Capitol Hotels. Jan 23 is

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COMMISSION MERCHANT,

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I feel assured I can give satisfaction to all who may entrust me with their patronage.

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[Successor to Cyrus Fisher.]

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Fishing Tackle,

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Offers to the trade a full line of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs.

Purveyors and Fancy Articles a specialty. Merchants are respectfully requested to examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as I propose to sell, as low as the lowest. Price lists sent promptly on application. I mean business. mch24y W. A. STROTHER.

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Are now pronounced by all Railroad, Expressmen and Business men generally to be the most Reliable Time-keepers in use. We have laid in since the 1st January '81 one of the largest and most complete assortments in

GOLD AND SILVER

Cases ever offered by any house in this State, and by buying in large quantities direct from Headquarters, we are enabled and guarantee to sell them as low as they can be bought anywhere in the United States. Send your orders to

H. SILVERTHORNTON, 134 Main St. Lynchburg, Va., when you want either Gold or Silver

WATCHES.

ap22-1y

A. G. PENDLETON

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW MARION, VIRG. INTA Will practice in the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Grayson, Tazewell and Washington counties.

ROBERT A. RICHARDSON

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW MARION, VIRGINIA. Practices in the courts of Smyth, Wythe, Grayson and Tazewell, and the Supreme Court of Appeals, at Wytheville. may 17 6

FRANK T. BAHR

AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, ABINGDON, VA. Will practice in the Courts of Smyth Co. Prompt attention will be given to all business entrusted to him. sept3t

WHITE & BUCHANAN, G. W. RICHARDSON

ABINGDON, VA. MARION, VA. WHITE & BUCHANAN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, MARION, VIRGINIA. Will practice in the Courts of Smyth and adjoining counties. Prompt attention to business. m31ts

R. E. LINDAHOOD

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, WYTHEVILLE, VA. Will attend the courts of Smyth County regularly, and give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. He practices in the courts of Wythe and the adjoining counties. ap22ts

GILMORE & PENN.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, MARION, SMYTH CO., VA. Will practice in the courts of the counties of Smyth, Wythe, Washington and Grayson, in the Federal Courts, at Abingdon, and the Court of Appeals at Wytheville. feb 10 y

CROCKETT & BLAIR, D. C. MILLER,

WYTHEVILLE, VA. MARION, VA. CROCKETT & BLAIR, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, MARION, VIRGINIA. Will practice in the Circuit courts of Smyth, also in the Federal Court, and Court of Appeals when the cause arises in said county. D. C. MILLER will also practice in the county and circuit courts of Washington, and Grayson counties. Office on Reservoir Avenue, one door south of the Sprinkle Corner. ap19y

W. L. YOST, D. S. PIERCE,

Late of Scotland, Va. Late of Terry Pierce. YOST & PIERCE, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, WYTHEVILLE, VIRGINIA. Practice in the Court of Appeals of Va., at Wytheville, the U. S. District Court, and Abingdon and all the County and Circuit courts of Smyth, Abingdon and Pulaski. Claims collected in the counties of Roanoke, Craig, Montgomery, Floyd, Carroll, Giles, Grayson, Washington, Tazewell, Blaine, Lee, Scott and Wise. Office opposite Smith's Bakery. mh2178ts

RENTING OF VALUABLE LAND!

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Smyth county, Virginia rendered in the cause of W. A. Stuart & al., vs. Robert Goolsby on the 23d day of April 1880, I will rent to the highest bidder on the 1st day of April next, at the above County Court of said county at the front door of the Court-house in Marion, the land of the said Robert Goolsby in the bill mentioned, lying three miles west of the town of Marion on the McAdam road. The renting will be for so long a time, not exceeding five years, as will be necessary to pay the debt, interest and costs in the above mentioned cause, and the parties renting will be required to pay cash to settle the costs and commission, and to give bond with good security for the rent payable at the end of each rental year. The terms of sale must be complied with as soon as the property is knocked off. Jno. P. SHEFFEY, Commissioner. March 17, '81—4w

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

A. M. & O. R. STOCK.

As Commissioner appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Smyth county, at a meeting of said Board held on the 28th day of March, 1881, I shall on the 25th day of April 1881, in front of the Court-house at Marion, proceed to sell to the highest bidder Two Hundred Shares of the Atlantic, Mississippi & Ohio railroad stock which is held and owned by the said county.

Terms of Sale, CASH.

This stock was issued in lieu of stock held by this county in the Va. & Tenn. Road. G. H. FIDGEE, Commissioner. m23 4w

P. J. GREGORY,

MANUFACTURER OF FASHIONABLE

BOOTS AND SHOES,

MARION, VA.

Twenty-two years in the town of Marion and to-day my custom is as good as it was at the end of the first year. Just think of this. Is not that square dealing with all mankind? See what the late James W. Sheffey said of my work during his lifetime: Marion, Va. April 18, 1874.—I acknowledge the receipt of a very elegant pair of boots from P. J. Gregory, of Marion, Va. The material is of the best quality, and the fit comfortable, and the workmanship and style superior to any boots I have ever worn. I do not think that for neatness and elegance as well as durability they can be excelled by the best Northern manufacturer. I am glad to see our mechanics and manufacturers striving to make Marion, Va. a manufacturing town of considerable importance. JAMES W. SHEFFEY. Oct. 24, 1880.

J. H. FRANCIS

FASHIONABLE TAILOR

MARION, VA.

Returns thanks to his many friends for their patronage, and solicits a continuance of same. All work made in his establishment guaranteed, both in workmanship and style, to give satisfaction. Careful attention given to cutting work for ladies to make. Prices fair. Give him a call. Slopone door east of Mury's. may 17 6

ATLANTIC, MISS. & OHIO R. R.

Condensed Time Table

IN EFFECT

MAY 10, 1880.

GOING WEST	GOING EAST
6:52am leave Norfolk	arrive 10:15pm
7:12am leave Suffolk	leave 9:25pm
9:30am leave Petersburg	leave 7:15pm
11:41am leave Burkville	leave 4:48pm
12:20pm leave Farmville	leave 4:01pm
12:30pm (dinner) Lynchburg	leave 1:55pm
2:50pm leave Lynchburg	arrive 11:17pm
5:05pm leave Salem	leave 10:35am
6:12pm (supper) Christiansburg	leave 8:56am
8:15pm leave Wytheville, (

THE PATRIOT AND HERALD.

WILLIAM C. PENDELTON, Editor and Proprietor.

THE PATRIOT AND HERALD is published every Thursday morning at Marion, Va., or \$2.00 per annum, and \$1.00 for six months, post paid.

Remittances should be made by Registered Letter, Postoffice Money Order, or Check or Draft.

Table with 2 columns: Rate and Length. Includes rows for 1 inch, 2 inches, 3 inches, 4 inches, 5 inches, 6 inches, 7 inches, 8 inches, 9 inches, 10 inches, 11 inches, 12 inches.

Special Notices, 50 per cent. additional. Marriage Notices will be charged for at our regular advertising rates.

All nominations and announcements for office and all communications of a personal character, will be charged for at our regular advertising rates.

Money for advertisements due after the first insertion, in all cases. All Obituary Notices over two inches, will be charged one half the above rates.

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1881.

FROM all parts of the country cold, rain and snow are reported.

THE sale of the A. M. & O. R. R. was confirmed by Judge BOND yesterday.

THE editor of this paper is absent in the Eastern Cities on business—this accounts for the scarcity of original matter in this issue.

LAST week we promised our readers to publish the speech of Gen. MAHONEY; but its length forbids us complying with our promise. We are sorry that we cannot lay this masterly production before our readers.

A Dollar a Word.

The London correspondent of the New York World, Mr. Jennings, comments upon the introduction of the American editorial paragraph into the London press, from which it promises in time to drive the elaborate "leading article" of the past. In this connection it is interesting to find the London Telegraph quoting as the shortest leading notice ever published, and the most remunerative to the writer, an editorial written for a New York paper a quarter of a century ago by the late William North. Mr. North was asked to supply the journal in question with an "editorial" calculated to indict the maximum amount of damage upon the temperance agitation. "About what length do you wish the article to be?" inquired Mr. North. "The shorter the better so it is to the point. Here is \$20; quality, not quantity, is what I want and what you can give me." North sat down and wrote the following: "We had rather see the whole world drunk of its own free will than one man kept sober by compulsion." This duly appeared next day as first editorial in the paper, its author being paid for it at the rate of a dollar per word. It is just now quoted with much emphasis by the Liberal and progressive organs of public opinion in Germany, apropos of the bill for the repression of inebriety about to be laid before the Reichstag by Prince Bismarck.

The Washington Post notes the arrival at the Smithsonian Institution of the "stone baby" recently found in Arkansas. It was found near Bureka Springs, about four feet below the surface of the earth, while digging a well. The image is evidently intended to represent an infant, and is about twenty-six inches in length and weighs eighty-five pounds. It is made of blue limestone, and is cut very skillfully, the proportions of the human body being maintained very exactly. The microscope, however, shows no traces of tools. The hand, which is crossed on the breast has very long fingers, and resembles the hand of a monkey. When discovered it was enclosed in a composition of blue clay, calcareous marl with carbonate of lime. It was brought to Washington by Mr. W. C. Renfrow, of Russellville, Arkansas, who wished to have scientists determine, if possible, by whom it had been made. It has proved a perfect puzzle to the scientific men at the Smithsonian, and Mr. Renfrow proposes to take it to the Academy at Philadelphia. The supposition is that it is the work of some ancient race of people, probably the ancient Aztecs of Mexico, who left it there in their progress towards the South.

Heroes as are Heroes.

The late Mr. Thackeray had a story, which he was wont to tell with great enjoyment, of a novelist whose first manuscript was sent back by the publisher's reader with a hint that it would be well if he would give every character a step or two in rank. The country squire was to be turned into a wealthy baronet; the knight into a mushroom peer, emobled for his wealth; the earl was to become a duke; and the mysterious artist an illegitimate scion of royalty. The scheme was adopted; the novel succeeded, and its author, who has since largely contributed to the revenues of the trunkmaker and the butterman, never afterward introduced a character into his stories of less rank than a captain in the Guards.

Comments on the Acquittal of Young Kulloch.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 25.—The Chronicle treats the verdict in the Kulloch case very briefly this morning, to the effect that the jury preferred the testimony of perjured and characterless witnesses to that of reputable citizens, and that the verdict is a blot on the fair fame of California. The Call considers that the verdict was rendered on general principles, the jury permitting occurrences previous to the shooting of DeYoung to influence its decision, and that the methods and character of journalism which have caused so much scandal in the city were condemned when Kulloch was acquitted. The Alta, while reviewing the history of the case, forbears making any comment on the verdict at present, but deprecates the street scenes following the acquittal, and hopes the whole affair will be relegated to the dead past. The Examiner is silent on the subject. The Bulletin's article tacitly assumes that the verdict was not in accordance with the evidence and that extenuating circumstances should have been made the ground for executive clemency rather than acquittal. The Post considers the verdict contrary to the preponderance of trustworthy evidence, denies that the question of personal journalism figured in the case, and denounces the demonstration following the acquittal, and holds the result an assault upon the foundation of social order.

Farmers often complain that their occupation is unaccompanied with the pleasures incident to other pursuits, more especially those carried on in cities and other large towns. They affirm that their work is exceedingly hard, monotonous and confining. They are often inclined to speak of it as consisting in nothing but toilsome drudgery. They declare that they become tired of the continual sight of the same fields, pastures and trees, and grow weary of the same round of duties now, in point of fact farming, and the kindred pursuits, gardening, fruit culture and stock raising, are almost the only kinds of profitable employments that a man ever engages in with the expectation of deriving any great amount of pleasure. No man drives the team attached to a horse-car, handles the sails of a schooner, digs coal in a dark mine, attaches shoes to the feet of a kicking mule, digs sewers in the streets of a great city, carries bricks mortar for masons, keeps books for a great mercantile firm, receives and pays out money at a bank, or practices law "just for the fun of the thing." Still a very large number of persons annually engage in farming, gardening, stock and poultry raising chiefly if not entirely, for the pleasure obtained from the employment. A very large proportion of mechanics, traders and professional men who have the means, own and cultivate farms and gardens, or raise some kind of animals or fowls. Many large capitalists engage in agriculture or horticulture for the pleasure they afford. This number of amateur farmers in the country is large. There are however, no amateur blacksmiths, miners, sailors, accountants or dentists. An occupation in which persons engage for pleasure cannot be a very disagreeable one. So far from being monotonous, the occupation of the farmer presents the greatest varieties of labor.—Lynchburg Virginian.

Bismarck has a salary of \$15,000 as Chancellor of the German empire. He also has twelve horses in his stables. Pursuant to a recent law, a tax of about ten cents for each of the horses, was levied upon him, the total amount of the assessment being a trifle over a dollar. He returned a protest against the tax on the ground that he owned only ten horses. The number of horses for which he had been assessed had been furnished by his own employees. His demand for a reduction was denied. This incident was not unlike one that had happened before. Bismarck's house had been assessed by the municipal authorities at \$5,000 and a tax of \$150 had been imposed upon it. He entered a protest against the valuation of the property, at the same time accusing the officials by whom it had been made of partiality and hostile discrimination against reasons of political enmity. This charge has been indignantly repelled, and the payment of the tax enforced. Bismarck was evidently yet smarting under the house tax controversy when the horse tax was imposed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2.—The chief signal officer furnishes the following bulletin: The storm which was central in the Middle and East Atlantic coasts during Thursday and Friday, has moved to the northeastward of Halifax and has been followed on the Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida, by brisk and high northwest winds, and colder and partly cloudy weather. The temperature continues from 10 to 25 degrees below mean in the districts of Mississippi and it is below freezing at Montgomery, Atlanta, Augusta, Charles on, Vicksburg and thence northeastward to New England. The indications are that fair and warmer weather will prevail on Sunday in the districts on the Atlantic coast from Maine to Alabama, and Florida with winds gradually diminishing in force. The temperature will rise in the lake region and thence southwestward to Texas during Sunday.

Fatal Explosion.

NORFOLK, April 2.—At half-past 7 o'clock this morning, while the mill workmen were assembled in the furnace room of Booth, Carnon & Co's steam saw mill, at Berkeley, a suburb of this city, an explosion occurred with fatal results. Five men were scalded to death instantly, two probably fatally injured, and three severely though not necessarily fatally injured. The cause of explosion is not known, but it is thought to have been from a patch on the boiler and the bursting of a pipe from the donkey engine. An investigation will be made immediately.

Earthquake.

CENSTANTINOPLE, April 4th.—A strong shock of an earthquake at Ohio, in the island of that name, yesterday destroyed many houses and seriously damaged nearly all which were left standing. Later details say that many of the inhabitants were killed and the remainder are encamped in the fields. Many neighboring villages destroyed. During the panic which ensued, the eastern telegraph company's office was pillaged. The shocks were also felt in the island of Syria and at Smyrna, but no damage is reported.

It is said that during a hail-storm in Geneva on January 19, Professor Colladon observed that the hailstones repelled each other as they fell, and that after lying quiet for a moment or two on the ground, bounded about like the electric hail experiment of Newton with pith-balls.

Policy of the New Czar.

LONDON, March 26.—The Times Paris dispatch says: The Revue Politique will contain Saturday (today) an article on Alexander III, written by a Russian of high position, who is intimately acquainted with the Czar's ideas and character. The writer says the new Czar will take up the following measures: Great reduction in pensions; payments for land; thorough remodeling of taxation; facilities for migration from one province to another; passport facilities, and the establishment of rural banks, thus putting down the petty usurers. The writer fore shadows the arrest of the Russian advance in Central Asia and resistance to Pan Slavism, and dwells on the Czar's thoroughly Russian sentiments, his love for the peasantry, and detestation of administrative corruption. The Czar will do his utmost to improve the situation of the clergy, giving greater freedom to the old believers. All concessions towards granting a constitution will be confined to the allowance of greater latitude of provincial administration. The Czar will consent to let the country share in the management of affairs to a certain limit and extent. He will only grant a simple meeting of deputies with a mere consultative vote on a fixed subject. He probably will not depart from the system of liberal ordinances in regard to the freedom of the press, judicial reform, popular instruction, and the abolition of administrative exile. He may grant favor without appearing to acknowledge a right. Abroad he will maintain a peaceful, almost reserved, policy. He will strive to maintain good relations with Germany, towards whom his attitude will be sensibly the same as was that of his father. France will enjoy more marked sympathy. The relations with Austria have the appearance of distrust. In any case the triple alliance will not be seen again. The relations with England will be more cordial, probably on account of the Czar's warm friendship for the Prince of Wales.

The Tennessee Debt Bill Defeated.

NASHVILLE, April 1.—House bill No. 600, known as the "One Hundred and Three bill, to Settle the State Debt" failed in the Senate today by a vote of 13 to 12. The result was a great surprise to almost every one here, as it was confidently believed last night that the bill would pass. A motion was entered to reconsider the vote rejecting the bill, and this is the only hope the friends of the bill have for its final passage. Two Republicans (Taylor and Hill) and two State Credit Democrats (Daniel and Tillman) and all the Low Tax Democrats voted against the bill. Daniels, before the vote was taken, offered to amend by substituting his Fifty-four bill, which was lost by a vote of 14 to 11. There is much speculation here to night concerning the motion to reconsider, action on which was postponed. It will not likely come up before next Monday.

Lord Beaconsfield's Condition.

LONDON, April 1.—Lord Beaconsfield passed a somewhat quieter night. Dr. Kidd considers his symptoms as slightly improved, and says that, though there is still much to contend with, the crisis in his illness is past. He is able to take nourishment readily. He has had a very refreshing sleep, and there is every hope for his recovery. He has again slept well and has taken refreshment several times. The great requisite now is rest.

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A GRIM STORY OF SENATOR WILLIAMS.

Gen. Grant is quoted by the Lexington Transcript as telling a rather grimly funny story concerning Gen. Cerro Gordo Williams, now a United States Senator from Kentucky. He said that when he and Williams were in Mexico they were on one occasion, after the surrender of the city, on a frolic, and that Williams had a fine thoroughbred Kentucky mare, and he (Grant) an Indian pony, which they were running at full speed down the street. He met a Mexican who had a pole across his shoulder with a jug on each end of it, a common style of carrying water in that country; that Williams ran against the jug and knocked the man down with great violence. Grant said he looked back and noticed that a crowd had gathered around the fallen man, and rode back to see what was the matter, when he found the man was dead. Grant adds that he never told Williams anything about it, because he knew it would make him feel uncomfortable, and he believed he did not intend to kill him, but we suppose he would admit that Gen. Williams took the chance on doing so that he might have a little innocent fun. This story, was told by a devoted admirer of General Grant as an instance of Grant's indisposition to make a man feel uncomfortable unnecessarily.

John McCullough closed last Saturday a very successful engagement at Memphis, Tenn. It was his last appearance in the United States as he departed from New York on Tuesday, on the steamship Arizona, for London, in which city he begins an engagement of four weeks at the Drury Lane Theater. He was called before the curtain at the end of the fourth act and made a speech announcing his departure.

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Gentlemen's Shirts, our own make, at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50 and \$1.25.

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AXLE GREASE.

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DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, PLATED WARE.

GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.

Watches repaired in the best manner. Hair Jewelry made to order

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HE INSURES GREAT BARGAINS IN EVERYTHING HE SELLS!

Just look at some of my prices—Suits from \$5 to \$18; Pants from \$1.25 to \$7.00; Vests \$1.25 to \$3.00; Linen and Alpaca Coats 75c to \$3; Dusters \$1 to 1.25.

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SPRING 1881

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Orders by mail solicited.

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ALEXANDER & CO.,

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have just received a

SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS

THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

WHY WE USE QUICK LIME UPON LAND.

All cultivated plants contain lime in their ashes, and is considered necessary to their proper growth. But as soils generally contain little lime, and we apply it for its action upon the soil, lime acts upon and greatly aids the decomposition of organic matter in the soil. It is thought to neutralize the organic acid contained in what are called "sour soils." In a complicated manner it aids in the fixing of ammonia. It also acts upon the inorganic or mineral constituents of the soil, and aids in converting them into forms in which they can be taken up by the plants, especially in liberating potash from its combinations. The effect of lime upon the mechanical condition of the soil is an important feature. Upon heavy clay soils, its effect is most marked; the particles lose their adhesiveness, and allow air and water to enter. These are the leading effects that follow the use of lime. In view of the claims made for ground, unburned limestone, it is an important question how far it can produce the above effects. That the unburned limestone will supply the demands of the plant for lime, that it may slowly neutralize organic acids, and help the mechanical texture of the soil, seems very probable. But that it will perform one of the most important offices, the decomposition of organic matter in the soil, and convert that into plant food seems improbable, because the ability of lime to do this depends in a great measure upon its avidity for carbonic acid, while limestone, being already a carbonate, has no need of more. That limestone cannot produce all the effects of lime is shown by the well-known fact that soils underlain by limestone, and naturally containing a large proportion of finely divided carbonate of lime, are as much benefited by the use of quick lime, as are soils deficient in limestone. The advertisements of limestone that we have seen make great use of the experiments of one person in Pennsylvania, who states that his yield of wheat, treated with ground limestone, was more than double that to which slaked lime had been applied. He also claims to have found it a much cheaper fertilizer than lime and bone dust, and more profitable than guano and superphosphate. These statements have been sent by several who ask our opinion. Our "opinion" is that we do not accept as final the results of any one experimenter, when they are in direct opposition to the accumulated evidence of those whose practice runs through many years. In nothing more easily than in agricultural experiments can an effect be ascribed to the wrong cause, and when we see the fertilizing value of ground limestone placed above guano or superphosphate, we do not accept it.

LOOK AFTER THE DRAINS.

In every house there is of this refuse material a large amount. On washing day many gallons, often barrels, of water in which our clothing has been washed, and containing the filth that the skin has thrown off during the week, must be disposed of. All through the week more or less dish water and dirty water from various sources accumulate. As a rule, it is thrown into a drain, which is perhaps covered only with a board, and carried only a few feet away, when it soaks into the soil, or spreads out on the ground and evaporates into the air. If the soil is pervious it may leak into it, and some of it eventually finds its way into the well. In the course of a short time these slops fill the soil full, a sort of fermentation takes place, and as the air is more or less excluded, most poisonous gases are generated. It is now positively known that many diseases have their origin in breathing these gases. It does not follow that they always cause disease, because the germs may not always be present, but they frequently do. Diphtheria, that scourge of both city and country, has been traced, time and again in the city to sewer gas passing into the house. In the country, where less attention is given to the cause of disease, the drain for slops is not always recognized as the source of diphtheria, but in many cases it has been proved to be so beyond the slightest doubt. —Herald of Health.

An apple, said to be a seedling of the Newtown pippin, is becoming extensively grown in portion of this State, particularly in Bucks, county. It is called the French pippin, and for keeping qualities, as well as for its excellent properties, is equaled by but few others. For several years past it has been sold in considerable quantities in our city markets, and meets with ready sale. This is the report of it, as we have not yet seen or tasted it.

This is the month when those troubled with a cough should go for a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and be cured at once.

JOHN A. BLOUNT, ARCHITECT AND BUILDER MARION, VIRGINIA.

I return my sincere thanks to my former patrons, and respectfully solicit the continued patronage of the public. I guarantee that all work entrusted to me will be promptly attended to, and executed in the WORKSMANLIKE manner. All kinds of work, fine or plain, done at short notice. Continued stairways a specialty. I will contract to furnish material for building houses &c., if desired.

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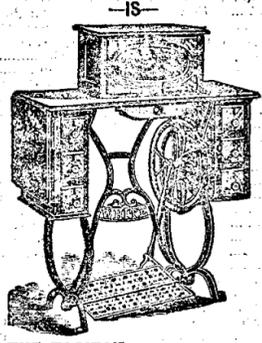
IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient tonic; especially Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc. Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. They act like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as Tasting the Food, Belching, Heaviness in the Stomach, Headaches, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headaches. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A. B. C. Book, 82 pp. of useful and amusing reading—sent free, on receipt of 6¢.

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The White Sewing Machine
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Machine on Market.

It has the Finest Finished Wood Work and IS THE BEST MADE



THE EASIEST THE BEST SATISFYING

ITS SHUTTLE is self-threading. ITS NEEDLE is self-acting.

Its Bobbin can be filled without removing work or attachments. So simply constructed and light running that a child can use it.

Warranted for Five Years.

I have a full line of Needles, Oil, Findings and Attachments for all machines. Machines repaired by the finest workmen in the South. General agent for East Tennessee for the Bazar-Glove fitting Patterns.

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A CHANGE!
THE OLD FIRM OF T. H. THURMON & CO., HAVING CHANGED HANDS EVERYBODY WISHING TO BUY

CHEAP GOODS
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FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, FAMILY GROCERIES, & LEATHER.

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Are now offered. Wishing to make room for a New and Elegant Stock I will sell FROM NOW TILL THE 1ST DAY OF JANUARY

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EQUAL TO ANY SPRING NOW IN USE!

This is without doubt the cheapest, best and most durable Spring ever offered to the public and is far superior to any bed in the market as a smooth Nicholson pavement is superior to the Corduroy road of our fathers. Some of the advantages of this Spring over all others are—1st It is clean, noiseless and strong. 2nd Each Spring is made of the best Bessemer Spring Steel, and having an individual strength of sixty pounds. 3rd The body rests so smoothly and evenly upon this Spring as a swan floats upon the water, and a light and heavy person sleeping in the same bed does not cause it to sag, as with slat or woven wire beds. 4th. This is the only Spring in the market that can be adjusted to any bed, and moved from one bed to another with the same ease that you can move ordinary slats. 5th It makes a smooth, even surface for the mattress to rest upon, with no ends to chafe and wear the mattress. 6th This bed we guarantee to be noiseless, elastic and adjustable; to be hard or soft at the will of the occupant (by simply adding or removing a few springs, which can be done in five minutes) and to fit the body, in all its parts and positions, and to give way under any strain, each spring being severely tested before sold. No backache on this bed. County and State rights for sale by

T. G. HANBERRY & CO., WYTHEVILLE, VA. References:—Having purchased and are now using the above Spring Bed, we cheerfully recommend it to our friends. Respectfully, E. L. Stanley, G. W. Ward, Jr., S. G. Keller, Chas. Harris, D. H. Rector, T. J. Warren, J. G. Kregar, T. N. Cobbs, Dr. D. T. Stone, Wm. H. Mitchell, L. T. Cosby, Jas. Fields, Ben. Jiggin, E. Ramsey, S. A. Jackson, Mrs. S. E. Byars, J. B. Hamilton, Jas. H. Hines, S. P. Withers, Prof. Buchanan, Jno. P. Clark, Jno. D. Hall, Mrs. Dr. White, J. K. Bambo, A. McBradley, Wm. H. White, Mr. Mitchell, W. H. Jenkins, Mrs. Minor, Mrs. Pink Allison, Wm. Ryburn, R. W. S. Bishop, Mrs. Dr. Wiley, Capt. H. C. Preston, Dick George, Sam Jones, S. D. Meek, Dr. Hufford, J. D. Cole, W. B. Mason, Van Edmondson, Jas. M. Byars, Dr. Baker, Wm. Baldwin, Jno. Rodgers, Dr. Sprinkle, Miss Mittie Davis, Wm. C. Pendleton, J. D. Wallace, J. D. Glover, H. V. Thompson. mh3 8m

This is a Big Advertise'nt And I Want to Do A LARGE BUSINESS

ATTENTION

Pause and Reflect

THE PEOPLE MUST KNOW WHAT I AM DOING AND INTEND TO DO FOR CASH FOR CASH

Is the way I sell!

VERY CHEAP GOODS IS THE RESULT. BARGAINS

I want to call attention to the following prices representing only a few of the many articles I am selling:

GROCERIES

The very best brown sugar, 10c per lb, first-class white sugar, 12c, best granulated sugar, 14c. These sugars are bought direct from sugar plantations in Louisiana and consequently contain no Glucose or Baryta. Best Rio coffees 15, 18 and 20 cents. All other groceries at correspondingly low prices.

DRY GOODS.

In this department I have a beautiful line of Prints which we can give you from 6¢ to 9 cents per yard. French Prints 11 to 12¢. Nice 3 Brocades at 11 cents, in all colors. Excellent 3 Cashmeres, in all colors, 16¢ cents. Best 3 Facettes at 22¢. These goods are from 5 to 10 cents less per yard than they can be bought elsewhere. I have a good line of Flannels, of all colors, varying from 25 to 45 cents per yd. A full line of Cassimeres, Jeans, bleached and unbleached Canton Flannels at great bargains. Waterproof Cloths, all qualities and colors, at prices to suit.

NOTIONS.

Plain-Silk, brocaded and gros grain Ribbons, Merino, and Lamb's wool under wear a fine assortment, for ladies and gentlemen. Men, women and children's Hosiery at reduced prices. A full line of ladies' Gloves, Cotton, Lisle, Silk and Kid—also of gentlemen's gloves, consisting of split Buck, Sheep and Dog skin, at prices to suit all. Laces Buttons, Spool Cotton, Braids, Dress Trimmings in great variety and at the lowest prices. Gentlemen's Linen Cuffs and Collars at from 81 to 83 per doz. Gentlemen's Laundered and Unlaundered Shirts at from 65 cents to \$2.50. Towels in great variety. Balmoral and Boulevard skirts, in all qualities from 50c to \$3. Silk, Linen and Muslin Handkerchiefs. Silk, Lace and Muslin Ties and Bows. A large lot of Fancy Articles too numerous to mention.

CLOTHING.

A nice line just as cheap as they can possibly be sold.

HATS AND CAPS—a large assortment for Men and Boys, varying from 15c to \$4.50.

HARDWARE,

Clinton's Horseshoe Nails at 20 cents per lb., by the box 18c. Nails at the lowest prices. Rim Door Knob Locks—we can beat the world in this line; can give you them from 35 cents up to \$1.50. Butts, Screws, Saws, Curry Combs, Coffee Mills and a full line of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

TIN WARE

Friends and Countrymen, look at the following figures and see if my prices are not lower than you ever dreamed of.

2 Quart Coffee Pot	16 cents	10 quart Dish Pan	30 cents	4 quart Oil Can	35 cents
3 " "	20 "	12 " "	12 "	" "	35 "
4 " "	25 "	16 " "	16 "	" "	40 "

All other Tin Ware correspondingly low.

QUEENSWARE, A Good Line.

MASON'S BLACKING a 5 cent box for 3 or a 10 cent box for 6.

Don't forget the facts I have stated and bring your Cash and good Produce to me, and remember that I have *all my goods marked down*, from beginning to end—not a single article to catch on. I'll take your Trade dollars for \$1 and your Mexican dollars for 90 cents.

A. C. HILL, AGENT, NEAR THE DEPOT MARION, SMYTH CO., VA.

December 13, '80 1 year

-SPRING- 1881.

154 REMOVAL 156

GUGGENHEIMER & CO.,
124-G MAIN STREET,
LYNCHBURG, VA.

We take pleasure in announcing that we have removed our Retail Department into our New, Commodious and conveniently arranged Establishment; and intend, with our increased accommodations, to carry a much larger variety of items and articles, as well as a much larger variety in all the lines we have kept. And as we shall not only aim to, but will do, a much larger business than heretofore, will be able to sell goods even lower.

We more we can scatter expenses upon a large amount of sales, the less is the percentage of the same. On that theory those large retail establishments in New York, whose expenses are apparently enormous, are not only maintained, but are enabled in many cases to make money, get rich, and still sell at a profit, at which a small Lynchburg establishment would starve. We assert as a fact that our percentage of expenses is much less than any other Dry Goods concern in the city, and we shall do our utmost to decrease them further, by enlarging our sales, and through the adoption of the same thorough system that all the large Houses of the East are forced to do.

We ask the patience and indulgence of our patrons, until they and our employees become familiar with our system, which we assure them is for their protection, as it avoids mistakes, secures one price to all and saves expense. We call especial attention to our New Dept's—namely

LADIES' UNDERWARE & HOSIERY

Our aim will be to handle in the former all qualities, from a garment at 25 cents to the very finest. Our cheapest will be as well made as the best, and we will

GARANTEE OUR PRICES TO BE AS LOW AS THE LARGEST EASTERN ESTABLISHMENTS WHO KEEP AS WELL MADE GOODS AS OURS.

This is no mere newspaper advertisement and talk; but we mean what we say, and only ask at least a look through the Department, ere your judgment is formed.

OUR HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

For Ladies, Misses, and Children, Gents and Boys, has never been equaled by any establishment South, and we believe that it cannot be excelled in the East. Our prices shall be lower than the lowest. Ere you form an opinion satisfy yourself.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shall have our especial care, and if we do not astonish the "boys" we shall be much mistaken—if you want a Tie, a Handkerchief, a Coat, a Shirt, a pair of Socks, &c., just look at ours ere you buy, and we will save you money and surprise you to see how much you have paid for similar things. Look before you leap.

We invite attention to a full line of NEW and HANDSOME SPRING DRESS GOODS, embracing entire New Styles.

We shall add in very more Fancy Goods, Jewelry, &c., but to complete an assortment of Merchandise as large and varied as ours requires time.

At an early day we will have an opening, which we intend to make the "affair" of the city.

GUGGENHEIMER & CO.
Sole Agents for Butterick's Paper Patterns. Fashion Catalogues now ready, and a full assortment of every Pattern in stock. feb21-81

JOSEPH COHN, THE CLOTHIER ALWAYS AHEAD! SPRING 1881.

New Goods, Nobby Styles and low prices, in MEN'S, YOUTH'S, and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. Specialities in fine Dress Shirts; only the best fabrics and best fitting Shirts on sale. The FEARLESS unbleached Shirt has no EQUAL on sale anywhere; every Shirt guaranteed fitted, lined and cut at \$1.00—Try one and you will buy no other. Try the Elite and 'All-ain'-All linen Collars, entirely new.

A complete and fine line of SPRING WOOLENS now on sale, and will be made to order in artistic style and at popular prices. An inspection respectfully solicited and prices fully guaranteed by

JOSEPH COHN,
Lynchburg's LEADING CLOTHIER and TAILOR.
Retail Floors, 118 Corner Store, Lynch Building.

Lynchburg's only Wholesale Clothing House: JOSEPH COHN, MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE CLOTHIER AND JOBBER OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. CONTRACTORS' AND MINERS' SUPPLIES A SPECIALITY.

Drying on Cash basis and from first hands only. I am prepared to duplicate bills as low as any Northern House will place them, on the same terms.

A trial order respectfully solicited by

JOSEPH COHN,
WHOLESALE FLOORS 116 LYNCH BUILDING.
Oct. 18, 79. LYNCHBURG, VA.

FURNITURE CARPETS MATTRESSES J. L. THOMPSON, THE FURNITURE MAN OF LYNCHBURG, VA.

66 MARKET STREET and 170 MAIN STREET.

I have leased for a term of five years the old stand of Polkes & Winston, 170 Main St. (opp Novel House) and put in a stock of Furniture. This, with my stock at 66 Market Street (my old stand) gives the largest and Best Selected Stock of Furniture ever offered by any house in this city. My stock is large and fashionable—bought under the most favorable circumstances—consequently I am prepared to offer inducements to buyers. I do not propose to compete with Lynchburg only, but guarantee to sell goods as cheap as you will buy in any market. I will take pleasure in comparing prices with other markets. You are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock and get my prices. Yours truly J. L. THOMPSON, The Furniture Man, LYNCHBURG, VA. ap27

JNO. P. PETTYJOHN, BUILDER.

Upper Basin, LYNCHBURG, VA.
Manufacturer of all kinds of BUILDING MATERIAL such as
SASH, BLINDS, DOORS, MOULDINGS, FLOORING, CEILING, Inside and Outside Trimmings and dressed Lumber of all kinds.

Estimates furnished at all times. We keep in stock the above Goods, and guarantee our prices to be as low as any in the city. Orders and enquiries promptly attended to. Respectfully,
JOHN P. PETTYJOHN.
ap28 Upper Basin, Lynchburg, Va.

MARION FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

We are prepared to furnish at short notice, all kinds of SAW AND GRIST MILL MACHINERY, TURBINE WATER WHEELS equal in power and economy of water to any made, and at a less price than Eastern Manufacturers. We are also making the best

CANE AND BARK MILLS, CORN CRUSHERS, CORN SHELLERS

HORSE POWERS, PREMIUM AND HILL SIDE PLOWS.

We are paying particular attention to our HOLLOW WARE, making it lighter and more durable than any in the market.

We will furnish merchants with any of our goods at Baltimore and Knoxville prices.

Luther & Goodell.
Marion, Va., June 4th, 1878.